# Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXXIV. PITTSBURGH, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1869. NUMBER 221.


# FIRST EDITION.

*MIDNIGHT.*

## NEWS BY CABLE.

**Disaffection and Disloyalty in Spain—Further from the Insurrection at Barcelona—Proposed Radical Demonstration in Madrid—Trouble Anticipated—"Spanish Pride" must not be Wounded—Mr. Gladstone and the Fenians—Jeff. Davis on his Way to the United States—Object of Lord Clarendon's Visit to Paris—Turkey and Egypt—London "Times" on the Cotton Question—Pere Hyacinthe to be Excommunicated—Eruption of Mount Ætna.**

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SPAIN.

LONDON, September 26.—The reports from Spain to-day are of an exciting, and even an alarming character. Popular disaffection and disloyalty in the existing government prevail very generally throughout the nation, and both have again been expressed in the shape of an armed counter-revolution. There was an insurrectionary demonstration made by the volunteer troops in Barcelona last night. It was occasioned by the receipt of the Government order commanding the volunteers to disarm, and an attempt on the part of the local authorities to enforce it. The fact that the volunteers of Tarragona, which refused to disarm previously were suffering imprisonment for the offence was made a cause for another excitement. In a short time five barricades, one built by the public cartmen, were thrown up. The cartmen' barricade was assaulted by the regular troops and carried by a bayonet charge, after a very desperate resistance on the part of its defenders and a heavy loss of life. During the engagement the insurgents had twenty-four men killed, a large number wounded, and seventy of their most active members made prisoners. The troops had two commissioned officers killed and several soldiers wounded. Order was subsequently restored.

A Radical Republican Democratic demonstration is announced to be made in Madrid during Wednesday the 20th inst. More trouble is anticipated on the occasion

A Paris correspondent of the London *Post* says: The interest in the Cuban matters is increasing at Paris, but the public must not expect to learn precisely the intercourse between Madrid and Washington. There is a difficult game to be played in order to avoid wounding Spanish pride.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, September 27.—Mr. Gladstone, in reply to a petition for the Fenians, promises to submit the petition to the Queen, but does not pledge the government to any particular action on the subject. He acknowledges the soundness of the judgment exhibited by the petitioners in attaching the true character to the offences committed.

Jefferson Davis sailed for America on Saturday in the steamer Baltimore.

The *Daily News* to-day reports that the object of Lord Clarendon's visit to Paris was to announce to Napoleon an arrangement between Austria, Prussia, Russia and England to preserve peace and check the contagion of revolution in France in case of the Emperor's death, but not to thwart German unity.

LONDON, Sept. 27.—The *Times* of to-day, in an article on the cotton question, says: If cotton is dear with its increased production, because of new spinning countries bidding against us, then the Liverpool quotations are unintelligible. If spinners not only carry off the raw material, but curtail the demands for our manufactures, the state of trade is unintelligible also. On these suppositions it is useless to cry for more and cheaper cotton. The evil arising only from the loss of the monopoly, the cotton demand is limited, and competitors diminish our share of the manufacture. We cannot discern that cotton at six cents per pound would bring trade back to England. We lost it by the loss of the raw material. But since then so many events have occurred affecting the great industry that it is necessary to distribute or apportion their several results in the state of things before us.

Brotherhood meetings have been held at Dublin, Roscommon and Cork, in favor of amnesty to the Fenians.

A meeting in support of tenant rights has been held at Maryborough.

The *Times* in an editorial on the relations of England and the United States says: The progress and result of the negotiations on the Puget Sound question show that Americans and Englishmen can keep sufficiently above the mists of national prejudices and apply the common principles of equity to the settlement of international disputes. The work was a trying one for the arbitrators. Any decision would have been satisfactory. The actual one is not unsatisfactory. The most agreeable feature of this negotiation is the judicial temper displayed by the gentlemen conducting the inquiry.

The San Juan and the Alabama difficulties are the only questions now left outstanding. These, if ever brought to arbitration at the same hands, could scarcely resist the anxiety to observe the terms of their commission by doing justice and equity without fear, favor or affection, for their own country which has distinguished the arbitration of this claim.

TURKEY.

CONSTANTINOPLE, September 25—*via French cable*.—The semi-official journal, *Turquia*, of this city, publishes in its issue to day, a violent article against the Viceroy of Egypt for his action in resisting the terms of arrangement with the Sultan embraced in the second letter transmitted to his highness by the Turkish Government through the Vizier; and also for his proposal to refer the whole subject matter in dispute to the arbitrament of the great European powers. The Grand Vizier's newspaper organ objects, in the name of the Sultan, to the propositions of the Viceroy, and insists on the complete acceptance of the second letter by the latter.

The *Turquia* concludes this editorial attack by recommending the Porte to at once dismiss Ismail Pasha and appoint Mustapha Tazil Pasha as Viceroy of Egypt.

FRANCE.

PARIS, September 27.—Reports from Rome state that the case of Pere Hyacynthe will be submitted to a Canonical investigation, which will probably result in his excommunication.

ITALY.

FLORENCE, September 27.—Mount Eatna is in a state of violent erruption. Streams of lava are pouring from the crater in the Val Duce.

MARINE NEWS.

LONDON, September 27.—The steamers Liberia, Minnesota and Cella have arrived out.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, Sept. 28.—Consols, 92⅞; on account, 92⅞@93. American securities firmer. Five-Twenty Bonds: '62s, 84¼; do. '65s, 83¼; do. '67s, 82. 10-40s, 75; '62s at Frankfort, 87¾; Erie, 25½; Illinois, 93½; Atlantic & Great Western, 27½. Rentes, 70f. 87c.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 27.—Cotton market firm; sales of middling uplands at 12¼@12⅜s and Orleans at 12¼@12⅝s; sales 12 000 bales. California white wheat 10s 8d; red western, 9s 3d@9s 4d. Western flour 21s. Corn 29s 6d. Oats 3s 6d. Peas 45s. Pork 111s. Beef 89s. Lard 75s. Cheese 63s. Bacon 65s 6d, Spirits petroleum 8d; refined 1s 7½d.

LONDON, Sept. 27.—Tallow 47s. 3d., and quiet and unchanged. Calcutta linseed 63f. Petroleum at Antwerp 57½f. Cotton at Havre 145⅛f. and firm.

## BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—The break in the Erie Canal, at Pool's Brook, has been repaired and navigation is fully resumed.

—The new buildings of the National Military Asylum at Milwaukee were dedicated yesterday afternoon.

—The Hair House of Steinberg and Maver, of Cincinnati, was robbed of $6,000 worth of stock Monday night. No arrests.

—Reports from the interior of this State say a heavy storm has prevailed since last night. The Schuylkill river, at Reading, has risen four feet.

—The corner stone of a new Catholic church was laid at Marvintown, a suburb of Erie, Pa., yesterday, by Bishop Mullin. The Catholic societies, in regalia, formed a procession half a mile in length.

—A farmer named Samuel Barton, living on Gunpowder river, near Baltimore, was murdered in his house on Sunday night by a man named Wm. Brown, who married his niece. He has not been arrested.

—An extensive gang of horse thieves, embracing it is said, several well known and heretofore respectable citizens, has been discovered in Chariton county, Mo. Their operations extended to and across the Iowa line.

—Advices from St. Thomas to the 18th state that three shocks of earthquake occurred on the 17th. All the stores were closed and business was suspended. No lives were lost as far as known. Great alarm prevailed.

—John D. Culver, a broker of St. Catharines, Canada, absconded Saturday night, taking with him $20,000 or 25,000. Several banks are sufferers, as well as a number of business men.

—Thomas K. Stearns, *alias* Thomas Carter, charged with obtaining several thousand dollars in Boston two years ago, by selling counterfeit bonds, has been arrested in New Hampshire and committed to jail in default of $10,000 bail.

—George Lightfoot, a negro, was killed by J. D. Barber, on the latter's farm, on the Boonesboro road, about nine miles from Louisville, on Thursday last. Lightfoot was stealing corn, when Barber fired five shots, three of which took effect.

—On the 22d of the present month, seventy masked men rode into Lancaster, Garrard county, Kentucky, took a colored man from jail and hung him. The same Regulators, a few nights before, cowhided Walter B. Sutton and Mr. Hutchinson, and ordered them to leave the country.

—A Richmond special to the New York *Herald* says: The excitement over the struggle for Senators from Virginia increases every day, and it is intimated that possibly a Radical Republican may be chosen to fill one of the places. Alexander Sharp, late Postmaster at Richmond, and brother-in-law of the President, has been brought prominently forward by the Conservatives. Horace Greeley is also spoken of to represent the Old Dominion in the higher branch of our National Legislature.

—At a mass Convention of colored citizens held in Chicago yesterday, the following resolution was adopted: *Resolved*, That we appoint two of our ablest citizens, capable of creditably representing our interests, to attend the coming State Constitutional Convention, and there, as opportunity may offer, by voice and petition, beseech that honorable body to favorably consider our necessities, and submit to the people of the State such amendments to the State Constitution as will remove the various disabilities under which we now labor.

**Distribution of the Avondale Relief Fund.**

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PLYMOUTH, PA., Sept. 27.—The Trustees of the Avondale Relief Fund to-day adopted a plan for the distribution of the funds that have reached them. The plan of distribution for the first year is as follows: Each widow will be paid the sum of $200 in equal monthly payments; each male orphan child under fourteen years, and each female orphan child under sixteen years shall be paid for the same period $100 in the same manner. Children over the ages mentioned will be paid in full a sum not exceeding $300. Five thousand dollars was voted to meet special cases not embraced in the foregoing. These provisions are made for the aid and relief till the first day of October 1870, and will absorb all but $40,000. The remainder of the fund is to be carefully invested in good securities that can be converted into cash when required, and to constitute a fund divisable upon the following basis: One third to constitute a widow's fund, and the remaining two-thirds an orphan's fund. From these funds widows and orphans are to receive quarterly payments until the whole is exhausted.

# SECOND EDITION.

*FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.*

## TO PENNSYLVANIANS.

### Address of the Republican State Central Committee.

ROOMS OF THE COMMITTEE, 1105 Chestnut St., Phila.

*To the People of Pennsylvania:*

The approach of an election for Governor of the State and Judge of the Supreme Court calls upon us to address you. That election, although confined to State officers, may have an effect beyond State limits, and exercise an important influence hereafter on the politics and destiny of the nation.

Arrayed against us, and endeavoring to secure your votes for its candidates, is the same Democratic party which was overwhelmingly repudiated by the people at the last Presidential election. It has changed none of its principles and reformed none of its practices, but is as odious to-day to all loyal men as it has been heretofore. Its southern wing caused the rebellion and strove by armed force to rend in twain that glorious Union which was cemented by the blood of our fathers. Its Northern wing gave all the sympathy, aid and comfort to the rebellion that it dare, by resolutions in its State and National Conventions, and by the votes of its members in our State and National Legislatures against all propositions and bills offered by loyal men tending to strengthen the arm of the National Government in its efforts to crush the rebellion.

That party caused the expenditure of four thousand millions of dollars of the public money, and is the guilty author of the heavy debt that is now pressing down the national industry. It is answerable for the blood of half a million of loyal men sacrificed in the effort to crush out its wickedness, and for the wounds and misery of hundreds of thousands more.

Recognizing the duty of an enlightened government to provide for the encouragement of the industry of the people, it has enacted tariffs to prevent undue competition by the pauper laborer of other countries with the labor of the American citizen.

Regarding the plighted faith of the Government as the most sacred of obligations, it has determined that the debt of the nation, except where otherwise agreed upon, shall be paid in gold to the last dollar.

It is responsible for the sufferings and the poverty of the wives made widows and the children made orphans at Democratic hands.

In its national convention the northern wing permitted the southern rebels to dictate the National Democratic platform and policy, and has again taken to its arms the men whose hands are not yet cleansed of the blood of northern patriots.

That party is in favor of free trade in commerce as fully now as when its Vice President (Dallas) gave the casting vote against American industry more than twenty years ago.

It favors practical repudiation of the national debt, by paying off interest bearing bonds redeemable in gold with irredeemable notes bearing no interest, and which from their excess would become as worthless as Continental paper.

It presents as its candidate for Governor a man thoroughly impregnated with all these abominable heresies, who, though rich beyond the necessities and wants of any reasonable man, evades by shifts and artifices the payment of his taxes and throws upon the rest of the people of the State that share of the burdens of the State which he is legally bound to bear. If he should be unfortunately elected, he will be as clay in the hands of the potter.

In the hands of that unscrupulous set of men, too well known to the State and nation as "The Coffee pot Democracy" who have so persistently endeavored for the last few years, by wholesale fraudulent naturalization papers, and fraudulent election returns to destroy the value of the elective franchise.

It presents as its candidate for the highest judicial office a gentleman unknown to his profession, and whose limited experience renders him unable to grapple with the great questions that are continually presented to our Supreme Court.

Such men surely are not entitled to the support of loyal and intelligent freemen.

On the other hand, we assert that the Republican party is the party of loyalty, of devotion to the Union and to the rights of all men. It stood by the Government in the hour of its great extremity. Its young men went to the battle field and offered up their lives in defense of the integrity of the Union, while its opponents stayed at home and rendered aid on rebel victories.

Its capitalists, when the credit of the Government was lowest, offered up their wealth to support our armies in the field and to provide hospitals for the sick and wounded.

It has voted bounties for the soldiers and provided pensions for the disabled and for the widows and orphans of the patriot dead, and is now in the State of Pennsylvania alone expending half a million of dollars yearly to educate the orphans of deceased soldiers.

In the national administration it has redeemed its pledges to the people by dismissing useless office holders, by reducing the number and expense of the army, by paying off in in the first six months of its existence fifty millions of dollars of the national debt, caused by the Democracy, and with the prospect of paying off five hundred millions thereof during Grant's administration, whilst in the State administration, under the skillful management of Governor Geary, it has paid off five millions of dollars of our State indebtedness, and has relieved the people from all taxation on real estate for State purpose.

Such are the principles and acts of the Republican party.

As the representative of those principles, we present to the people as a candidate for Governor, the statesman and patriot John W. Geary. His history is well known to you all. We need not repeat it. His military exploits are written on the rocks of Cerro Gordo and the walls of Chepultepec. They are inscribed on the ridges of our Gettysburg, on the passes of Wauhatchie, on the forests of Ringgold and Missionary Ridge, and above the clouds on the heights of Lookout Mountain. He rendered service in sixty battles, received four wounds and lost his eldest son in the service of his country. He has been scarcely less distinguished as a statesman; and to his intelligence and firmness we are indebted for the prevention of hasty and unwise and unconstitutional legislation, and for the punishment of murderers whom a less firm Executive would have allowed to escape.

In Judge Williams we present an able and accomplished jurist, who has sat long on the bench, and has a large and varied experience, and whose numerous decisions, supported by the Supreme Court, have been recognized by that tribunal as being sound law, and expressed in a manner worthy of its high commendation. In his hands the rights of the people will be secured,

The election of those two men will be of vital importance to the people. It will destroy the sham pretensions and professions of the Democratic party, always arrogant and never fulfilled. It will establish the prosperity of the people on an enduring basis.

We expect every friend of genuine Republicanism to go to the polls and vote for Geary and Williams. Do not wait to be solicited. Do not wait for your neighbor. Do not let apathetic indifference render you careless in the exercise of what is not a mere privilege, but a duty.

Remember that the election of Geary will give us an honest Administration of State affairs, whilst the election of a man who evades the payment of his taxes would be likely to be the advent to power of dishonest men. Remember, too, that the present election may have an important bearing on the next presidential election and if Pennsylvania should now fall into the hands of an effete and corrupt Democracy, it may throw the next national administration into the power of rebels, free traders and repudiators.

A full Republican vote is a full Republican victory. Let every Republican do his duty and all will be well.

JOHN CEVODE,
Chairman of Repub. State Central Committe.

## THE CAPITAL.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 27, 1869.

EXTRAORDINARY ARRIVAL OF PASSENGERS.

The official returns of passengers arriving in the United States during the quarter ending June, shows an extraordinary increase. The whole number is 177,582, of whom nearly 66,000 were females.

SALE OF PROPERTY.

In pursuance of act of Congress, the property of the United States, at Harper's Ferry and vicinity, is to be sold on the 30th of November.

MAJ. HAGGERTY HAS AN INTERVIEW.

Major Haggerty had a long and satisfactory interview with the President today on the subject of his rejection by the British Government as Consul at Glasgow.

## NEW YORK CITY.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, September 27, 1869.

Dr. Albert L Simmons, who it was as alleged, was unjustly incarcerated in Cuba, and whose estate and other property on that Island was confiscated, applied to-day to United States Consul Osborne for an attachment against the Spanish gunboat, but was directed to apply to the State Department.

The United States steamer Powhattan, flag-ship of Admiral Poor, sailed yesterday for Key West.

There is a rumor in circulation that a Cuban expedition, numbering 300 men, left this port last night, but it is not traced to an authentic source.

## CUBA.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HAVANA, Sept. 27.—The telegram sent from Havana Saturday, relative to the surrender of Gen. Jordan and his troops upon payment by the Government of a certain sum of money, was based upon an official dispatch. It is reported that the insurgents in the neighborhoods of Yaguaramas and Paris, and between Cienfuegas and Colon, are treating with the Spanish authorities relative to surrender. This surrender is important, if true, the rebel bands in this quarter being nearest to the sugar districts of Colon and Cardenas.

Advices from Porto Rico on the 9th inst., say the new tariff on merchandise imported and exported will go into operation on the first of January.

**Additional Markets by Telegraph.**

NEW ORLEANS, September 27.—Cotton: demand fair for middling at 26¾c; sales 1,425 bales; receipts 5,248 bales. Flour dull and lower; superfine $5,70, double and treble extra $6. Corn firmer; white $1.07½@1,10. Oats 60c. Bran $1,20. Hay $27. Pork $33.75. Bacon firmer at 17½@20¾@21c. Lard 19½@21½c. Sugar 12¼@14½c. Molasses 60@70c. Whisky $1,30. Coffee unchanged. Gold 34¼. Sterling 44½. New York sight par@¼ discount.

ALBANY, September 27.—The supply of beeves to-day was not as large as last week, but the eastern market being completely broken down, the market is the dullest for several months, the decline in all grades being fully ½c, and the sales were effected with difficulty at that reduction. The highest price paid for Kentucky steers was $8¾. Last week the same quality would have brought $9⅛.

NASHVILLE, Sept. 27.—There was a heavy frost this morning, but did no serious damage. Wheat: red $1,20: amber $1,25; white 11,30. Corn $1,05. Rye 95c. Oats 70c. Barley $1,30. Flour $8 for best brands. Bacon: sides 19½c; hams 20c; shoulders 17c. Lard 22c.

CHICAGO, Sept. 27.—At afternoon Board the attendance was light and sales limited. Wheat quiet and weaker. Corn, seller the month, opened at 75c and closed at 75@75¼c. Oats quiet; nominally 42¼c. Barley quiet and firm. The market closed dull.

## CITY AND SUBURBAN.

CITY COUNCILS.

**Regular Monthly Meeting—Reports of Committees—The Retrenchment and Reform Question—The New Market House.**

A regular meeting of the Select and Common Councils of this city was held yesterday morning, September 27th, '69, at 2 o'clock P. M.

**Select Council.**

Members present: Messrs. Armstrong, Brown, Burgwin, Coffin, Craig, Dickson, Edwards, Gallaher, Gross, Hailman; Hartman, Herron, Jones, Kirk, Laufman, Littell, Lloyd, Morrow, Murray, McClelland, McEwen, McMahon, Ogden, Rafferty, Rees, Rush, Schmidt, Scully, Shipton, Torrens, Wainwright, S. J., Wainwright, Z., Watson, Wilson, Zern, and President McAuley.

The minutes of the preceeding meeting were read and approved.

INFORMALITIES.

The President on taking the Chair called the attention of the members to the fact that certain ordinances had been presented at a former meeting and after action sent into Common Council, which had been returned by that body in consequence of informality, said ordinances having no title as required by the rules.

The following were the ordinances: For paving Forty-third street; opening of Crescent street; repealing an ordinance for the opening of Hatfield street. The papers were referred to the City Engineer for correction, who corrected them and they were returned to Common Council.

UNFINISHED BUSINESS.

Before proceeding with the regular order of business, it was on motion resolved to take up business from Common Council passed at a former meeting and not previously reached in the Select Council.

The following business was concured in: A resolution in relation to payment of the *Commercial* bill for printing the Record.

Resolution prohibiting oil refineries on the Allegheny River from depositing refuse in said stream.

NON CONCURRENCE.

A resolution appointing a committee to investigate the action of the Board of Health was nonconcurred in.

RETRENCHMENT AND REFORM.

The report of the committee on Retrenchment and Reform with accompanying resolutions was then taken up.

Mr. Shipton opposed the resolution relative to taking up water pipes laid last year. He said that it would be a useless expenditure of money.

Mr. Morrow desired that the committee might have an opportunity of completing its work.

Mr. Edwards moved to concur.

Mr. Zern amended by moving to refer to the water Committee.

Mr. Brown, submitted the following communication from Mr. William Smith, the contractor for furnishing water pipe to the city, as a reply to the report of the committee on Retrenchment and Reform:

*To the Select and Common Councils of the City of Pittsburgh:*

GENTLEMEN: The undersigned begs leave to submit the following statement, and protest in reply to the paper submitted by Mr. B. W. Morgan to the Councils at their last regular meeting. From a careful investigation of the matter, I am satisfied that it is not true that rumors reached the Chairman of the "Committee on Retrenchment and Reform" "that irregularities had been committed by the contractor to furnish the city with water pipes and miscellaneous castings," but it is true that B. W. Morgan, Chairman of the Committee, pretended to have received an anonymous letter charging such "irregularities," and it is believed to be equally true, that the same anonymous writer was none other than Mr. B. W. Morgan himself. That is to say; citizen B. W. Morgan writes an anonymous private letter to Councilman B. W. Morgan in his official character as Chairman of the "Committee on Retrenchment and Reform," for the very purpose of creating rumors injurious to the undersigned and furnishing an excuse for a pretended examination into the transactions between the city and the subscriber.

Before any report was made on the subject, I begged the privilege of seeing and reading the said pretended anonymous communication, and having an opportunity of defending myself before the Committee, but Mr. B. W. Morgan denied both and proceeded, as informer, witness and judge, to prosecute, try and decide the case against me, without even allowing me the privilege of a hearing.

The flagrant injustice of defaming me me whilst refusing me the privilege of proving the integrity of my conduct and the malice and falsehood of my anonymous accuser, illustrates the performance of the "Chairman of the Committee on Retrenchment and Reform."

In his report Mr. B. W. Morgan says that four 20 inch pipes found on Butler street were weighed and found to average 2,668 pounds.

If the truth had been stated it would have appeared that those four pipes weighed 2,629, 2,680, 2,775 and 2,815, respectively making a total of 10,880 pounds, and an average weight of 2,720 pounds, and not 2,668, as stated by Mr. B. W. Morgan.

It is also stated that the average weight of eight inch pipes as "charged by the contractor to the city averages 720 pounds," whilst in fact the real average per Morgan's scales was but 664, "making a difference" against the city of and in favor of the contractor of 56 pounds per pipe. In truth and in fact the bills rendered by me to the city show that the average weight of such pipes is 675 pounds, and Mr. B. W. Morgan either did know or should have known that fact before he published his slanders. He further stated that they "weighed three eight inch pipes on my scales," and found that they weighed from four to six pounds more than they were marked, and he gratuitously adds: "These last pipes were not made or marked for *delivery* to the city," yet he well knew when he wrote that sentence that the pipes were made for and being delivered to the city, and that the weights charged were less than the actual weight of the pipes.

In regard to the twenty inch pipes which weighed 2,575 pounds, Mr. "Chairman Morgan" ought to have known, and perhaps did know, that they were cut pipes, equal in quality with the longer, and therefore heavier pipes, yet he states their weight as evidence of irregularities.

The weight of twenty inch pipes (excepting the cut pipes) varies from 2,660 to 2,940 pounds, and that is a fair range and within the letter and spirit of the contract.

The variance is not the fault of the contractor, but the fair and natural result of matters over which he has no control. The city has not been charged with a single pound of castings beyond the honest weight of those actually delivered. Any statement to the contrary is untrue.

The undersigned neither desires concealment nor fears honest investigation, but he protests most earnestly that he should not be condemned unheard.

He has been maligned and slandered whilst being denied the right and privilege of meeting his accuser "face to face." A cowardly and anonymous attack upon his reputation has been made the basis of an official report to Councils, whilst the facts have been carefully kept from public view. Whilst the undersigned would be pleased to co-operate with a Committee in any investigation the Councils in their wisdom may be pleased to order, he emphatically protests against the indecency, injustice and malice, of Mr. "Chairman Morgan," whose Billingsgate vituperation and abuse of members of Councils generally and city officials, was ventilated upon the public street, for many days before his report was presented to the Councils, thereby exhibiting his utter unfitness and unworthiness to represent your honorable bodies.

With assurances of my respect and esteem, I am, gentlemen, very truly, your obedient servant,

WM. SMITH.

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 20, 1869.

The communication was received and filed.

Mr. Brown stated that he desired to have an investigation of all the charges made by Mr. Morgan, but was opposed to the resolution authorizing the raising of water pipe after it had been laid under the supervision of the Committee. He was informed that Mr. Morgan had said on the street that there were a number of men in Councils who were filching money out of the people's pockets, and that the city officials, from the Mayor down to the lowest officer, were rascals and cheats, and that he (Morgan) was going to clear them all out of office. He had been approached by several persons, who were willing to testify that Morgan had used much disrespectful language and if he had done so he thought the report made by him as Chairman of the Investigating Committee should not be considered until his conduct was investigated, as it was unbecoming to say the least of it, for a member of Council to speak in such a disrespectful manner of his colleagues. If the report was adopted, it would be ostensibly admitting Mr. Morgan's charges against Councils to be true, which would be a gross injustice to Mr Smith, Councils and the city.

He moved to non concur with Common Council in the adoption of the resolution and appoint a committee to investigate the charges made by Mr. Morgan, and have a fair and impartial hearing of both sides of the case, and not only one side, as had been done by the chairman of the Committee on Retrenchment and Reform, then have its report of the committee, not of the chairman, presented to Councils for their consideration.

Mr. Morrow said the Committee had made no charge against Mr. Smith. They had taken pipes of various sizes and weighed them and discrepancies appeared, and they now asked for power to continue the investigation.

Mr. Ogden desired to know whose duty it was to receive and inspect the pipes when delivered. He thought the Water Committee censurable for not weighing the pipes.

Mr. Shipton replied that Councils elected a clerk to the Water Committee whose duty it was to see the pipe weighed.

The President stated the question would first be taken on Mr. Edward's motion to concur with Common Council.

Mr. Brown moved as a substitute, to strike out all after the word "resolve" in the first resolution and insert the following: "That a Special Committee of two from Select and three from Common Council be appointed to investigate all the charges set forth in the report; to hear both sides of the case and report the same to this Council."

Mr. Morrow hoped that such a Committee would not be appointed, that it was intended to smooth over the matter, according to parliamentary usages the gentleman offering the resolution would be made chairman.

Mr. Brown—I would state here Mr. President that I will not serve on that Committee, unless compelled to do so by Council.

Mr. Kirk favored retrenchment and reform, but he was of opinion that injustice had been done Mr. Smith in this matter. He thought that the Chairman of the Committee on Retrenchment and Reform, was like a horse rushing into battle, he went headlong, and was not a proper person to sit as judge in the investigation. He favored the motion of Mr. Brown, and would submit the following resolutions, which he thought embodied it:

*Resolved*, That a Special Committee of two from the Select and three from the Common Council, be appointed to investigate the charges against Mr. Smith, and that they have power to raise any pipes they may desire, for the purpose of weighing, and that they also have power to send for persons and papers and that the Mayor be instructed to issue such summonses as they may require.

Mr. Rafferty moved as an amendment, that the Committee be instructed to act in conjunction with the Retrenchment and Reform Committee.

Mr. Gallaher said that he had not signed the report of the committee, although he was a member of the committee and had attended the meeting, and he desired to state why he had not signed it. The report, he said, was that of the chairman, and not of the committee. The committee had instructed Mr. Morgan, as chairman, to inquire and ascertain if there was any ground for the charges against certain parties connected with the city, in official capacity and as contractors, and to report the facts to the Committee. Mr. Morgan had, instead of doing as he was instructed by the Committee, proceeded without the knowledge and consent of the other members of the Committee to make investigations of certain matters, of which investigation he prepared a report and desired the Committee to sign it, which he, as a member of the Committee, declined to do. He hoped

(Continued on Eighth Page.)

# The Pittsburgh Gazette.

## GONE BEFORE.

There's a beautiful face in the silent air,
Which follows me ever and near,
With smiling eyes and amber hair
With voiceless lips, yet with breath of prayer,
That I feel, yet cannot hear.

The dimpled hand, and ringlets of gold,
Lie low in a marble sleep;
I stretch my arms for the clasp of old,
But the empty air is strangely cold,
And my vigil alone I keep.

There's a sinless brow with a radiant crown
And a cross laid down in the dust;
There's a smile where never a shade comes now
And tears no more from those dear eyes flow,
So sweet in their innocent trust.

Ah, well! and summer is coming again,
Singing her same old song;
But, oh! it sounds like a sob of pain,
As it floats in the sunshine and the rain,
O'er hearts of the world's great throng.

There's a beautiful region above the skies,
And I long to reach its shore,
For I know I shall find my treasure there,
The laughing eyes and amber hair
Of the loved ones gone before.

## GENERAL NEWS.

THE new Yale theological building will cost $125,000.

A HARTFORD court decides that it is not cruelty to animals to tie the legs of calves together.

GAME was never more abundant in Virginia than at present. This is the case generally throughout the South.

THE North Carolina Lunatic Asylum is at present overcrowded, and applications for admittance are refused.

FIFTY-TWO plans were submitted for the proposed McPherson monument at Cincinnati. The committee selected one providing for an equestrian statue of the General.

SENATOR SPRAGUE is said to be the largest employer in the United States. He gives work to about eight thousand persons, and has recently raised their wages fifteen per cent.

THE body of a New Hampshire youth has been exhumed, and his heart cut out and burned, from a superstition that this alone would save the life of his brother, who is dying with the same disease—consumption.

Two pieces of timber used forty years ago as part of the gallows upon which the first person, a negro, was executed in Monongalia county, West Virginia, were recently removed from a cellar in Morgantown.

Dr. W. H. MUSSEY, of Cincinnati, recently performed a very difficult and dangerous operation, in removing a large and deep-seated tumor from the face and throat of a son of Secretary Cox, at Washington City.

THE fire in the Dismal Swamp has driven from their coverts hordes of wild animals, forcing them to take refuge even within the populated precincts. One day last week a full-grown bear was discovered quietly feeding in the streets of Norfolk.

IN THE St. Louis police court, one day last week, during the proceedings, an infant emitted a series of cries and shrieks, whereupon the Marshal addressed the mother in severe tones, "Madame, you must stop that court from crying or this child cannot go on."

THE old church at Hingham, Mass., built in 1635, and the oldest in New England, if not in the country, having been thoroughly repaired and refitted, was rededicated on Wednesday of last week. The church has had only seven pastors in the two hundred and thirty-four years of its existence.

A PALACE for horses has been erected some twenty miles from San Francisco, which cost the owner about $75,000. It is finished with the most costly woods of the country, inlaid and interlaced; and instead of brass and iron, silver has been as freely used as in our most expensive dwelling houses.

THE business of O. Ames & Son, the great shovel manufacturers at North Easton, Mass., having suffered from drunkenness among some of the workmen, a rule has been adopted to discharge every man who is found drunk unless he will disclose and testify in court where he obtained his liquor.

GOLD diggers are at work in Virginia. The Fredericsburg *Herald* says: "A number of miners are in this section of the State from Nevada, California and Colorado, engaged in washing the placer mines, in this county, with good returns. One of them made $90, another $60, and a third $15, in the course of a week's washing."

LYNCH law is the popular code at Portage City, Wis., where from one robbery there have sprung two murders and two informal executions by the mob. The last victim was one Pat Wildrick, whose crime was that he was suspected of a robbery, and that his attorney had shot the chief witness against him and been lynched therefor the day previous.

THE Kingston *East Tennesseean* announces the sale of the Kimbrough tract near Post Oak Spring, adjoining the Roane Iron Company tract. A Mr. Winchester, of Pennsylvania, is the purchaser, paying $30,000. The tract was purchased with the view to the erection of works for the manufacture of iron. The tracts abounds in coal and iron ore.

A BRIDGEPORT, Ct., saloonkeeper had a customer the other day whom he would like to call often. He stowed away forty cents' worth of lager and cheese, and threw down a twenty dollar gold piece to pay for it. On being asked how much change he wanted, he replied "nineteen dollars and sixty cents," which was handed over to him, and he took his departure.

AT Lancaster, Ohio, on Thursday of last week, Daniel Reese shot and killed Thomas Jones, as the result of a quarrel, originating in the latter attempting to take a revolver from the former, fearing he would do harm with it. They were in the employ of the Cincinnati Railroad Company as machinists, and had been the best of friends. Reese was from Zanesville.

OBSERVERS who have made "the trip" over the Pacific Railroad notice the absence of song birds from the region through which the road passes. One of these observant travelers says that for five hundred miles he saw nothing in the feathered shape but hawks and sage hens—the latter a grayish-white somewhat mottled bird, rather larger and longer in body than our partridges.

POITRAS, the murderer of Quellette, was executed at Murray Bay, Canada, on Monday of last week. Up to his last moments he persisted in declaring his innocence, and refused the consolation of religion until brought face to face with his fate on the scaffold, when he confessed his guilt and repented his sins. The execution was characterized by a painful and brutal incident. The rope was left too long, so that when the trap fell, Poitras fell to the ground on his knees. He was taken up again and the rope shortened, so that when he fell the second time the law was vindicated. The chief executioner from Montreal was said to have been intoxicated at the time of the execution.

A CORRESPONDENT of the New York *Evening Post* gives two recipes which are valuable if effective. To kill cockroaches, take equal parts of carbolic acid and powdered camphor, mix, and paint spots and cracks where they hide. The vermin come out to certain destruction. "Nothing more sublime in history." Number two: One part of carbolic acid and three parts of water applied to a dog will kill fleas at once. He has seen it tried.

AN estrangement once took place between Senator Fessenden and a Senator not now a member of that body, on account of words spoken in debate. After a few days, the Senator sent him, from his desk, a note—"If I have offended you, I ask your forgiveness; if you have offended me, I have forgotten it." Mr. Fessenden did not keep back the tears when he crossed the Chamber to shake hands with his old friend, from whom he had been temporarily separated.

IT HAS been the habit of the fur traders in the Hudson Bay territory to take to themselves wives from the native Indian women, whom they abandoned, with their offspring, when they returned to civilized regions, without compunction. One of the courts in Montreal has decided in the case of a man named Connelly, that such a marriage is binding; and the children by it legitimate, while a subsequent marriage to a white woman is void, and the children by it illegitimate.

THE Mammoth Cave (Ky.) property has been in the hands of Judge Underwood, as trustee for the heirs of Gen. Crogan, for forty years. Although its owners have been anxious to sell, yet by the singular and whimsical terms of the devise under which they hold, it has been impossible to do so till now. A large stock company has been organized in New York, whose purpose it is to buy the cave property and erect there one of the largest hotels on the continent.

IN DETROIT last week a lady was suddenly seized with vertigo and fell to the sidewalk. Several persons rushed to her assistance, among them a physician, who found that she was being strangled in some manner. A moment's investigation revealed the cause, in the shape of a set of false teeth that had dropped from their position as the head of the lady thumped on the sidewalk, and in her gasping for breath had been drawn into the throat so far that she was with difficulty relieved.

AS ONE of the wealthy farmers of Bergen, N. J., was on his way to market not long ago he lost his pocketbook, containing $48. It was picked up by a small boy and returned to its owner, who feeling considerably elated over its return, dove down deep into his pockets for the purpose of rewarding the youngster. He drew out a five cent piece, and after turning it over several times took it back into his pocket again telling the boy he had no pennies with him then, but would remember him when he came back.

THE Memphis *Post* says: "We are informed that on Friday night of last week a colored man was most wantonly murdered at Water Valley, Mississippi. It appears that in making some purchases he found the merchant had not given him back the right change by a dollar and six bits, and the colored man told him so. The latter demanded to know if he charged him with stealing his money. 'No,' replied the colored man, 'but you have my money.' Without another word the high-toned merchant drew a revolver and shot him through the heart, killing him instantly."

ON FRIDAY afternoon of last week a terrible accident occurred on the Canada side at Niagara Falls, resulting in the death of one lady and the serious injury of three others. It seems that a party from Providence, R. I., consisting of a Mr. Tillinghast and wife, Mr. Fisher, Mrs. Smith and Miss Mary Ann Ballou, were in a carriage going down the roadway leading to the ferry landing, when portions of the harness gave way on one of the horses, allowing the carriage to come against them. The animals became restive and unmanageable, and at last turned around in such a manner as to force the hind wheels of the vehicle over the edge of the precipice. It balanced for a moment, when James Martin, the driver, and Mr. Tillinghast, who also occupied a seat on the box, jumped off just in time to save themselves, and then the carriage, containing the ladies, went over the bank a distance of about sixty feet. Mrs. Smith was found to have been instantly killed; Mrs. Tillinghast was much cut and bruised; Miss Ballou was taken up unconscious, but revived, and was thought to be internally injured; and Mrs. Fisher had one wrist fractured.

A MOST distressing accident occurred at Crestline, Ohio, on Friday night of last week, resulting in the death of Mrs. David Cassell, an estimable young married lady. She was at her house alone with her two little children, awaiting her husband's return from work. The oldest child was sleeping in an adjoining room, and her babe playing beside her. The babe in some way upset a coal oil lamp near them on the table, and in a mother's anxiety to shield her babe, the contents of the lamp were scattered over her and in an instant she was enveloped in flames. Her only thought was the safety of her child, which she threw from her, and it escaped the fire entirely. The neighbors were soon attracted by the blazing light in the house, but it was some minutes before an entrance could be effected, as the timid mother, alone with her children, securely barred the doors and windows. The window-sash was broken through by those outside, and the unfortunate woman found on the floor, wrapped in flames, and the house too on fire. It was soon extinguished, however, and the suffering woman was able to detail the circumstances as related. She died in about two hours, after suffering great agony. The babe was found entirely unharmed.

ORRA C. BROSS who died at Cincinnati last week was probably the only living man who ever heard Daniel Webster make a legal effort before a justice of the peace. It was in Boscawon, in a case where not a hundred dollars was involved, and soon after the commencement of this century. Mr. Webster's client had employed Ezekiel Webster to advocate his cause, but Ezekiel Webster was taken sick and was unable to appear. The client reluctantly consented to the substitution of the young man, Daniel Webster, then just admitted to practice.

## PERSONAL.

FARRAGUT denies the mast-head story.

FRED HUDSON, once of the *Herald* is the prospective editor of the New York *Times*.

VICTORIA'S statue has arrived in Montreal. It is fourteen feet high and weighs two tons.

GENERAL J. WATTS DE PEYSTER is engaged upon a life of Major General Phillip Kearney.

MR. PARTON, having defended Mrs. Stow, is called by the Boston *Traveller* "The Sancho Panza of a Petticoated Quixotte."

MRS. RAWLINS, before marriage, was the General's prisoner of war, captured at Vicksburgh, where she had been living as a governess.

MAJOR BYRON, whose story was published a few day since, is in Avigon, France. He thinks he is legitimetly a chip of the old block.

MRS. DR. WALKER visited one of the Cincinnati public schools, last week, and obtaining leave to address the pupils, occupied her time in expating to the girls on the beauties and charms of wearing pants.

ON a recent occasion of the leg-drama being administered to a sedate town in Ohio, the padded and painted beauties were hooted from the stage, and the manager arrested for permitting an indecent exhibition.

BY yesterdays German mails we have news of the death of Friedrich Wilhelm Constantin Herrmann Tassilo, Prince of Hohenzollern, Hechingen. In default of direct male issue his heir will probably be His Highness, the Prince of Hohenzollern, Sigmaringen.

SENATOR ANTHONY speaks a good word in the providence *Journal* for ex-Secretary Welles, saying that it would be useless as it would be unjust to deny great prise to him for the way in which the navy was fitted out and maintained at sea during the rebellion.

LIPPINCOTT'S Magazine tells a story to the effect that Admiral Porter, while riding in a street car in Washington lately, was annoyed by several noisy drunken sailors. At last he told then who he was and demanded what ship they belonged to. "Admiral you have changed the name of the ship so often that I don't really know what ship we do belong to," was the reply of one of them.

AT the Woman's Sufferage Bureau in New York, recently, a letter from Mrs. Isabella Beecher Hooker was read. She said she thought all the women of the Bible were strong-minded women. She had been studying up Job's wife lately, and found her really a remarkable women. She brought up her sons to so recognize woman's equality that they admitted her daughters to their festive meetings.

### An Advertising Dodge

[From P. T. Barnum's Autobiography.]

I thoroughly understood the art of advertising, not merely by means of printers ink, which I have always used freely, and to which I confess myself so much indebted for my success, but to turning every possible circumstance to my account. It was my monomania to make the Museum in New York the town wonder and town talk. I often seized upon an opportunity by instinct, even before I had a very definite conception as to how it should be used, and it seemed, somehow, to mature itself and serve my purpose. As an illustration, one morning a stout, hearty-looking man, came into my ticket-office and begged some money. I asked him why he did not work and earn his living? He replied that he could get nothing to do, and that he would be glad of any job at a dollar a day. I handed him a quarter of a dollar, told him to go and get his breakfast and return, and I would employ him at light labor at a dollar and a half a day. When he returned I gave him five common bricks.

"Now," said I," go and lay a brick on the sidewalk at the corner of Broadway and Ann street; another close by the Museum a third diagonly across the way at the corner of Broadway and Vesey street, by the Astor House; put down the fourth on the sidewalk in front of St Paul's Church, opposite; then with the fifth brick in hand, take up a rapid march from one point to the other, making the circuit, exchanging your brick at every point, and say nothing to any one.

"What is the object of this?" inquired the man.

"No matter," I replied; "all you need to know is that it brings you 15 cents wages per hour. It is a bit of fun, and to assist me properly you must seem to be as deaf as a post, wear a serious countenance, answer no questions, pay no attention to any one, but attend faithfully to the work, and at the end of every hour by St Paul's clock show this ticket at the Museum door; enter, walk solemnly through every hall in the building, pass out, and resume your work."

With the remark that it was "all one to him, so long as he could earn his living," the man placed his bricks and began his round. Half an hour afterward at least 500 people were watching his mysterious movements. He had assumed a military step and bearing, and, looking as sober as a judge, he made no response whatever to the constant inquiries as to the object of his singular conduct. At the end of the first hour the sidewalks in the vicinity were packed with people, all anxious to solve the mystery. The man, as directed, then went into the Museum, devoting fifteen minutes to a solemn survey of the halls, and afterward returning to his round. This was repeated every hour till sundown, and whenever the man went into the Museum a dozen or more persons would buy tickets and follow him, hoping to gratify their curiosity in regard to the purpose of his movements. This was continued for several days—the curious people who followed the man into the Museum considerably more than paying his wages—till finally the policeman, to whom I had imparted my object, complained that the obstruction of the sidewalk by crowds, had become so serious that I must call in my "brick man." This trivial incident excited considerable talk and amusement; it advertised me; and it materially advanced my purpose of making a lively corner near the Museum.

MR. JAS. A. HAMILTON has written his reminiscences of three quarters of a century of public affairs. He says he has undertaken this work principally as a defense of his father, Alexander Hamilton. Mr. Hamilton's social intercourse with prominent men of both continents, including Brougham, Tallyrand, Seward, &c., will probably render his book very interesting.


FRUIT CAN TOPS.

SELF-LABELING
FRUIT-CAN TOP.
COLLINS & WRIGHT,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

We are now prepared to supply Tinners and Potters. It is perfect, simple, and as cheap as the plain top, having the names of the various Fruits stamped upon the cover, radiating from the center, and an index or pointer stamped upon the top of the can.

It is Clearly, Distinctly and Permanently LABELED,

by merely placing the name of the fruit the can contains opposite the pointer and sealing in the customary manner. No preserver of fruit or good housekeeper will use any other after once seeing t. mh26

PIPES, CHIMNEY TOPS, &c.

WATER PIPES,
CHIMNEY TOPS
A large assortment,
HENRY H. COLLINS,
ap14:h87 3d Avenue, near Smithfield St.

DRY GOODS.

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,
Dry Goods and Notions,
No. 115 Wood St., Pittsburgh,
SOLE AGENTS
FULLERTON'S BARRED FLANNELS,
GREENVILLE BARRED FLANNELS,
A No. 1 BLANKETS AND YARNS.
ALSO, BRADLEY'S AND EASTERN FLANNELS.

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,
(Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,)
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods,
No. 94 WOOD STREET.
Third door above Diamond alley,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

MERCHANT TAILORS.

FALL STOCK OF
MEN & BOYS' CLOTHING,
Now Receiving by
GRAY & LOGAN'S,
No. 47 SIXTH STREET,
LATE ST. CLAIR.
se17

P. M'ARDLE,
FASHIONABLE
MERCHANT TAILOR,
Keeps constantly on hand
Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings.
Also, GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.
No. 93 1-2 Smithfield Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Gent's Clothing made to order in the latest styles. se3;n83

NEW FALL GOODS.
A splendid new stock of
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &C.,
Just received by HENRY MEYER.
se3 Merchant Tailor, 73 Smithfield street.

B. TIEGEL,
(Late Cutter with W. Hespenheide,)
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 53 Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh.
se26:v21

FLOUR.

NOTICE TO FLOUR DEALERS AND CONSUMERS.—We are now receiving a lot of 40,000 bushels carefully selected WHITE AND AMBER AND TENNESSEE WHEAT, purchased in Gibson, Parke, Green and Morgan counties, Indiana. This lot of Wheat is the very best to be found and cannot be surpassed by any in the United States.
We have also finished our improvements in Machinery, Bolting Cloths and Cooling Rooms, and are now prepared to furnish the best Flour we have made for ten years at prices that defy competition on the same grades of flour.
R. T. KENNEDY & BRO.,
Pearl Steam Mill, Allegheny.
September 13, 1869.

FLOUR! FLOUR! FLOUR!
MINNESOTA BAKERS FLOURS.
480 bbls. Legal Tender, 347 bbls Ha Ha, 367 bbls Ermine, 170 bbls Summit Mills 270 bbls Winona Co., 580 bbls Red River, 133 bbls May Day.
CHOICE WISCONSIN FLOURS.
560 bbls Riverside, 465 bbls White Star, 500 bbls various brands Spring Wheat Flour.
WINTER WHEAT FAMILY FLOUR.
City Mill of Springfield, Ohio, Pride of the West, Depot Mills, Massilon A, Paragon Mills Ringleader and Crown, choice St. Louis.
For sale lower than can be brought from the West.
WATT, LANG & CO.,
jy21 172 and 174 Wood Street.

COAL AND COKE.

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!
DICKSON, STEWART & CO.,
Having removed their Office to
NO. 567 LIBERTY STREET,
(Lately City Flour Mill) SECOND FLOOR.
Are now prepared to furnish good YOUGHIOGHENY LUMP, NUT COAL OR SLACK, at the lowest market prices.
All orders left at their office, or addressed to them through the mail, will be attended to promptly.

ARCHITECTS.

BARR & MOSER,
ARCHITECTS,
FRUIT HOUSE ASSOCIATION BUILDINGS, Nos. 3 and 4 St. Clair Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Special attention given to the designing and building of COURT HOUSES and PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

TRIMMINGS, NOTIONS, &C.

AT
JOSEPH HORNE & CO'S,
NEW FALL GOODS
Just Opened.

LINEN RUFFLED COLLARS AND CUFFS.
LACE COLLARS.
HANDKERCHIEFS, Embroid'd, Hemstitched,
SUPER LAWN AND LACE,
HAMBURG EMBROIDERIES,
REAL & IMITATION LACES & EDGINGS,
BOULEVARDE SKIRTS, ARAB SHAWLS,
INFANTS' HAND KNIT GOODS & SACQUES
KNITTING AND ZEPHYR YARN,
BERGMAN'S ZEPHYR,
JAVA CANVAS,
KNITTERS' MATERIALS,
HANDSOME BOW AND SASH RIBBONS,
TRIMMING SATINS,
BONNET VELVETS,
HAT AND BONNET PLUMES,
FINE FRENCH FLOWERS,
Latest Styles HATS AND BONNETS,
BONNET AND HAT FRAMES, and
MILLINERY GOODS
OF
EVERY DESCRIPTION,
AT
77 and 79 MARKET STREET.
se21

FALL OPENING.
FINE ASSORTMENT OF
ARAB SHAWLS,
In Plaid and Roman Striped.
Ruffled Collars and Cuffs,
The New Sailor Collar,
Silk Fringes,
Satin Trimmings,
Silk Glass Buttons.
In all the Newest Patterns.
MISSES FINE WOOL CAPS AND SACQUES,
An elegant assortment just received.
Hair and Jute Switches,
Balmoral and Plaid Hosiery,
Wool Half Hose,
Shirts and Drawers,
FOR FALL AND WINTER WEAR.
YARN,
A Full Supply of All Kinds.
HEAVY PLAID FLANNELS,
MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.,
78 & 80 Market Street.
se18

NEW SUMMER GOODS
AT
MACRUM & CARLISLE'S
No. 27 Fifth Avenue,
Dress Trimmings and Buttons.
Embroideries and Laces.
Ribbons and Flowers.
Hats and Bonnets.
Glove fitting and French Corsets.
New Styles Bradley's Skirts.
Parasols—all the new styles.
Sun and Rain Umbrellas.
Hosiery—the best English makes.
Agents for "Harris' Seamless Kids."
Spring and Summer underwear.
Sole Agents for the Bemis Patent Shape Collars. "Lockwood's" "Irving," "West End," "Elite," &c; "Dickens," "Derby," and other styles.
Dealers supplied with the above at
MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.
MACRUM & CARLISLE,
NO. 27
FIFTH AVENUE.
my4

WINES, LIQUORS, &C.

SCHMIDT & FRIDAY,
IMPORTERS OF
WINES, BRANDIES, GIN, &C.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
PURE RYE WHISKIES,
409 PENN STREET,
Have Removed to
NOS. 384 AND 386 PENN,
Cor. Eleventh St., (formerly Canal.)

JOSEPH S. FINCH & CO.,
Nos. 185, 187, 189, 191, 193 and 195,
FIRST STREET, PITTSBURGH,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Copper Distilled Pure Rye Whiskey.
Also, dealers in FOREIGN WINES and LIQUORS, HOPS, &c. mh28:n83

WALL PAPERS.

ELEGANT
PAPER HANGINGS.
Enameled Wall Papers in plain tints impervious to soot and smoke. Vermillion grounds with gold and inlaid figures. EMBOSSED VELVETS, INDIA TAPESTRY, GREEK PANELS stamped and printed gold.
Newly imported and not to be found elsewhere in the country. For sale at
W. P. MARSHALL'S
NEW WALL PAPER STORE,
191 Liberty Street.
se11

DECORATIONS—In Wood,
Marble and Fresco imitations for Walls and Ceilings of Dining Rooms, Halls, &c., at No. 107 Market street.
jy27 JOSEPH R. HUGHES & BRO.

STAMPED GOLD PAPERS for Parlors, at No. 107 Market street.
jy27 JOSEPH R. HUGHES & BRO.

CARPETS.

CARPETS.
NEW FALL STOCK.
Oil Cloths, Window Shades,
DRUGGETS.
DRUGGET SQUARES,
Ingrain Carpets,
At the Lowest Prices Ever Offered.
BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,
21 FIFTH AVENUE.
se18:d&T

NEW FALL STOCK.
OF
CARPETS,
The First in the Market
AND
THE CHEAPEST.
CHOICE PATTERNS
Two-ply and Three-ply
CHEAP INGRAIN CARPETS.
THE FINEST LINE OF
BODY BRUSSELS
Ever Offered in Pittsburgh.
Save time and money by buying from
McFARLAND & COLLINS,
No. 71 and 73 FIFTH AVENUE,
au25:d&T (Second Floor).

NEW CARPETS!
FRESH IMPORTATION
Purchased by our Mr. H. McCallum from manufacturers in Europe.
VELVETS, BRUSSELS,
Tapestry Brussels, &c.,
THE FINEST
Assortment ever offered in Pittsburgh.
ALSO, A FINE STOCK OF
THREE-PLYS, INGRAINS,
AND
COMMON CARPETS
A FINE ASSORTMENT OF
Well Seasoned Oil Cloths.
M'CALLUM BROS.,
No. 51 FIFTH AVENUE,
se10

OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & CO.
HAVE JUST RECEIVED A
FINE SELECTION OF
BRUSSELS,
TAPESTRY BRUSSELS
THREE PLY AND
INGRAIN CARPETS.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF
WHITE, CHECK & FANCY
MATTINGS,
FOR SUMMER WEAR,
IN THE CITY.
STOCK FULL IN ALL DEPARTMENTS
AT
OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO'S.
23 FIFTH AVENUE.

LITHOGRAPHERS.

BENJAMIN SINGERLY.....PHILIP CLEIS,
SINGERLY & CLEIS, Successors to GEO. F. SCHUCHMAN & CO.,
PRACTICAL LITHOGRAPHERS.
The only Steam Lithographic Establishment West of the Mountains. Business Cards, Letter Heads, Bonds, Labels, Circulars, Show Cards, Diplomas, Portraits, Views, Certificates of Deposits, Invitation Cards, &c.. Nos. 72 and 74 Third street, Pittsburgh.

HAIR AND PERFUMERY.

JOHN PECK, ORNAMENTAL HAIR WORKER AND PERFUMER, No. 139 Third street, near Smithfield, Pittsburgh.
Always on hand, a general assortment of Ladies, WIGS, BANDS, CURLS; Gentlemen's WIGS, TOPEES, SCALPS, GUARD CHAINS, BRACELETS, &c. A good Price in cash will be given for RAW HAIR.
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Hair Cutting done in the neatest manner. mh2 y2

DR. WHITTIER
CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL private diseases, Syphilis in all its forms, all urinary diseases, and the effects of mercury are completely eradicated; Spermatorrhea or Seminal Weakness and Impotency, resulting from self-abuse or other causes, and which produces some of the following effects, as blotches, bodily weakness, indigestion, consumption, aversion to society, unmanliness, dread of future events, loss of memory, indolence, nocturnal emissions, and finally so prostrating the sexual system as to render marriage unsatisfactory, and therefore imprudent, are permanently cured. Persons afflicted with these or any other delicate, intricate or long standing constitutional complaint should give the Doctor a trial; he never fails.
A particular attention given to all Female complaints, Leucorrhea or Whites, Falling, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Womb, Ovaritis, pruritis, Amenorrhoea, Menorrhagia, Dysmenorrhoea, and Sterility or Barrenness, are treated with the greatest success.
It is self-evident that a physician who confines himself exclusively to the study of a certain class of diseases and treats thousands of cases every year must acquire greater skill in that specialty than one in general practice.
The Doctor publishes a medical pamphlet of fifty pages that gives a full exposition of venereal and private diseases, that can be had free at office or by mail for two stamps, in sealed envelopes. Every sentence contains instruction to the afflicted, and enabling them to determine the precise nature of their complaints.
The establishment, comprising ten ample rooms, is central. When it is not convenient to visit the city, the Doctor's opinion can be obtained by giving a written statement of the case, and medicines can be forwarded by mail or express. In some instances, however, a personal examination is absolutely necessary, while in others daily personal attention is required, and for the accommodation of such patients there are apartments connected with the office that are provided with every requisite that is calculated to promote recovery, including medicated vapor baths. All prescriptions are prepared in the Doctor's own laboratory, under his personal supervision. Medical pamphlets at office free, or by mail for two stamps. No matter who have failed, read what he says. Hours 9 A.M. to 8 P.M. Sundays 10 A.M. to 2 P.M. Office, No. 9 WYLIE STREET, (near Court House,) Pittsburgh, Pa

## PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, Sept. 27, 1869.

There is nothing new or important in the general markets worthy of special notice; we can report a steady local demand for most of the leading articles, and a fair business in the aggregate, and further, as navigation has again been resumed, it is probable that an improvement in trade generally is near at hand. There is nothing in the way of a good fall and winter business, unless it is financial difficulties.

APPLES—Unchanged—very dull, as the market is completely glutted. Sales in store at $1@2 per bbl. as to quality.

BUTTER—Is in good supply and dull but unchanged; sales of prime to choice, at 28@30.

CRANBERRIES—Sales of prime eastern cultivated may be quoted at $12,00 per bbl.

CHEESE—Is quiet and unchanged, ranging from 14 to 16 cents, as to quality.

CARBON OIL—Quiet and unchanged; may be quoted at 29 for round lots, and 30@31 in a retail way.

EGGS—Dull at 22@23.

FEATHERS—Dull; quoted at 80@85 cents to the trade, and the usual advance for small lots in store.

FLOUR—Notwithstanding the arrivals are light, the supply is fully up to the demand, and the market is dull with a drooping tendency. Prime winter wheat flours are being sold at $6,75@7 per bbl. There seems to be little or no inquiry for springs, and there is little or none in this market.

GRAIN—Wheat is quiet and unchanged—$1,30 for Red and $1,35 for white. Oats less active but unchanged; 53 on track and wharf, and 55@56 in store. Sale 4 cars prime yellow corn at $1. Rye is in fair demand and limited supply, but as yet, cannot be sold above $1,10@1,12, the outside figure for prime Pennsylvania. Sales of good to prime barley at $1,25@1,30.

HAY—Sales from country wagons at $15@22, as to quality.

HEMP—Very dull, $205 per ton.

HUSKS—Sales at 2¾@3 cts per pound.

LARD OIL—F. Sellers & Co. quote Extra No. 1, at $1,45@1,45, and No. 2, at $1,05@1,08

PROVISIONS—Firmer and higher Shoulders, 16¼@16½; Ribbed Sides, 19; Short Ribbed, 19¾; Clear do, 20; plain Sugar Cured Hams, 22½; Cavassed do, 23½. Mess Pork, $33½@33¾. Lard, 20½ in tirces, 20¾ in bois, and 21¼ in kegs.

PEANUTS—None in hands of commission men.

PEACHES—Continue dull though the receipts from abroad have fallen off materially—there seems to be enough coming in from country adjacent to supply the demand; we continue to quote at $1@2 per bushel, as to quality.

POTATOES—Sweets remain unchanged, ranging from $4 to $5 per barrel, the latter figure for prime Jerseys.

PLUMS—None in market, season about over.

SEED—Flaxseed is in demand, and the mills are paying $2,20@2,25. Small sales of timothy seed at $4,25@4,50. No demand for clover seed.

SALT—Is firmer, with sales of car load lots at $1,85 per bbl.

STRAW—Sold in Allegheny market at $12 per ton.

## PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, Sept. 27, 1869.

The most noticeable feature in the oil market to-day is a slight improvement at Antwarp, which is quoted up to 57½. As yet, however, the markets on this side of the water have made no response further than that the feeling is a little stronger, the demand a little more urgent and less disposition to sell; prices are about the same as on Saturday, though, as already intimated, there were but few sellers at Saturday's quotations, and more buyers. Financial matters, it would appear, continue in a rather precarious condition in New York, and this, as might be expected, has a depressing influence on oil as well as everything else, sympathizing with gold and exchange, A private telegram from the east, says: "No drafts on exporters deposited on Saturday, will be paid today. Gold board adjourned indefinitely, probably until Wednesday or Thursday. Gold and exchange unsaleable."

CRUDE.

Market quiet although, apparently a shade stronger, with but little offering. Sale 1,000 bbls seller September at 14¾; 500 do at same figure, against a sale for same delivery on Saturday at 14½. Buyer all 1869, nominal at 14¾@15; seller same delivery and option, 14@14¼.

REFINED.

Sale of a line, 500 October at 32⅜, and 500 each November and December at 32¼. September quoted at 31¾, with that figure bid for 4,000 bbls; October, 32⅜@32½; and last three months, 32¾.

LUBRICATING OILS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Eclipse Winter Lubricating oil | 40c |
| Eclipse Railroad Axle | 35c |
| Eclipse Machinery | 75c |
| Eclipse Spindle | 80c |

RECEIPTS OF CRUDE OIL BY A. V. R. R.

| | |
|---|---|
| Lyons & Co. | 160 bbls. |
| Byers & Co. | 240 " |
| H. McKelvy | 240 " |
| D. Bly & Co | 49 " |
| J. J. Vandegriff | 800 " |
| Fisher Bro. | 640 " |
| T. Chess | 160 " |
| Total | 2,289 bbls. |

OIL SHIPPED EAST BY A. V. R. R.

Livingston & Bro., 300 cases refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

P. Weisenberger 350 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Forsyth & Bro., 207 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Lockhart, Frew & Co. 589 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Phila.

B. W. Morgan & Co., 211 bbls ref. oil to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

W. McKeown, 50 bbls refined to H. Blair Howitz, Philadelphia.

J. C. Kirkpatrick & Co., 106 bbls to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Braun & Wagner 542 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Montzheimer, Koehler & Co. 504 bbls ref. to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Fulton, M. & Co., 251 bbls refined to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

McKelvy & Bro., 532 bbls ref. oil to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Citizens Oil Co. 469 bbls refined to Tack Bros., Philadelphia.

Total.....3,811 bbls; 300 cases.

OIL SHIPPED EAST AT DUQUESNE DEPOT.

Brooks, Ballentine & Co. 95 bbls ref. to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

D. Bly, 50 bbls lubricating to E. B. Hubley, Philanelphia.

## Dry Goods.

NEW YORK, Sept. 23.—Owing to the disturbed condition of gold and money market, and the downward tendency of cotton, the market for textile fabrics is marked by less animation, and certain styles of cotton goods are a little easier. Red Cross Wigans are down from 14½ to 13½; Green Star do. from 14 to 13½; Congress do. from 12½ to 12; Swift river Tickings from 16½ to 16, and Thorndike do. from 17½ to 17c.

## ALLEGHENY CATTLE MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, Sept. 27, 1869.

CATTLE.

There was again a very full supply of cattle on sale to-day, nearly eleven hundred, though the market does not differ much from that of last week. Perhaps, taking the number into consideration, the quality was not quite as good, and now, as then, while prime fat cattle sold readily, and that, too, at full prices, the lower grades were very abundant, and could only be sold at very low figures. We do not say that good butcher's stock sold for any more than last week, but we feel satisfied that they brought fully as much, and a larger number of this particular kind could have been sold.

As will be seen by reference to the report of sales, prime to extra fat steers sold at from 7½ to 7¾@8; good to medium at 6@7, and stockers at 4@5½, according to quality and condition. Fresh cows sold at from $50@75.

There was again a very fair number of Penna. cattle on sale to-day, though Ohio, Indiana and Illinois, were also pretty well represented, and it looked, at 11 o'clock, A. M., as if there would be a good many left over unsold, though sometimes a large number of cattle are sold during the last hour or two of the market—some buyers hold off until near noon, hoping thereby to be enabled to buy cheaper.

James Shaw sold 5 head Mercer county stock, at 4,37@4,75.

Wilson & Hart 24 head Washington county heifers and steers, at 3½@5½.

Garwin & Co. 34 head Butler county stock, at 3@5.

Jonathan Davis sold 15 head mixed stock, from Summitt county, Ohio, at 3@5.

Smith & Blue 62 head Ohio and Indiana stock, at 4¼@6¼.

N. Carr sold 52 head stock steers at 4@5 cents.

Marks Bro. sold 91 head from Ohio and Chicago, at 5½@7¾

M. Verner sold 27 head Washington county stock, at 6@7¼; 17 from Chicago at 6@7¼.

John Cullin 19 head Indiana steers, at 7¼@7¾.

Traurman & Lobman 85 mixed stock, at 5¼@7¾.

Hedges & Taylor sold 70 head from Indiana and Illinois, at 6@7.

Homes Lafferty & Co. 60 head of mixed stock, at 5¼@7.

Hazlewood & Blackstock 75 head from Ohio and Illinois, at 5@7 cts.

Greenwald & Kahn 60 head from Ohio; sold 6 extra to F. Beilstein at 8; balance at 6@7¾.

Keefer & Katz 60 head from Chicago, at 5@6½.

Jacob Needy 35 head fair to good Ohio steers, at 6¼@7¼.

Rothchilds & Zeigler 57 h ad Chicago steers, at 5½@7¼; 12 head Butler county stock, for Flinner, at 5@5¾.

Haas & Kraus sold 52 head Ohio steers and heifers, at 5@6¼.

S Lowenstine 24 head Washington county steers and heifers, at 4@6¼.

Peter Hartman 30 head Green county stock, at 4¼@7 cents; sold on commission.

L & J Shamberg sold 90 head mixed stock, at 4,20@7,40.

SHEEP AND LAMBS.

There was also a very full supply on sale to-day, larger than during any preceding week for months, 3,400, and, as might be expected, the market was rather slow, particularly for the lower grades, of which the offerings to-day mainly consisted. Prime fat sheep, however, were scarce and brought full prices, say 4½@5 cts per pound. For further particulars the reader is directed to the following detailed report of sales:

John Kennedy sold 93 lambs, at $1,45; 50 sheep held at $2,25.

Stakely & Bro. 275 head of sheep and lambs.

P. Bannon sold for Blake 48 sheep, at $2½ per head.

R. Stouffer 200 sheep and lambs, sold at $1,75@2,25.

Adam Eckert sold 120 sheep at 1,50@4 00, and 30 lambs at $1,50@3,00.

P. Sheltemantle had 185.

Jacob Emmell 130 sheep, at $1,25@3,50—11 head extra averaging 115 lbs, at 5 cts.

John Walters sold 200 sheep and lambs, at $1,00@3,50.

Garwin & Beeler 250; sheep at $1,50@3,00; lambs about the same.

J. C. McNeese sold 200 sheep and lambe at $1,00@2,50 per head.

M. Flinner sold 125 head sheep and lambs, at $1,50@2,75.

F. Kraus 128 sheep and lambs, at $1,25@1,50 for former, and $1,50@2,50 for latter—50 unsold.

C. H. Moulton 105; sheep at $2,00@4,25; lambs at $1,25@3,00.

John F. Neely 300 sheep and lambs at $1,00@4,00 per head.

John Gallagher sold 90 sheep at an average of $2,75; lambs at $2,25.

J. McMurtry 89 sheep at $1,50@2,50.

J. C. Frazee sold 106 sheep and lambs at $2,50 for latter; and $3,00 for former; 100 left over.

David Jones 57 sheep and lambs, at $2,00@3,50 for latter.

Job Mason 148 sheep from West Virginia—unsold.

F. Alborne 175 from Beaver Co; at $1,25 for lambs and sheep, at $1,75.

W. H. Alexander 80 sheep at $2,00@3,50; 60 lambs at $1,00@2,50.

Johnathan Davis sold 144 sheep and lambs, at $2¾@4¾.

HOGS.

The change in the weather has produced an improved retail demand, though as yet it is by no means active, and prices remain unchanged. Stock Hogs may be quoted at 9½@10¼, and fat Hogs at 10½@11¼.

## MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, September 27.—Cotton without decided change, with sales 1,600 bales at 29c for middling uplands. Flour; receipts 17,824 bbls; heavy and in buyers' favor, with sales 840 bbls at $5,80@6,10 for superfine State and western, $6,20@6,70 for extra State, $6,15@6,75 for extra western, $6,75@6,90 for white wheat extra, $6,20@6,75 for rouud hoop Ohio, $6,50@7,00 for extra St. Louis, and $7@9 for good to choice do. Rye Flour in moderate request, with sales 250 bbls at $4,75@6,25. Corn Meal quiet. Whisky lower, with sales 150 bbls western at $1,18 free. Wheat; receipts 213,383 bush; 1@2c lower with a fair export and moderate milling inquiry, with sales 131,000 bush at $1,30 No. 3 spring old and new to arrive and on spot, $1,40 for common No. 2 do., $1,45@1,49 for winter red and amber western, $1,49½@1,50 for choice do, $1,43@1,45 for winter red Illinois, $1,49 for amber State, $1,56@1,58 for white western, and $1,70 for white Kentucky. Rye quiet. Barley quiet, with sales 3,000 bush Canada West at $1,50. Corn: receipts 90,572 bush; market 1@2c lower, with moderate inquiry; sales 49,000 bush at 97c@$1,04 for unsound new mixed western, $1,05@1,06 for sound do., $1,14 for white western, and $1,10 for western yellow. Oats: receipts 61,710 bush; lower, irregular and unsettled, with sales 46,000 bush at 61@63½c for new southern and western, 63@64 for State. Stock grain in warehouse—wheat 813,571 bush, corn 479,652 bush, oats 94,733 bush, rye 37,968 bush, barley 5,948 bush, malt 91,937 bush, peas 8,517 bushels. Rice was steady, with sales of 50 tierces Carolina at 8@9c. Coffee steady; sales of 6,000 sacks Rio on private terms, 500 mats Java at 23c gold. Sugar quiet; sales of 320 hhds at 12½c for Cuba, 13¾c for Porto Rico. Molasses nominally unchanged, Hops quiet 10@20c. Petroleum nominal. Linseed oil dull, $1@1,01 in casks. Spirits turpentine dull, 43c. Pork dull and heavy; sales of 400 bbls at $31,25@31,37 for mess, closing at $31,37 cash; $27@27,50 for prime and $29,50@30 for prime mess. Beef steady: sales of 110 bbls at $8,50@13,50 for new plain mess, $12@17 for new extra mess. Beef hams quiet, sales of 80 bbls at $18@26. Cut meats quiet; sales of 100 pkgs at 14¾@15c for shoulders, 17@19c for hams; middles quiet and steady, sales of 20 boxes ice cured at 17c. Lard quiet and steady; sales of 320 tierces at 17@18⅛c, chiefly 18¼c, for steam, 18½@19¼ for kettle rendered; also 250 tierces steam seller September at 18¼c. Butter dull, 15@28c for Ohio. Cheese quiet, 13@16½, freights to Liverpool lower; shipments of 30,000 bush wheat at 8¾d per sail and 9½@9¾d per steam.

*Latest*—Flour closed dull and slightly in buyers favor. Wheat quiet and without decided change. Rye nominally unchanged. Oats steady at 62@63½c for western. Corn dull and heavy at $1@1,05 for common to prime mixed western. Pork nominally unchanged. Beef quiet and steady. Cut meats nominal. Bacon firm with fair demand. Lard quiet at 19¼@19¾c for good to prime steam. Eggs quiet and unchanged.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 27.—Tobacco stiff and active at 8@9½c for planters' lugs, 9½@11c for common to medium dark leaf, 15@40 for medium bright leaf. Cotton nominal at 20¾@27c. Hemp firm, with small sales undressed at $1,30; dressed at $2,30. Flour quiet, with good order demand for medium brands; fall super sold at $5@12, extra at $5@5,30, double extra at $5,45@6, treble extra at $6,25@6,50, and choice to fancy family at $6,75@8. Wheat firm but slow, with sales No. 2 red fall $1,07@1,10, No. 1 do. at $1,15@1,18, choice at $1,20@1,22½, No. 2 white $1,12@1,18, choice $1,25. Corn firm, 95c for yellow, $1@1,05 for prime to fancy white. Oats firm 44½@45c in bulk, 48@52c in sacks. Barley dull, $1,05@1,10 for good to prime Iowa, $1,25 for strictly prime Illinois, $1,40 for choice Minnesota, $1,45 for Michigan, $1,70@1,85 for Ohio. Rye heavy, 80@87½c. Whisky quiet and steady, $1,15. Groceries quiet and unchanged. Pork dull and but little doing, $32,50@33. Dry salt meat very firm. Clear rib sides sold at 17¾c. Bacon was held higher, and holders indifferent about selling; shoulders 16½c, held at 16¾c, clear rib sides on orders 19¾c, loose clear sides 19¾c, and packed do. 19¾@20c. Lard dull and but little selling; choice quotes 18¾@18¾c for tierce and 20c for keg. Receipts—500 bbls flour, 1,800 bus wheat, 5,500 bus corn, 21,800 bus oats, 3,300 bus barley, 400 bus rye, 600 hogs.

CHICAGO, September 27.—Eastern Exchange 1-10 off buying, and par selling. Flour dull; sales of spring extras at $4,62½@6,50. Wheat dull and heavy, 1@1½c lower; sales of No. 1 at $1,16; No. 2 opened at $1,12, declined to $1,10, closinal $1,11½. This afternoon No. 2 sold at $1,12 seller September. Corn dull, ¾@1c lower; sales of No. 2 at 75@76½c closing at 75½c; rejected at 73½@75c; no grade 71@73½c. This afternoon the market was active at 75¾@76 seller September, 76c buyer September; 78½c buyer October for No. 2. Oats active and ½@¾c lower, with sales of No. 2 at 42½@42¾c, and rejected, at 41@41½c; closing weak at 42½c for No. 2. Rye steady, with sales of No. 1 at 86½c, No. 2 at 82@83½c. Barley quiet and No. 2 steady at $1,25 cash and seller the month, and $1,20@1,22 seller October. Highwines inactive and nominal at $1,10. Sugars active and firm at 13½@15c for common to prime Cuba. Provisions nominal at $33,75@34 for mess pork, 18@18¼c for lard, 14¼@14¾c for dry salted shoulders, 17@17½c for rough sides, and 18@18½c for short ribs. Freights quiet and firmer at 6½c for wheat and 5½@6c for corn to Buffalo. Receipts for the past 48 hours: 7,500 bbls flour, 122,740 bush wheat, 263,376 bush corn, 103,098 bush oats, 6,768 bush rye, 9,150 bush barley, 1,501 hogs. Shipments: 6,962 bbls flour, 20,453 bush wheat, 88,128 bush corn, 48,624 bush oats, 1,657 bush rye, 4,234 hogs.

CINCINNATI, September 27.—Flour unchanged; family $5,75@6,10. Wheat quiet at $1,15@1,20. Corn dull at 95@96c. Oats at 56@56c. Rye $1. Tobacco firm and unchanged. Whisky $1,15; sales of 590 bbls. Mess Pork quiet but firm, at $32. Lard is held at 18c. Bulk shoulders are in demand at 14½c, but held at 14¾c. Clear bulk sides 18c; no clear rib in the market. Bacon firmer, and prices advancing; shoulders 16¼@16½c, sides, 20c for clear rib and clear sides. Butter firm at 35c. Eggs 20c. Linseed Oil $1@1,02. Petroleum 32@34c. Groceries unchanged and firm. Hogs firmer at $9 to $10 per gross. In gold there is no quotations. Exchange firm at par buying.

CLEVELAND, Sept. 27.—Flour market dull and unchanged. Wheat dull and 1@2c lower, with sales of No. 1 red winter at $1,25@1,26, and No. 2 held at $1,23@1,24, but no sales reported. Corn dull and nominally unchanged, and held at 97c for No. 1 mixed and 95c for No. 2 do. Oats dull but firm at 50c for No. 1 State. Rye market quiet and nominal at $1 for No. 1 and 90@95c for No. 2. Barley market dull and nominal. Pork: demand active and market firm. Petroleum quiet and unchanged, and held at 28c for prime light straw to white, and 28½@29c for standard white in large lots and for jobbing trade at 30@32c; crude dull at $6,50.

LOUISVILLE, September 27.—Flour is active super at $5,00@5,50. Wheat, red at $1,10, white at $1,20. Corn in bulk at 95c@$100. Oats at 50@55c. Rye at 90@95c. Groceries; prime N. O. sugar at 14¼c, prime N. O. molasses at 75c. prime rio coffee at 24½c. Leaf tobacco quiet at $32,50@32,33, sales of 50 hhds at $7,55@12,25. Mess pork quiet at $32,50. Bacon firmer. Shoulders; clear sides at 20½c. Hams; 24c for sugar cured, 25c for extra do. Lard at 19½c, Whisky, raw at $1,15@1,18.

MILWAUKEE. September 27.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat steady at $1,16½ for No. 1, and $1,13 for No. 2. Oats in good demand at 43½c for No. 2. Corn active and lower at 77c for No. 2. Rye steady and unchanged. Grain Freights firmer at 6½@13c to Buffalo and Oswego. Receipts—2,000 bbls flour, 113,000 bush wheat, 6,000 bush oats, 4,000 bush corn. Shipments—8,000 bbls flour, 203,000 bush wheat, 1,000 bush oats.

TOLEDO, September 27.—Flour dull. Wheat dull; No. 1 Michigan $1,38, Amber $1,21, No. 1 red $1,26, No. 2 do. $1,22½, No. 3 do. $1,16. Corn is a shade better; No. 1 90c, No. 2. 86c. Oats is 3c better; No. 1 57c. Receipts—6,600 bbls flour, 129,000 bush wheat, 29,000 bush corn, 40,000 bush oats, 700 bush rye. Shipments—4,000 bbls flour, 61,000 bush wheat, 9,000 bush corn, 2,100 bush oats.

BALTIMORE, September 27.—Flour dull and high grades lower; western family sells at $7@7,75. Wheat dull; prime to choice red brought $1,50@1,55. Corn firmer; white $1,25@1,30. Oats firm at 60@61c. Rye $1,10@1,20. Mess pork firm at $33@33,50. Bacon active and advancing; rib sides 20c, clear rib 20½c, shoulders 17c. Lard quiet at 19½@20c. Whisky dull at $1,19@1,20.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 27.—Beeves are moderately active and prices are rather lower; sales 2,300 head at 8½@8¾c for extra western steers; 7@8c for fair to good, and 6@6½c pep lb gross for common. Sheep higher: sales 11,000 head at 4½@6¼c per lb gross. Hogs in fair demand at an advance; sales 28,000 at $13@13,50 for slopped, and $14@14,50 per cwt net for corn fed.

PHILADELPHIA, September 27.—Flour is greatly depressed but unchanged. Wheat held firm with a light demand; red $1,45@1,50. Rye $1,12. Corn dull and lower; mixed $1,08@1,11. Oats steady and in request; western 63@65c. Petroleum very quiet; crude 22c, and refined 31¾@31¾c. Mess Pork $33@33,50. Lard 18¾c. Whisky declined to $1,20.

DETROIT, September 27.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat; receipts, 34,000 bush; the market is a shade lower; extra white $1,45. No. 1 do. $1,24, regular $1,20, amber $1,20. Corn dull at 80c. Oats steady at 50c. Barley lower at $2,35 per 100 pounds. Lake freights steady at 9½c for wheat to Oswego.

MEMPHIS, September 27.—Cotton market steady with a good inquiry at 26½c for middling; receipts 942 bales: export 941 bales. Wheat $1,25@1,30. Corn $1,10 and scarce. Oats 60c and firm. Hay $25@26. Bran 22½@23c. Pork $34,50. Lard 20½@21c. Bacon firm; shoulders 17c; sides 21c.

## Live Stock Market.

NEW YORK, September 27.—The 4,100 fresh and 400 State on sale to-day, making 8,176 for the week, have broken down the market; sales slow and prices ¼@1c lower on different grades, and about five hundred remain unsold to-night; weather cool and fine, but there are too many cattle; butchers remember the losses of last week, when they sold Texan quarters at $3 each, so they hang back now; of the total 4,000 were Illinois, 1,150 Texans, 990 Kentucky, 850 Ohio, 675 Missouri and 300 New York; there were 800 Texans on sale to day, some of them very poor 5 cwt., and sold at 8c; there was also some very fine Kentucky cattle, but scarcely anything brought more than 16c; some owners refused to sell at the price, and so hold their droves; the offerings to day were about equally divided between Communipaw and Weehawken. Bulk sales were from 13 to 15c and averaging 14c, most drovers are losing money. Sheep are very plenty; fat lambs are scarce. Receipts for the week, 44,800 head, with 11,500 head today. Sheep are nearly unchanged. A car load of 70 pound Ohios, selling at 4¾c a car of 80 pound State 5¾c, with 300 extra Kentucky 100 pound peddled out at 7c. Lambs vary from 6c to 9c, with 50 Canadas 70 pound at 9½c; a car 64 pound at 8½c. Hogs: arrivals, 16,770 for the week, 62 cars to-day; live are worth 9½@10½c, dressed 15¼c; sales of alive: 2 cars Ohio 216 pound at 10¼c, 1 car 200 pound at 10½c.

CHICAGO, Sept. 27.—Cattle active and 10@15c lower at $3,12½@3,75 for Cherokee and common cows, $4,45@4,50 for fair to good cows, and $5.50@7,12½ for fair to good smooth shipping steers. Hogs firm at $8,75@9,25 for fair to medium, and $9,40@10 for good to choice.

ST. LOUIS, September 27.—Cattle; the supply is large and demand active at 2½@6¼c for inferior to choice. Hogs scarce and wanted and prices stiff at 8½@10½c for light to heavy.

## IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD September 27.—2 cars iron ore, Bradys Bend Iron Co: 6 do limestone ore, McKnight, Porter & Co; 2 do do, Zug & Co: 2 do do, Coleman, R & Co: 3 do do, Bryan & Caughey; 1 do do, Union Iron Mill; 1 do shingles, B Schmidt & Co; 1 do do, Cromlow & Coon; 1 do do, lumber, G A Mundorf; 724 cakes copper, C G Hussey & Co: 1 car billets, Nimick & Co; 1 do do, John Moorhead; 500 bxs, 10 crates starch, Rinehart & S; 30 do, 20 do do, J Porterfield & Co; 20 bxs do, Shepard & D; 250 bxs starch, Arbuckles & Co; 88 bbls apples, 33 bxs grapes, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 25 bxs hard ware, Secomb, V. & Co: 1 car stone, P Wolf; 1 do do, J L L Knox; 62 bbls apples, W H Graff & Co; 20 cases hdls, J Woodwell & Co; 5 bbls cullett, Wm McCully: 285 sks rye, J & W Fairley; 10 bbls whisky, R Woods & Co; 5 bbls oil, Lippincott & S; 42 sks oats, Graham & M; 47 bbls rosin, G Hasley; 32 sks wheat, McHenry & H; 50 oil bbls, C A Wormcastle; 10 bbls apples, J S Trimble; 52 do do, L D Kraft; 10 do do, Vangorder & S; 10 do do, J J Pettit; 10 bxs cheese, J A Graff; 69 bbls apples, 3 do quinces, 2 do eggs, Head & M; 6 kgs butter, H Riddle; 18 bbls apple, 5 do cider, C Odmoalder; 95 pcs pipe, Addy & Williams; 1 car wheat, Culp & Shepard; 170 sks oats, Scott & Gisal.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILROAD, September 27.—2 cars metal, Bryan & Co; 3 do do, Superior Iron Co; 4 do do, J Wood & Co; 1 do do, Moorhead & Co; 1 do do, Lommis & Co; 2 do do, Nimick & Co; 5 do Zug & Co; 1 do stone, K Bracken; 1 do do, C Millar; 22 bbls apples, Jos White; 50 bxs cheese, T C Jenkins; 20 do do, F Sellers; 20 do do, S B Robinson; 20 do do, Canfield & K; 147 bgs oats, Bricker & Co; 20 bbls flour, Haworth & D; 10 do do, S Robinson & Co: 1 car fire brick, W Clard; 263 sks oats, Scott & Gisal; 36 bdls handles, W Mardrof; 46 do do, McElroy & Co; 8 bales cotton, A H Childs; 56 tcs hams, E H Myers & Co; 50 bgs feed, W H Knox; 50 do do, Jos Craig; 89 bdls hides, G N Hoffstott; 100 do do, J Hammett & Son; 190 do do, J Y McLaughlin.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, September 28.—1 car metal, H Woodsides-1 do do, Brown & Co; 1 do do, Rees, Graff & Dull; 1 do do, J Moorhead; 2 do; do, McKnight & Co; 1 do grain, S B Floyd & Co; 1 box mdse, C Stewart; 9 sks oats, Keil & Ritchart; 11 pkgs eggs, various owners; 1 car lime, D L Reynolds; 1 car grain, J Stewart; 4 bbls eggs, J Daub; 118 sks oats, 14 do rye, Scott & Gisal; 50 cars coal, Keir, Foster & Co; 41 do do, Armstrong Dickson & Co; 9 do do, Coleman, Rahm & Co.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD, September 27.—10 tcs lard, J H Parker; 10 do do, F Sellers; 10 tcs, 26 kgs lard, Evans, D & Co; 47 pkgs tobacco, W L Jones; 5 bxs bacon, Dalzell & T; 25 bbls whisky, R Woods; 24 do apples, W H Graff, 50 bgs oats, Meanor & D; 28 bgs rags, R Christy; 25 bgs oats, F Schields; 1 car wheat, J L Liggett; 100 bbls flour, J Connor; 1 car fire brick, Anderson & Woods; 1 do do, Park Bro.

PITTSBURGH & CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD, September 27,—28 sks wheat, 25 do oats, A T McGrew; 75 bbls cement, Geo Albree; 3 bbls eggs, Bruggerman & O'Brien; 25 bgs wheat, Scott & Gisal; 76 sks oats, 25 do wheat, Dan Wallace; 64 sks oats, J & A Dietz; 51 do do, W Bingham.


## STEAMSHIPS.

TO LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN.

THE INMAN MAIL STEAMSHIPS

Numbering sixteen first-class vessels, among them the celebrated

CITY OF PARIS, CITY OF ANTWERP,
CITY OF BOSTON, CITY OF BALTIMORE,
CITY OF LONDON,

Sailing EVERY SATURDAY, from Pier 45, North River, New York. For passage or further information apply to

WILLIAM RINGHAM, Jr.
143 SMITHFIELD STREET, Pittsburgh.


## RIVER NEWS.

The river was still rising steady at this port last evening, with 6½ feet in the channel. Weather clear and cool—mercury down to 60, and the indications are that the rain is over for the present.

The New State arrived and departed for Wheeling,

The Oil Valley left for Oil City on Sunday evening; and the Brilliant and Jonn Hanna departed yesterday.

The Belle is the regular packet for Parkersburg to-day, leaving at noon.

The Mollie Ebert, after an absence of several months, during which time she was up to the headwrters of the Missouri, arrived yesterday forenoon. She was fortunate in meeting the rise, as it let her up with but little difficulty. As will be seen by card, the Mollie, with Capt. G. W. Ebert in command, and the veteran Standish Peppard in the office, is announced for Cincinnati and Louisville forthwith, and passengers and shippers should bear this in mind.

The Maggie Hays, Capt. C. B. Martin, with Mr. J. F. Dravo in the office, is announced to leave for St. Louis to-day, without fail.

The Bellevernon, Capt. J. J. Darragh, Jr., is filling up rapidly for New Orleans, and will be ready to take her departure to-morrow or next day.

The Messenger will probably follow the Bellevernon to New Orleans.

The Allegheny was reported falling at Oil City yesterday afternoon, with 5 feet 8 inches in the channel at that point.

—The Wild Duck, Pittsburgh to St. Louis, was at Cairo on Saturday.

—The Glendale left St. Louis for Pittsburgh on Saturday, and the Mary Davage left Cincinnati the same day for New Orleans.

—The Tom Reese, with five barges of iron ore, was lying just above Hawsville on Friday with one of her barges on the rocks apparently in a sinking condition.

—Wm. H. Hendricks died on the 13th in Plymouth, Ill., aged 42. He was an engineer, a very talented machinist, and very quiet and unassuming in his manners. He was an engineer on Illinois River boats for about 20 years. The steamers Illinois, Beardstown and Peoria City were constructed under his supervision.

—We clip the following from the Louisville *Courier* of Saturday: A police officer from New Albany, assisted by officer D. T. Bligh, of this city, yesterday arrested Capt. Joseph Murray, formerly of the Cumberland river trade, upon a charge of burglary preferred by a lady of New Albany. It is said that the lady, whose husband is absent, was awakened the other night by the pressure of a hand upon her foot, and, lying perfectly still, the hand started upon a tour of discovery, when she sprang from her bed and struck a light which revealed the aforesaid gentleman in her room. The Captain promptly gave bail, and the truth or falsity of the accusation will be established in the courts.

## RIVER PACKETS.

VICKSBURG, NEW ORLEANS.

FOR MEMPHIS, NEW ORLEANS AND VICKSBURG.—The fine passenger steamer BELL VERNON, J. J. DARRAGH, Master. Will leave for the above and intermediate ports on WEDNESDAY, 29th inst.

For freight or passage apply on board or to GHRIEST, SWANEY, & CO., or FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

N. B.—Ghriest, Swaney & Co., give through bills lading to Alabama river and Texas ports. se2

FOR MEMPHIS AND NEW ORLEANS—The steamer MESSENGER.....Capt. JESSE DEAN, Will leave for the above and intermediate ports on MONDAY, October 4th, at 4 P. M.

GHRIEST & SWANEY,
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents, se28

EVANSVILLE, CAIRO & ST. LOUIS

FOR EVANSVILLE, CAIRO AND ST. LOUIS.—The fine passenger steamer MAGGIE HAYS, R. C. MARTIN, Commander, Will leave for the above and intermediate ports THIS DAY, at 4 P. M.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents. se17

CINCINNATI AND LOUISVILLE.

FOR CINCINNATI and LOUISVILLE.—The fine passenger steamer MOLLIE EBERT.....Capt. G. W. EBERT, Clerk S. Peppard, will leave for the above and intermediate ports on THIS DAY, 28th inst., at 4 P. M.

For freight or passage apply on board or to se28 FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

WHEELING AND CINCINNATI.

FOR WHEELING, MARIETTA, PARKERSBURG AND CINCINNATI.

Leaves Pittsburgh EVERY SATURDAY 12 M.

The swift and superb Sidewheel Steamer ST. MARYS, T. C. SWEENEY, Commander, will leave as announced above.

For Freight or Passage apply on board, or to FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, or COLLINS & BARNES, Agents.

N. B.—No Freight received after 11 A. M. se10


SEWARD & BENTLEY'S ALISMA FOR THE HAIR

Restores gray and faded Hair to its ORIGINAL COLOR, removes Dandruff,

CURES ALL DISEASES OF THE SCALP,

Prevents BALDNESS, and makes the hair grow Soft, Glossy and Luxuriant.

$1,00 and $1,50 per Bottle. Each Bottle in a Neat Paper Box.

Prepared by SEWARD, BENTLEY & CHENEY, Druggists, Buffalo, N.Y. Sold by all Druggists.

Wholesale Agents—SCHWARTZ & HAZLETT

TRADE MARK.

DITHRIDGE'S FIRE-PROOF Lamp CHIMNEYS.

10:c2h

MARSHALL'S ELIXIR.

MARSHALL'S ELIXIR WILL CURE HEADACHE.
MARSHALL'S ELIXIR WILL CURE DYSPEPSIA.
MARSHALL'S ELIXIR WILL CURE COSTIVENESS.

Price of Marshall's Elixir, $1.00 per bottle. Depot, 1301 Market street. M. MARSHALL & Co., Druggists, Proprietors.

For sale, wholesale and retail, by GEO. A. KELLY, Pittsburgh. fe4:d99-T:TH S

BELTING.

LEATHER AND GUM BELTING.

Also, Gum Packing, Hose, Gaskets, &c., always on hand and for sale, wholesale or retail, by J. & H. PHILLIPS, se2 26 and 28 Sixth Street.

WHITE LIME.—100 barrels Cleveland White Lime; 200 bbls Eastern do., for sale by J B.CANFIELD.


## RAILROADS.

CHANGE OF TIME.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD,

THE ONLY DIRECT ROUTE TO THE OIL REGIONS WITHOUT CHANGE OF CARS.

On and after MONDAY, Sept. 20, 1869 TWO THROUGH TRAINS DAILY (except Sunday) will leave Pittsburgh Depot, corner of Eleventh and Pike streets, for Franklin, Oil City, Buffalo, and all points in the Oil Regions.

| LEAVE PITTSBURGH. | ARRIV IN PITTSBURGH |
|---|---|
| Day Ex..... 7:00 a m | Day Ex..... 5:15 p m |
| Night Ex.... 7:35 p m | Night Ex..... 6:55 a m |
| 1st Hulton... 6:40 a m | 1st Hulton.. 6:25 p m |
| 2d Hulton...11:50 a m | 2d Hulton... 8:50 a m |
| 3d Hulton... 5:00 p m | 3d Hulton... 2:10 p m |
| 4th Hulton..11:00 p m | 4th Hulton.. 7:30 p m |
| Freeport Ac. 8:15 a m | SodaWorks.. 7:30 a m |
| Soda Works.. 6:30 p m | Freeport Ac 6:15 p m |
| Brady's B Ac 3:05 p m | Bradys B Ac 10:05 a m |
| Church..... 1:00 p m | Church..... 10:10 a m |

Express trains stop only at principal points. Accommodation trains stop at all stations

J. J. LAWRENCE, Gen'l Sup't.
TH

# The Pittsburgh Gazette.

PUBLISHED BY
PENNIMAN, REED & CO., Proprietors
W. B. PENNIMAN, JOSIAH KING,
T. P. HOUSTON, N. P. REED,
Editors and Proprietors.

OFFICE:
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TUESDAY, SEPT. 28, 1869.


## UNION REPUBLICAN TICKET.

### STATE.

FOR GOVERNOR:

*JOHN W. GEARY.*

JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT:

*HENRY W. WILLIAMS.*

### COUNTY.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE DISTRICT COURT,
JOHN M. KIRKPATRICK,
ASSISTANT LAW JUDGE, COMMON PLEAS,
FRED'K. H. COLLIER.
STATE SENATE—THOMAS HOWARD.
ASSEMBLY—MILES S. HUMPHREYS,
ALEXANDER MILLAR,
JOSEPH WALTON,
JAMES TAYLOR,
D. N. WHITE,
JOHN H. KERR.
SHERIFF HUGH S. FLEMING.
TREASURER—JOS. F. DENNISTON.
CLERK OF COURTS—JOSEPH BROWNE.
RECORDER—THOMAS H. HUNTER.
COMMISSIONER—HAUNCEY B. BOSTWICK.
REGISTER—JOSEPH H. GRAY.
CLERK ORPHANS' COURT—ALEX. HILANDS.
DIRECTOR OF POOR—ABDIEL McCLURE.

WE PRINT *on the inside pages of this morning's* GAZETTE—*Second Page: Poetry, "Gone Before," General News, Personal, An Advertising Dodge. Third and Sixth pages: Finance and Trade, Markets, Imports, River News. Seventh page: The Pittsburgh Observatory.*

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, 57½f.

U. S. BONDS at Frankfort, 87¾.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 134@135.

### THIS EVENING.

Hon. WILLIAM D. KELLEY, of Philadelphia, will address our citizens at the City Hall—and the Hall will be full. Judge KELLEY, through the course of a long public career, stood well forward among the foremost and most eloquent advocates of Republican freedom, against the special privileges of a class or a race, and of American interests against all foreign rivalry. Our own Commonwealth has had, at home or in its National councils, no truer or more efficient representative. We hope to see his audience, this evening, swelled by the presence of every citizen who believes in the liberty of man, and in the just claims of home industry. None such will go away to-night unsatisfied.

DO NOT FAIL to read the address of the Republican State Central Committee, which is elsewhere published this morning. It is spirited and hopeful and will amply repay perusal.

THE project for the establishment of a new Market House on Fifth avenue, for the accommodation of people residing tn the outlying wards, was not considered yesterday, owing to a press of other matters. We confidently believe that the site selected by the Market Committee will be finally adopted.

THE new water works question was not reached in Common Council yesterday until so late an hour as to preclude the possibility of its being duly considered and discussed. Considerable opposition to the site favorably acted upon by the Select branch, was manifested, and it is not improbable that the entire work will have to be gone over before any selection is made. We think it would be proper and prudent for every member of the Common Council to visit the COLEMAN-RAHM property before the next meeting, so that he may be enabled to vote intelligently on the merits or demerits of the site selected by the members of the Select branch.

THE brief tour of GOV. GEARY through the Western end of the State has been a series of ovations to the distinguished gentleman. He has everywhere been accorded a happy and hearty welcome, and we want no better evidence of his popularity than that furnished by the people thus far in the campaign. His speeches have bedn masterly efforts, eminently worthy of his character and reputation, and not inconsistent with the relations he bears towards the entire people of the Commonwealth as their Chief Executive. Dignified, truthful and just, earnest, sincere and conscientious, Gov. GEARY has succeeded in his recent tour in making many new friends and in adding vastly to the personal popularity he so deservedly enjoys.

THE liberal Republicanism which commends itself to a large proportion of the most intelligent and patriotic citizens of West Virginia, and which the President so cordially endorsed a few days since, does not please that strictest Pharisee of our party, Senator Boreman. This gentleman proposes to resist the abrogation, by the Republican party in that State, of the existing restrictions upon the suffrage, evidently preferring that this business shall be delayed until that extreme moment when its Republican control shall be quite out of the question. It is hardly necessary to add that, if he can have his way in the premises, he is very likely to be at that time found outside of the Republican lines. When we observe the fishy complexion of divers politicians whom our West Virginia friends have heretofore persuaded themselves to trust, and how disagreeably their performances in office have come short of their previous professions, we find much consolation in the assurance that better days and truer representatives are yet in store for their Republican organization.

### THE DELAY, AND ITS FRUIT.

Spain has waited so long for a King, that Republicanism demands to be heard in the control of the situation. The new Constitution expressly recognizes a limited monarchy responsible to the national will, and the Republican Deputies in the Cortes were, with but one or two exceptions, unanimous in pronouncing their adhesion to its provisions. But the necessities of the situation change rapidly when a revolution is suffered to remain incomplete, and the odds now are that the game of monarchism has been played with too deep a finesse. Spain can wait no longer for a regular and permanent government. Prim and Serrano must give place to Castellar and purely republican institutions, or hold their own status at the point of the bayonet.

When Castellar, at Saragossa, a few days since, urged upon the twenty thousand Spaniards who heard his voice, that monarchism should be resisted to the last, it was easy to foresee that an hour of trial was soon coming for that people which had dethroned despotism without a struggle, and which had borne the progress of intrigues the most insulting to Spanish pride with a calm patience astonishing to the world. The same revolution, not a counter one, at last advances with that step which has been plainly foreseen, and Spain, which has for more than a year past been better governed without a crown than ever before by an immemorial line of kings, is invited to discard the forms of royalty forever.

The ambition of the Regency has made the opportunity of the people. The intrigues which have procrastinated the occupation of the throne promise now to result in overthrowing that throne forever. Republicanism, the idea of national liberty and popular self-government, has thriven while the Regency has paltered; it is clearly fourfold stronger now than at the elections which summoned the present Cortes to the government of the realm of a deposed Queen. The coming struggle will show whether the Spaniards have ripened, under the strangely fostering experiences of the years past, into such complete fitness for self-government as shall justify and sustain the counsels of the Republican leaders. If Spain be all ripe for democratic institutions as Castellar and his friends evidently believe, her people will make short work of the intrigues of Serrano, the bayonets of Prim, and the lingering hopes of the monarchists.

### A SLANDERER SELF-CONVICTED.

Some days ago the *Commercial*, after recapitulating the details of a "People's" movement in Cincinnati, against the Republican organization, expressed in strong terms the belief that a similar movement in Allegheny county would be productive of beneficial results in defeating and rebuking bad men who were candidates for office. In consequence, on Saturday last, we appealed to our contemporary to name the improper candidates, and to specify in what their badness consists. In reply we got this, and no more:

"There is a chance for some "organ" to read a dozen or twenty of the most influential and leading Republican papers in New York out of the party for inculcating the policy and importance of having corruptionists wherever they manage to procure a nomination. The *Tribune*, not having the fear of any "organ" in its heart, boldly affirms the belief that "this is a good year for bolting," by which is meant that it cannot, "under any conceivable circumstances, become the duty of Republicans to vote for notoriously unfit men because of their having received Republican nominations." This being the language of the most influential portion of the Republican press of the State, will not some "organ" proceed at once to read the *Tribune* and its fellow traitors out of the party—at the very least shout that they are in the pay of the enemy and demoralized wretche? In the absence of any other, will not our "organ" try its hand at the business? With a single exception the Chicago Republican papers spotted the regular party nominations, made by the ring, and now give an earnest support to the citizens' ticket. Will not some "organ" or other please read these traitorous papers out of the party?"

This is precisely what we expected—another stream of generalities, and nothing else. We shall not let our contemporary off on these terms. The New York *Tribune*, which it holds up as an example, pursues an open and honorable course. On last Saturday, in justifying the refusal of the Chatauqua County Convention to renominate Mr. Bemus for the Legislature, it said:

"His name is second on the list of twenty Assemblymen elected as Republicans, who betrayed their constituents and helped Tammany to rush through the swindling Hodges Tax Levy for this city. The last Legislature was guilty of many flagrantly corrupt acts, and there were many votes, less notorious than this, that should be equally effective as a perpetual bar against the choice of the men who cast them to any office of trust again. But this iniquity was open, shameless and monstrous. No man could doubt the fraud, and its extent was Six Millions of Dollars. The members who voted for it could have done so only on some sort of a bargain and sale. We said so at the time; we have steadily held every man of them to that accountability ever since, and we once more warn Republicans throughout the State that to re-elect any one of the lot is deliberately to choose a corruptionist to represent them. Here are the names:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Atkin, | Clark, G. | Hegeman, | Stewart, D. |
| Bemus, | Conger, | Hodges, | Stuart, W H. |
| Bender, | Crane, | Ray, H. | Summers, |
| Calkins, | Ferris, J., | Rich, | Thornton, |
| Carpenter, | Harris, | Schoonmaker, | Whitmarsh, |

"We do not care how many nominations these men receive. They may come before us panoplied with proofs of regularity and indorsed by a dozen local committees; but we insist that the Republican who votes for any one of them does himself and his party a grave injustice, and casts his influence in favor of the spread of corruption. The highest Republican duty this fall is to bolt the nomination of any Republican candidate with a notoriously bad record."

This is not stabbing in the dark. It is not blasting men's reputations by suggestion or inuendo. It is not confounding the innocent with the guilty, by imputations so general that they cannot be met. But this is plain and manly denunciation, accompanied by direct and pungent specification. In this way we would have the *Commercial* deal with those against whom its malice is aroused. But we know it will not so deal. It is not in its nature to be fair and honorable. Besides, it has no accusations to make against any one of the Republican candidates, either on the State or County ticket, which it dares undertake to support with a show of evidence. It prefers to earn a cheap and unsubstantial reputation with ignorant or passionate readers as a champion of reform, by sweeping but unsupported defamation of whole classes.

Besides, the *Commercial* forgets that it put in a prompt and fulsome endorsement of the ticket and every man on it. What has occurred to change its views and purposes in regard to them? If it has come into possession of fresh facts which warrant its change of front, why don't it reveal what the facts are, and so vindicate itself as well as confound its opponents?

We offered, weeks ago, if our contemporary would make out a case against any Republican candidate to join it in compelling his withdrawal, or else in securing his defeat. We announced, in the broadest terms, that we repudiated the pretended obligation to support bad men because they managed to be regularly nominated. From that position we shall not budge, now or hereafter. But the *Commercial* fails to point out any one man on the ticket who is objectionable in character or qualifications. It has been standing as an accusor for months, but obstinately refuses to tell who it is incensed against and for what reason. We cannot join hands with it in so flagitious and disreputable a crusade.

So long as our neighbor maintains its present attitude, it ought not to wonder that it receives no countenance from the Republican National, State, County and City organizations. If it was engaged in hunting corrupt men out of positions of influence, it would be rendering meritorious service to the party, but it does nothing of the sort. It simply assails the party, without specification and proof, as persistently and commonly nominating bad men. On this ground it urges a withdrawal of confidence and support from the party; and urges independent movements for its overthrow.

When we set out a week ago it was with the intention of constraining the *Commercial* to take such an attitude as would abundantly satisfy all reasonable citizens that it had in point of fact no definite complaints to make against any one candidate on the Republican ticket; in other words, to demonstrate that it was not a reformer, but a disorganizer. Having accomplished all that, we now go about other business.

### MR. PACKER AND HIS TAXES.

The point raised against Mr. Packer that he has dishonorably evaded the just payment of taxes has produced such effect upon the voters of the Commonwealth, that his leading advocates have been forced to take up the matter. Of course, in dealing with the facts they endeavor to make them carry the best possible face, to this end straining them from their natural connection, and interjecting some statements which are not facts, but flagrant misrepresentations.

On Saturday, the Philadelphia *Age* made a vigorous but unsuccessful attempt to prove that Mr. Packer had never sought to avoid the payment of taxes properly assessed or assessable. It was careful, however, not to make any allusion to taxes alleged to be owing to the General Government on several millions of dollars in bonds held by that gentleman, or on income from other sources.

The first point it makes is that Mr. Packer did not change his residence from Mauch Chunk to Philadelphia, in order to get rid of taxes, but to meet the necessities of his business. Now, we are aware that a place of residence is very much a matter of intention rather than of argument. A man may have as many homes as he can afford, or finds convenient. But, we must be allowed to say that when the *Age* gravely affirms that Mr. Packer, having a fortune of twenty millions of dollars, took up his abode in a third-rate hotel, and stays there year after year, because he can find no dwelling house to suit him, it makes a statement which it is really difficult to accept, especially in view of other facts which cannot be ignored.

Mr. PACKER's taxes at Mauch Chunk amounted in 1867 to more than half of the duplicate of that borough. It was at this precise pinch that he put in the plea that he was no longer a resident of Carbon county, but was a resident of Philadelphia. So far as this circumstance counts at all, it is not in favor of the position taken in his behalf.

But it is claimed for Mr. PACKER that in 1867, when he contested the payment of his taxes in Carbon county, he did so because his personal property was assessed as well as his real estate, and this on the plea that his personal estate should have been assessed in Philadelphia. It is farther claimed that he paid the whole assessment, with the understanding that thenceforward his personal property should not be taxed in Carbon. The inference drawn is, that it was magnanimous in him to pay a large sum of taxes for which he was not legally liable. It seems more probable that he consented to pay those taxes because none had been assessed against him in Philadelphia. The inference would be that in Philadelphia, at least, he had kept quiet as to his claim of being a citizen there, insomuch that he was not on the assessor's list.

The only other point of consequence brought forward is, that prior to 1868, Mr. Packer was individually liable for taxes upon interests held by him in the Lehigh Valley Railroad, and that the Company was made liable therefor by act of Assembly of that year; and hence the difference between the respective assessments at Mauch Chunk and Philadelphia. This will not do. The act of April 29, 1844, made interests in any incorporated company subject to taxation, and in case dividends were not declared and paid, provided for an appraisal of the stock, and subjected the stock itself to taxation. The plain meaning of the law was that the respective companies should pay these taxes; but a somewhat loose practice may possibly have grown up, some companies paying and others leaving the individual stockholders to pay, but of this we have no evidence, and none especially in the case under consideration.

The act of March 31, 1864, extended the application of the former statute, but so far from modifying it, provided for the forfeiture of the charters of all companies that failed to comply.

The act of May 1, 1868, which was designed as a general revision of the tax system of the State, made no change in the taxation of stocks or dividends, but only made it mandatory on the various corporations to pay the taxes assessed on their capital or earnings. It cannot, therefore, be true that an alteration in the law in 1868, released Mr. Packer from a large amount of taxation to which he had previously been liable. Whoever will take the pains to compare the statutes of 1868, 1864, and 1844, will see that this is so.

If we recollect right, the Lehigh Valley Railroad was not completed until the summer of 1867. The first quarterly return of business made by it to the Auditor General, in conformity with the tax laws, was made in November of that year. When it commenced paying dividends, we have no means of determining. Prior to paying dividends that stock was subject to appraisement each year for purposes of taxation, and the Company itself was bound to respond.

So far, then, the *Age* has not cleared this case at all, but only contrived to show how little can be offered in defence of Mr. PACKER in the matter wherein he is incriminated. If it has more light to shed, the voters will be glad to see it. It has become decidedly fashionable for rich men to be strangely poor one day in the year, and that is the day they make returns to the assessors. There has been more of this than the masses are willing to stand, or than the general government can endure. It may be that when Mr. DELANO shall have the income taxes for last year reassessed, additional information may be accessible on this head. Let him hurry up, so that Mr. PACKER's case may be authoritatively expounded before election day.

### The New High School Building—The Laying of the Corner Stone—Programme to be Followed.

Extensive arrangements are being made for the proper celebration of the laying of the corner stone in the foundation for the new High School Building in the Eighth Ward. Mr. R. H. Kelley, who has been chosen Chief Marshal for the procession, has arranged the following programme which will be followed closely in order to secure order:

The Teachers of all the city Public and High Schools with the pupils of the Grammar and Intermediate Departments, will assemble in line on Tuesday the 30th at 9½ o'clock A. M., on Penn street, the right resting on Fifth, formerly Pitt street.

The following orders will be observed in the formation of the line: The Central Board of Education: Faculty and pupils of Central High School, and Professors of Music will form the extreme right.

The District schools and their respective Local Boards, in alphabetical order. The centre and left divisions.

The procession will move by way of Pitt, Liberty, Fifth avenue and Wylie streets to Fulton, the site of the new Building.

The citizens and friends of Public school education are respectfully requested to join in the procession and witness the ceremonies. Hon. J. P. Wickerham, State Superintendent, will be present and address the Pupils, Directors and Teachers. It is estimated some two thousand five hundred to three thousand pupils will form in the procession, all of whom will wear silk badges bearing appropriate mottoes and devices.

The following programme of exercises will be observed at the corner stone:

Music.
Prayer, by Rev. Alex. Clark.
Depositing documents and Laying corner stone.
Song—"America," by Pupils.
Oration, by John H. Kerr, Esq., of the P. C. H. S. Alumni Association.
Music—Instrumental.
Oration, by Geo. N. Munro, Esq.
Song—"Invocation Ode," by Pupils.
Address, by Prof. J. P. Wickersham, A. M., State Superintendent.
Music.
Remarks, by Geo. J. Lucky, A. M., City Superintendent, Phineas Dean, A. M., Principal of High School, T. J. Craig, member of Central Boarhd, Geo. H. Anderson, member of Central Board.
Song—"Dedicatory Ode," by Pupils.
Doxology.
Music.

**Severe Fall.**—Sunday night Jefferson Fleming, residing at Tritton Grove, one mile from Noblestown, while returning home, fell out of his buggy, dislocating his shoulderblade and breaking his collar bone. He received medical attention at his home.

### THE O'CONNOR-TACK CASE.

#### The Final Decision of the Referee Vindicating the Messrs. Tack.

The general business community must be thoroughly acquainted with the history of the case which has for some time past occupied the attention of the Philadelphia Quarter Sessions, of James O'Connor *vs* Jack Brottens, a vexatious suit growing out of an oil transaction made by the defendants in their capacities as commission merchants acting as factors for the plaintiff. Prior to the commencement of the suit, the Messrs. Tack sustained an enviable reputation for honesty and integrity, and their friends were aggrieved that the charges made by Mr. O'Connor should have obtained publicity before any opportunity was afforded for them to be fairly and squarely met in a court of Justice. At the inception of the announcement that the suit had been commenced, the Pittsburgh Petroleum Association, having large confidence in the defendants, unanimously passed a resolution asserting their faith in their honesty and asking for the suspension of public opinion until such time as the matter might be disposed of in a legal manner. The plaintiff tenaciously followed the case, and had engaged in the prosecution very bright and able legal gentlemen in order to insure the conviction of the defendants evidence of an exhaustive and thoroughly searching nature was taken, and proved voluminous enough to fill a genteel sized book. Indeed, considered from every stand point the trial was a most remarkable one, and as it has resulted in a beggarly award to the plaintiff whose claims amounted to over thirty thousand dollars, the vindication of the Tack Brothers is full and complete. They had much at stake in the legal duel, inasmuch as their vast business connections, their high reputation as commercial agents and operators and their personal characters were involved in the issue. They now emerge from the legal ordeal with name and fame as bright as ever and with no dishonorable act fastened upon them.

We herewith subjoin the decision of the referee which is final and conclusive, both parties being willing to acquiesce to it as it comes from such a distinguished, honorable and unimpeachable source. It may be well to preface the statement with the announcement that while Mr. O'Connor's claims amounted to $31,881.25, the Messrs. Tack put in counter claims of $3,978.79, and the award taken on claims and counter claims, several of which have been allowed either party, making the balance of the award in favor of Mr. O'Connor. Here is the decision by ex-Judge Story of the Supreme bench, the Referee;

"I, the undersigned, to whom the foregoing reference was made, under a rule of the Supreme Court of January 21, 1869, having been duly sworn justly and equitably to try all matters in variance submitted to me, having heard the parties at length by their counsel, and having considered their claims, proofs and averments, do report that I find there is due, and I so award, to the plaintiff, from the defendants, the sum of *six hundred and ninety seven dollars and eighty eight cents.*

In explanation of this award, I add that I have charged the defendants with the differences due the plaintiff on their sale to him and Robert Finney of twenty-five hundred barrels of oil, in March, 1867, with interest thereon; also with what the plaintiff has become liable to pay in consequence of his contract with M. and P. Badetty, made through the defendants, with interest thereon, and also with one thousand dollars money, had and received by the defendants to the use of the plaintiff, with interest thereon.

*I have disallowed* ALL OTHER CLAIMS OF THE PLAINTIFF AS NOT SUSTAINED IN LAW AND IN FACT.

I have credited the defendants with *commissions earned* so far as I think them entitled thereto, and *with interest thereon.* I have also credited them with money expended by them in settlement of a contract of plaintiff with Kirkpatrick & Co., also with five-eighths of a sum of money expended by them in the settlement of a contract of the plaintiff with Bunker Bros. & Co., with interest on said sums. The larger claims of the defendants I have disallowed.

By the agreement under which the case was referred to me, it was stipulated that "the referee's and the cost of the reference, and the compensation of the phonographer, as well as the taxable costs of the civil suits, which have been instituted, both as against the defendants and the suit against the plaintiff, shall be paid by the party or parties against whom the referee shall make his award." I have not thought this authorized me to include the costs in those civil suits in the sum awarded, but at the request of the counsel of both parties I report that of those costs and expenses there have been paid by the plaintiff, including interest thereon, the sum of *seven hundred and eighty-two dollars and ten cents,* which, under the agreement, is due from the defendants to the plaintiff.

### POLITICAL.

#### Thirteenth Ward Nominations.

Following is the result of the Republican primary election held in the Thirteenth ward, Saturday, Sept. 25th, 1869:

*Select Council*—(One to nominate.)—Samuel Ewart, [2 yrs.,] 72; *E. P. Jones, [2 yrs.,] 125.

*Common Council*—(Two to nominate.)—*Charles P. Duff, 81; *Winfield S. Smith, 77; Edward T. Cassiday, 29; Robt. Arthurs, 69; Wm. A. Gildenfenney, 27; John K. Musgrave, 76.

*School Directors*—(Two to nominate.)—John Harrison, [3 yrs.,] 119; *W. S. McCutcheon, [3 yrs.,] 181.

*Judge of Election*—(One to nominate.) Robert Arthurs, 38; Frank McCutcheon, 68; *R. J. Powers, 73.

*Inspector of Election*—(One to nominate.)—Robert G. Atkinson, 38; Peter Milligan, 49; *W. S. Graham, 95.

*Return Inspector*—(One to nominate.) *A. B. Rutledge, 113; W. H. Cassiday, 42.

*Constable*—(One to nominate.)—*Geo. Evans, 120; Robert Roy, 54.

#### Third Ward Nominations.

We to-day republish the list of ward nominations by the citizens of the Third ward. Several names having been omitted by mistake in our former notice, we give the list to-day in full, so that none of our Republican voters will be led astray.

*Select Council*—Dr. T. J. Gallaher.
*Common Council*—David Sims, John Jahn and Jos. Shoeb.
*Alderman*—George Nubert.
*Judge of Election*—John T. Brown.
*Inspector*—James McAllister.
*Return Inspector*—Peter Dressler.
*School Directors*—For three years, David Sims and John Gripp; for two years, Henry Daub and J. T. Slagle; for one year, Louis Duft.
*Constable*—Peter Kruder.

#### Fifteenth Ward Democratic Nominations.

The following nominations were made at the Fifteenth ward Democratic primary meeting, on Saturday evening, September 25th, 1869:

*Select Council*—A. H. Ahlborn.
*Common Council*—Philip Welsenberger, Samuel Cameron, Thos. D. Keller, Stewart H. Watson.
*School Directors*—John C. O'Donnell, Bernard Burns.
*Judge of Elections*—John W. O'Brien.
*Inspector of Elections*—James V. Hammer.
*Return Inspector*—Alfred Gable.
*Assessor*—A. H. Ahlborn.
*Assistant Assessor*—Jas. V. Hammer.
*Constable*—Thos. Meehan.

#### Fifth Ward Politics.

The following is the regularly nominated ticket of the Democracy of the Fifth (old Third) ward:

*Select Council*—John C. McCarthy.
*Common Council*—Patrick Bradley, Thomas Pender, M. J. Magann.
*School Directors*—C. B. Strain, Owens Corcoran.
*Inspector*—M. Rosenbaum.
*Return Inspector*—Thos. McIntire.
*Constable*—C. P. Bradford.

Mr. McCarthy, the nominee for Select Council is the able and experienced gentleman who now represents the ward in the Common branch.

#### Meeting in the Allegheny Diamond.

Notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather the meeting in the Allegheny Diamond last evening was largely attended, and was quite a spirited affair. Dr. Francis Hardtmeyer presided. Addresses were made by Hon. Mahlon Chance, of Ohio, and Hon. Thos. Howard, which were well received by the people. Additional interest was lent to the occasion by the inspiring music from a brass band, which discoursed previous to and at the close of the meeting.

**Meeting at Bridgeville.**—On Saturday night a rousing meeting was held in Bridgeville, Upper St. Clair township. Mr. J. G. Curry presided, with Messrs. Isaac Craig and T. Tyler as Vice Presidents, and David Donaldson Secretary. Spirited addresses were made by Hon. Thomas Ewing and Hon. Thomas Howard, and at a late hour the meeting adjourned.

**Second Ward Politics.**—The Republican voters of the Second Ward will meet at the Public School House on Thursday next for the purpose of suggesting names of candidates for the Ward offices. The primary election will be held on the Thursday following.

**Horse Killed.**—Yesterday morning about seven o'clock, the driver of a two horse team attempted to cross the railroad track on Sandusky street, Allegheny, in advance of an approaching locomotive. The attempt was not a marked success, or sufficient to induce a repetition of it. A dead horse and a terrible fright for the driver were among the results. The other animal fortunately escaped.

—Mrs. Lucy Morehead Porter, the newly appointed Postmistress of Louisville, will probably assume her duties on the 4th of October. Of the forty-one persons employed in the Postoffice, it is said thirty-two will be dismissed.

—At a row in the "Office Saloon" at Dayton, Ohio, Sunday, John and Charles Stout, two brothers, were stabbed fatally, it is feared. Six men who were foremost in the affray have been arrested.


### THOU BRINGEST ME LIFE—LUNG-WORT.

One of the truest and most suggestive ideas can be obtained from the caption at the head of this article; for of all diseases which impair human health and shorten human life, none are more prevalent than those which affect the lungs and pulmonary tissues. Whether we regard lung diseases in the light of a merely slight cough, which is but the fore-runner of a more serious malady, or as a deep lesion corroding and dissolving the pulmonary structure, it is always pregnant with evil and foreboding of disaster. In no class of maladies should the physician or the friends and family of the patient be more seriously forewarned than in those of the lungs, for it is in them that early and effielent treatment is most desirable, and it is then that danger can be warded off and a cure effected. In DR. KEYSER'S LUNG CURE you have a medicine of the greatest value in all these conditions. An alterative, a tonic, a nutrient and resolvent, succoring nature and sustaining the recuperative powers of the system, Its beautiful workings, in harmony with the regular functions, can be readily observed by the use of one or two bottles: it will soon break up the chain of morbid sympathies that disturb the harmonious workings of the animal economy. The harrassing cough, the painful respiration, the sputum streaked with blood, will soon give place to the normal and proper workings of health and vigor.

An aggregated experience of over thirty years has enabled Dr. Keyser, in the compounding of his LUNG CURE, to give new hope to the consumptive invalid and at the same time speedy relief in those now prevalent, catarrhal and throat affections, so distressing in their effects and so almost certainly fatal in their tendencies, unless cured by some appropriate remedy. DR. KEYSER'S LUNG CURE is so thorough and efficient, that any one who has ever used it, will never be without it in the house. It will often cure when everything else fails, and in simple cases will cure oftentimes in a few days.

The attention of patients, as well as medical men, is respectfully invited to this new and valuable addition to the pharmacy of the country.

DR. KEYSER may be consulted every day until 1 o'clock P. M. at his Great Medicine Store, 167 Liberty street, and from 4 to 6 and 7 to 9 at night.

### KEEP THE BODY IN GOOD REPAIR.

It is much easier to keep the system in good condition than to restore it to that condition when shattered by disease. The "House of Life," like other houses, should be promptly propped up and sustained whenever it shows signs of giving way. The first symptom of physical debility should be taken as a hint that a stimulant is required. The next question is, "what shall the stimulant be?"

A wholesome vegetable tonic, the stimulating properties of which are modified by the juices and extracts of anti-febrile and laxative roots and herbs—something which will regulate, soothe and purify, as well as invigorate—is the medicine required by the debilitated. There are many preparations which are claimed to be of this description, but HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, the great vegetable preventive and restorative that has won its way to the confidence of the public and medical profession by a quarter of a century of unvarying success, stands pre-eminent among them all. To expatiate on its popularity would be to repeat a twice told tale. It is only necessary to consult the records of the United States Revenue Department to learn that its consumption is greater than that of any other proprietary remedy of either native or foreign origin.

As a means of sustaining the health and strength under a fiery temperature, the BITTERS have a paramount claim to consideration. It has the effect of fortifying and bracing the nervous and muscular systems against the ordinary consequences of sudden and violent changes of temperature, and is therefore peculiarly useful at this season when hot sunshine by day and ice-cold dews by night, alternately heat and chill the blood of those who are exposed to them.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS are sold in bottles only. To avoid being deceived by counterfeits, see that the name of the article is on the label, and embossed on the glass of the bottles, and our revenue stamp over the cork.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

**☞SUNDAY SCHOOL UNION**

OF PITTSBURGH, ALLEGHENY and vicinity, meets TUESDAY EVENING, at 7½ o'clock, in the CHRISTIAN CHAPEL, corner Beaver and North Common, Allegheny City.

se28:o92 H. K. PORTER, President.

**TWIN BROTHER Yeast Cakes.**

Just received a fresh supply of these celebrated dry hop YEAST CAKES, for sale by the dozen, gross or at retail, at the Family Grocery store of JNO. A. RENSHAW,

se28 Corner Liberty and Ninth streets.

**BURN'S RESTAURANT**, corner Sixth avenue and Smithfield street, keep constantly on hand OYSTERS IN EVERY STYLE and the strictest attention given to Daily Boarders. Also those wishing single meals shall be served with the best the market affords at the most reasonable terms.

We keep also the finest choice WINES AND ALES. se28

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, PITTSBURGH, Sept. 28, 1869.

**NOTICE.—The assessment for** Grading, Paving and Curbing BEECH ALLEY from Pride to Ellenberger street, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until FRIDAY, October 8th, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection.

se23:o100 H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

**ALLEGHENY COUNTY, ss:**—SARAH E. MYERS, by her next friend, J. S. Smith, vs. JAMES MEYERS.

In Court of Common Pleas, No. 133, June Term, 1869, Libel in Divorce.

To James Meyers, the respondent above named: You are hereby notified to be and appear at a court of Common Pleas, to be held in the City of Pittsburgh, in and for said county, on the FIRST MONDAY OF DECEMBER next, to show cause, if any you have, why the said Sarah E. Meyers should not be divorced from you by the decree of said Court, agreeably to the prayer of her petition, as filed in the above case.

SAMUEL B. CLULEY, Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, PITTSBURGH, Sept. 27, 1869. se28:o91-T

**A. A. ANDERSON & SONS,**

Book and Job Printers,

67 AND 69 FIFTH AVENUE,

Dispatch Building, Pittsburgh.

Having extra large founts of Types, and Press facilities for the RAPID execution of

**PAPER BOOKS,**

Would respectfully solicit the patronage of the legal fraternity.

Those who favor us with their orders, can rely on having them done NEATLY, and

AT THE TIME AGREED ON.

**All Kinds of**

**ELECTION PRINTING**

**PROMPTLY EXECUTED.**

se27:o89

**RAMALEY'S**

**HAT PARLOR,**

No. 22 Fifth Avenue.

A FULL STOCK

OF

HATS AND CAPS

OF THE SEASON.

se13:o45-TTHS

*Iron City College.*

**Corner of Penn and Sixth Streets.**

*EVENING SESSIONS*

Commence Monday, October 4th.

UNEQUALED ADVANTAGES afforded to Clerks and Young Men engaged during the day for acquiring a thorough practical business education, by attending evenings only.

Instead of a single teacher employed to give instruction in all branches promiscuously, separate Professors are provided for each department of study, thus securing efficiency and rapid progress at the same time.

SMITH & COWLEY,

se25:sTTHS PRINCIPALS.

**NEW VOLUME OF**

**LANGE'S COMMENTARY**

Epistle to the Romans,

BY

J. P. Lange, D. D., & Rev. F. R. Fay,

Translated from the German, by J. F. HURST, D. D., with additions by P. SCHAFF, D.D., and Rev. M. B. RIDDLE. 1 vol. 8vo. Cloth.

For Sale by

**JOSEPH HORNER,**

*129 Smithfield Street.*

se25-TTHS

**ESTABLISHED 1828.**

H. HIGBY.....ALBERT HIGBY.

**H. HIGBY & CO.,**

Importers and dealers in

China, Glass & Queensware,

Fine Plated Ware, Table Cutlery, Castors, Waiters and Brittania Ware.

**No. 189 LIBERTY STREET,**

A few doors above Sixth street, (late St Clair.) N. B.—Glass Ware engraved to order on short notice. au26:n50

**HENDERSON J. & BROTHERS,** 366 Liberty street, Dealers in Drugs, Paint and Patent Medicines. ja5:29

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

**BARGAINS!**

Plaid and Stripe Arabs,

Balmoral and Hoop Skirts,

Corsets and Kid Gloves,

Black Thibet Shawls,

Long and Square Paiseley Shawls,

Poplin Plaid—new styles,

31c. Brown Alpacas—an extra bargain,

31c. Empress Repps and Corded Poplins,

37 1-2c. Diagonal Corded Dress Goods,

37 1-2c. Silk Mixed Epingle for Suits,

37 1-2c. Bonjon Repps—cheap Goods,

50c. 4-4 English Merinoes,

50c. Tamese Poplin Cloth,

62 1-2c. Angola Corded Repps 4-4.

62 1-2c. Velour Diagonal Repps.

31c. to 62 1-2c, Black Alpacas, the best goods ever shown at these prices.

50c. Heavy Loom Table Linens,

**WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.**

E. R. GARDNER,

**No. 69 Market Street,**

West Corner Market and Fourth.

se28:TTHS

**PROPOSALS**

FOR

Lumber, Bricks, Slate, Glass & Copper.

Sealed proposals will be received at this Arsenal until 10 A. M. on TUESDAY, October 5th, 1869, for furnishing

80,000 feet White Pine Flooring, best quality, 1½ by 6 inches by 12, 14, 16 and 18 feet long.

96,000 feet White Pine Sheathing Boards 1½ by 8 inches by 12, 16 and 18 feet long.

95,000 feet White Pine Joists 2½ by 5 inches, and 16 feet long.

20,000 feet White Pine Joists 2½ by 4 inches, and 16 feet long.

All lumber to be of good quality, entirely free from large or loose knots, sap, shakes, splits and rot, and all to be delivered at site of shops at this Arsenal before the close of navigation in 1869.

Proposals will be made per thousand feet, board measure, and will state whether the lumber will be delivered on cars or wagons.

SEALED PROPOSALS will also be received at this Arsenal until 10 A. M. on WEDNESDAY, October 26th, 1869, for furnishing the following materials:

About 1 100,000 Bricks for floor arches.

All bricks must be of the best quality, sound and well burnt. Samples will be furnished with the bids.

Proposals will be made per thousand bricks, delivered at site of shops, at this Arsenal, and will state whether on cars or wagons. Delivery to commence by 1st of May, 1870, and all to be delivered before August 1st, 1870.

ALSO, for furnishing and putting in mortar with copper nails, about 600 squares (of 100 square feet) ROOF SLATING.

The slate must be of the best quality. Samples of different sizes and varieties will be furnished and separate proposals made for each.

Proposals will be made per square (of 100 square feet) of slating exposed when put on the roof, but extra allowance to be made for edges or waste in cutting. The United States to furnish no labor and no material, excepting sand and lime for the mortar.

The roof to be laid so that less than one-third of the length of each slate shall be exposed to the weather, and all laid within sixty days after the roof shall have been made ready for slating.

ALSO FOR GLASS,

800 lights 27 by 13½ inches.
1,400 lights 26½ by 13½ inches.
1,900 lights 26½ by 13½ inches.
3,300 lights 27½ by 13½ inches.
200 lights 25 by 13½ inches.

The glass to be of best quality of window glass, double thickness, clear, out of wind, free from blisters, waves and stains. Samples will be furnished with the proposals.

Separate proposals will be made per 100 lights of each variety, delivered in cars at the site of shops at Rock Island Arsenal, all to be delivered before May 1st, 1870.

ALSO, FOR COPPER GUTTERS AND SPOUTING.

About 1,370 lineal feet of Gutters made of sheets, 4 feet wide.

About 580 lineal feet of Valley Gutters, made of sheets 2 feet 6 inches wide.

About 240 lineal feet of Ridge Cover made of sheets 2 feet wide.

About 760 lineal feet of slushings for gables made of sheets 1 foot 8 inches wide.

About 725 lineal feet of Down Spouts 4 inches in diameter.

The copper to be of the best quality, No. 18 (or 2x8 lbs. per square foot) and to be made up and placed in position in the manner to be prescribed by the Commanding Officer of Rock Island Arsenal. The work to commence with in 10 days after notification that the roof is made ready. Proposals will be made per lineal foot of each variety. The United States to furnish no labor or material.

Persons desirous to make proposals for these materials can see all the drawings and obtain all necessary information by applying at this Arsenal.

The United States reserves the right to reject any or all bids, or parts of bids, not deemed satisfactory, and to duplicate within one year any contract that may be made in conformity with this advertisement.

All proposals will be made in duplicate and in detail, addressed to the Commanding Officer, Rock Island Arsenal, and endorsed

"Proposals for furnishing (materials.)"

T. J. RODMAN,
Lt. Colonel Ordnance, Brvt. Brig. Gen. U. S. A., Commanding.

Rock Island Arsenal, September 23, 1869.

se23:o90

**FREIGHTS**

FOR

All Points South and South-west,

Consigned to care of

**J. C. BUCKLES & CO.,**

General Freight Agents,

CINCINNATI, O.,

Will get LOW RATES and QUICK TIME. We are agents for no route or line, hence take advantage of the great competition here and ship by cheapest routes. se25:o75

**H. B. LYON,**

**Sealer of Weights and Measures,**

Office—No. 5 FOURTH AVENUE, Pittsburgh. Capt. JOHN MESSNER, Deputy, Pittsburgh Market.
Lieut. GEO. B. McNULTY, Deputy, Allegheny Market.

**NOTICE.—We have admitted**

J. W. COOK as a member of our firm, to date from August 1st, 1869.

se27:o68 CHESS, SMYTH & CO.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

**MONDAY, SEPTE**

**WILLIAM**

Nos. 180

FEDERAL STREET,

**A LARGE STOCK**

*Shawls,*
*Arabs,*
*Dress Goods,*
*Alpacas,*
*Plaids,*
*Cassimeres,*
*Jeans,*
*Tickings,*
*Furniture Checks,*
*Prints,*

EVERY DEPARTMENT F

**Wholesale**

A

**WILLIAM**

180 and 182 Federal S

se27

**TO MANUFACTURERS.**

Rights to use "ALLEN'S PATENT ANTI-LAMINA" will be issued on application to the undersigned. It is a

Sure Preventive of Scale in Steam Boilers.

The article will be furnished at SIX DOLLARS per can, or we will sell rights to make and use the same for

Ten Dollars per annum for each Boiler.

The materials for making the "ANTI-LAMINA" will be supplied by us, if desired, at low prices. RIGHTS for Counties, States, or other Territory for sale at fair rates.

**ALLEN & NEEDLES,**

*Dealers in Oils,*

No. 42 South Delaware Avenue, Philad'a.

☞Circulars will be sent on application.

se25:o78

**DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.**—The firm of BOLLMAN, BOYD & BAGALEY was this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be continued by GEORGE W. BOLLMAN and RALPH BAGALEY, under the style and firm name of BOLLMAN & BAGALEY, who are authorized to collect all accounts due and pay all claims against the firm.

GEO. W. BOLLMAN, RALPH BAGALEY,
JOHN D. BOYD, WM. CAMPBELL, JR.

PITTSBURGH, August 21st, 1869.

In retiring from the foundry business we cheerfully recommend our late partners to the further patronage of the public.

JOHN L. BOYD,
WM. CAMPBELL, JR.

**PHŒNIX ROLL FOUNDRY,**

BOLLMAN & BAGALEY,

Manufacturers of superior CHILL ROLLS, ANNEALED ROLLS and PINIONS. Corner Liberty and 24th streets, Pittsburgh. se4:n85

**CAUTION.**

We call attention of consumers to the practice of Adulterating Lard Oil, by mixing with it Cotton Seed Oil, Rosin Oil and other inferior Oils.

**OUR LARD OIL**

WARRANTED PURE.

Any person altering our Brand or copying our Trade Mark will be proceeded against according to law.

**PROCTER & GAMBLE,**

au24:n41 TF CINCINNATI.

**ASTONISHING!**

*LADIES' FINE*

Solid Gold Hunting Case Full Jeweled

**WATCHES SELLING FOR $30.**

At the LOWEST PRICE STORE IN THE CITY.

**WATTLES & SHEAFER'S,**

101 FIFTH AVENUE, above Smithfield street. se27

**DISSOLUTION.**—The partnership heretofore existing between JOHN M. COOPER and HENRY BIER, under the firm name of

**JOHN M. COOPER & CO.,**

Was dissolved on the

**12th Day of August, 1869,**

Henry Bier purchasing the interest of John M. Cooper.

Henry Bier settle all the business of the late firm. se21:o63

**IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.**—To the citizens of adjoining counties, who are forming Militia or Military Companies,

**LANE & TOWNSEND,**

*430 Market St., Philadelphia,*

Offer for sale a large quantity of the All-Wool Dark Blue Cloth Infantry Frock Coats in sound condition, for the low price (in quantities o 100 or upwards) of $5.00 each, cash on delivery. au23:n40

**GEO. B. MILTENBERGER,**

SOLE AGENT FOR

KEDSIE'S RELIABLE WATER FILTER.

**No. 236 Penn Street,**

se2 PITTSBURGH, PA.

**MAPLE SUGAR.—10 barrels** on consignment at WATT, LANG & CO'S, 172 and 174 Wood street.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

**MBER 27th, 1869.**

**AT**

**SEMPLE'S,**

and 182

ALLEGHENY CITY.

**OF NEW GOODS.**

*Crash,*
*Table Linen,*
*Blankets,*
*Coverlets,*
*Flannels,*
*Shirts and*
*Drawers,*
*Hats,*
*Flowers and*
*Fancy Goods.*

ULL OF GOOD BARGAINS,

**and Retail,**

A T

**SEMPLE'S,**

treet, Allegheny City.

## POLITICAL.

**☞REPUBLICAN MEETING**

On Tuesday Evening, Sept. 28th,

AT 7½ P. M., AT THE

**HOPE ENGINE HOUSE,**

In the First Ward, Allegheny City. The meeting will be addressed by

A. M. BROWN, Esq.,
Col. T. M. BAYNE,
W. C. MORELAND, Esq.

A Brass Band will be in attendance.

By order of Committee on Speakers and Meetings. se23

**☞FOR MAYOR,**

**A. P. CALLOW,**

Subject to the decision of the Primary Elections, on Saturday, October 2d. se27:o85

**☞FOR MAYOR OF THE CITY OF ALLEGHENY:**

**SIMON DRUM,**

Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election, to be held Saturday, October 2d. se27:o85

**INDEPENDENT TEMPERANCE CANDIDATE.**

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,

ISAIAH DICKEY.

au5:n12

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONERS OF THE SINKING FUND, Treasury Department of Pennsylvania, HARRISBURG, August 20, 1869

**SEALED BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED** for the redemption of ONE MILLION DOLLARS of the loan of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, due July 1st, 1870, until 12 o'clock M. OCTOBER 1st, 1869. Communications to be addressed to R. W. MACKEY, Esq., State Treasurer, Harrisburg, Penna., and endorsed bids for redemption of State Loan.

F. JORDAN,
Secretary of State.
J. F. HARTRANFT,
Auditor General.
R. W. MACKEY,
State Treasurer.
Commissioners of the Sinking Fund.

N. B.—No newspaper publishing the above without authority, will receive pay therefor. au23:n38

**ROCK THE BABY**

IN

**EARNEST'S PATENT CRIB,**

SOLD ONLY BY

LEMON & WEISE.

**Practical Furniture Manufacturers, &c.,**

**118 FOURTH AVENUE.**

Where may be found a full assortment of Parlor, Chamber and Kitchen Furniture. de28

**RARE AND**

**FASHIONABLE CONFECTIONS**

*FOR PRESENTS.*

**GEO. BEAVEN,**

112 FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny City. se7:n94-TTHS

J. E. SWINT.....J. M. BRATT

**SWINT & BRATT,**

ARCHITECTURAL AND

**ORNAMENTAL CARVERS**

No. 61 Sandusky St., Allegheny, Pa.

A large assortment of NEWEL POSTS and BALUSTERS constantly on hand. TURNING of all descriptions done se27:n98

**IRWIN AVENUE PROPERTY FOR SALE.**—A new two story brick house of four rooms and cellar. Lot 20x100 feet. $3 000; one-half cash, balance in one and two years. 140 Locust street—a new two-story Frame House of four rooms and cellar; alley at side and rear. Lot 25 feet front by 170 deep. Price $3,800. Terms—one-half cash, remainder in one and two years.

S. CUTHBERT & SONS,
se28 39 Sixth avenue.

**JUST PUBLISHED.—Supplement to**

BRIGHTLY'S PURDON'S DIGEST,

**1853 to 1869. Price Two Dollars.**

KAY & COMPANY,
se24 55 Wood Street.

## POLITICAL.

**☞THE REPUBLICANS OF** the Second ward, Pittsburgh, will meet at the School House on THURSDAY NEXT, SEPTEMBER 30th, 1869, at 7 o'clock, P. M., when and where names will be suggested to fill ward offices.

And the primary meeting for the nomination of said ward officers will be held at the same place on THURSDAY, OCTOBER 7th, between the hours of 4 and 7 o'clock, P. M.

T. W. DAVIS,
JOHN PAUL.

City Executive Committe for Second Ward.

se28

**☞REPUBLICAN MEETING**

WILL BE HELD IN

**CITY HALL,**

On TUESDAY, September 28th,

AT 7½ P. M.

The meeting will be addressed by

**Hon. WM. D. KELLEY,**

OF PHILADELPHIA.

Let there be a large turn out!

JOHN S. LAMBIE, Chairman.

J. S. FERGUSON, Secretary. se25:o63

**☞REPUBLICAN MEETING**

AT

**WALKER'S MILLS,**

In Robinson Township,

*MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 30,*

At 7½ P. M. The meeting will be addressed by

Hon. THOMAS HOWARD,
JOHN H. KERR, Esq.,
J. E. McKELVY, Esq.

By order of Committee on Meetings and Speakers. se26:o98

**☞REPUBLICAN MEETING**

On Saturday, October 2d, at 4 P. M.,

**AT LIBRARY,**

In Snowden Township, will be addressed by

Hon. THOMAS HOWARD,
JOHN H. KERR, Esq.,
JOSIAH COHEN, Esq.

By order of Committee on Speakers and Meetings. se28:o83

**☞REPUBLICAN MEETING**

On Saturday, October 3d, at 3 P. M.,

**AT WARREN'S HOTEL,**

In Marshall Township, will be addressed by

A. M. BROWN, Esq.,
Col. T. M. BAYNE,
H. C. MACKRELL, Esq.,
W. S. PURVIANCE, Esq.

By order of Committee on Meetings and Speakers. se28:o94

**☞REPUBLICAN MEETING**

WILL BE HELD

**AT TARENTUM,**

On Friday, October 1st,

At 7½ o'clock. The meeting will be addressed by

JAMES W. MURRAY, Esq.,
Col. T. M. BAYNE,
W. C. MORELAND, Esq.

By order of the Committee on Meetings and Speakers. se9:o95

**☞REPUBLICAN MEETING**

**AT FRANKSTOWN,**

In the Twenty-third ward, Pittsburgh, on

Friday Evening, October 1st,

At 7½ o'clock. The meeting will be addressed by

E. C. MACKRELL, Esq.,
P. C. SHANNON, Esq.,
JOSIAH COHEN, Esq.,
W. F. HAINES, Esq.

By order of Committee on Speakers and Meetings. se28:o96

**☞REPUBLICAN MEETING**

AT THE

**WIGWAM,**

In the Sixteenth ward, Pittsburgh, on

On Friday Evening, October 1st,

At 7½ o'clock. The meeting will be addressed by

A. M. BROWN, Esq.,
JAMES P. JOHNSTON, Esq.,
S. P. FULTON, Esq.,
MILES S. HUMPHREYS, Esq.

By order of Committee on Meetings and Speakers. se28:o97

**☞REPUBLICAN MEETING**

Will be held in the HALL of the

Eleventh Ward Public School House,

On WEDNESDAY EVENING, Sept. 29th, at 7½ o'clock, and will be addressed by

Hon. WM. D. KELLEY, of Philadelphia,
Hon. R. B. CARNAHAN,
Hon. THOMAS HOWARD.

This is one of the finest Halls in the city, and is capable of seating one thousand persons. Let there be a full turn-out from the upper Wards.

By order of Committee on Speakers and Meetings. se25:o81

**BARKER'S**

**LARGE STOCK OF**

**Cheap Merinos,**
**Cheap Silks,**
**Cheap Poplins,**
**Cheap Alpacas,**
**Cheap Linens,**
**Cheap Crashes,**
**Cheap Flannels,**
**Cheap Muslins,**
**Cheap Delaines,**
**Cheap Calicos,**

**EVERYTHIN**

**J. W. BARK**

59 MARKE

**ER'S**

**STOCK OF**

**Cheap Shawls,**
**Cheap Cloaks,**
**Cheap Suits,**
**Cheap Arabs,**
**Cheap Blankets,**
**Cheap Quilts,**
**Cheap Towels,**
**Cheap Shirt Fronts,**
**Cheap Handk'fs,**
**Cheap Hosiery,**
**Cheap Gloves,**

**G CHEAP AT**

**ER & CO'S,**

T STREET.

☞*NOTICES—"To Let," "For Sale," "Lost," "Wants," "Found," "Boarding," &c., not exceeding FOUR LINES, will be inserted in these columns once for TWENTY-FIVE CENTS; each additional line FIVE CENTS.*

## WANTED---HELP.

**WANTED—HELP.—AT EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, No. 1 St. Clair Street, BOYS GIRLS and MEN, for different kinds of employment. Persons wanting help of all kinds can be supplied on short notice.**

## WANTS.

**WANTED.—A good SINGER** SEWING MACHINE to exchange for Dressing Bureaus, or Bureau and Washstand. Enquire at 181 North Avenue, Allegheny.

**WANTED.—ROOMS.—TWO** ROOMS or a SMALL HOUSE, in the upper Wards, Pittsburgh. Best of references given. Address B. B., Box H, GAZETTE OFFICE.

**WANTED.—TO RENT.—A** house in Allegheny City, 6 or 7 rooms, within 15 minutes' walk of Allegheny Station, with gas and bath room. Address P. O. Box 150, Allegheny City.

## TO LET.

**TO-LET.—Second Story Front** ROOM, suitable for single gentlemen, at No. 31 Ninth (formerly Hand) street.

## FOR SALE.

**FOR SALE.—One-half of a** valuable PATENT for Pennsylvania. A small article used in all houses. A chance for an active young man with a few hundred dollars. Address PATENT, Postoffice Box 690.

**FOR SALE.—SHOP ON NORTH** AVENUE, ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.—The building, 38x70 feet is being used by Jas. Godfrey & Co. as a manufacturing establishment. One of the members of the firm wishing to retire from business on account of poor health, we have decided to close out this part of the business in a bargain. Also good will of Steam Power (5 to 10 horse power) tools and machinery; would make a good wagon maker shop; lot 60x100 feet, on 5 years' lease. For further particulars inquire at No. 44 Ohio street, Allegheny, Pa.

**FOR SALE—10 ACRES, LESS** or more, in Plum township, Allegheny county, Allegheny Valley R. R. runs through it. Two hundred yards from station. Frame house of six rooms, and good stable and all other necessary out-buildings; orchard of 100 bearing fruit trees, of all kinds; good garden, grape arbor, and gooseberries and currants; $25 000 worth of rock, quarry opened; will suit for residences or manufacturing establishments; coal under entire place; good indications of oil; deepest water and best landing on the river; all well fenced. Inquire of A. B. KERR, on the premises.

**FOR SALE.**

Near the Borough of Freedom, Beaver county, and 3 minutes walk from station on Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railroad, a small FARM of 26 acres, with 700 fruit trees and more than 100 grape vines, all bearing and of choicest varieties; a three story Frame house with 10 rooms, large Barn, &c. This property is offered at a bargain. Parties who want to secure a handy garden farm accessible to the city will do well to examine this property, as a chance like this, to get a cheap and comfortable home, is seldom offered to a man with limited means.

For particulars inquire at

**87 Grant Street, first floor,**

**TUSTIN & KLEE.**

se8

**FOR SALE.**

House and 4 Lots on Spring Hill, 7th ward; 10 acres at Fleming Station; House and 1½ acres; also 6½ acres at Glendale Station; 15 acres about 1 mile from Fleming Station; 34 acres at Fair Oaks Station; 17 acres at Glendale on P., Ft. W. & C. R. R.; House and Lot corner Hemlock and Poplar street; Lot on Troy Hill; House on Sandusky street; 3 Houses on Boyle street; 3 Farms in Ohio; 2 Houses in Eighth ward; Farm in Sewickley township; Farm near Perrysville; House on Ledlie street; Farm in Westmoreland county; Farm in Butler county; 5 Lots near Bredel's Grove; 2 acres on Henderson's Hill; 1 acre at Jack's Run; House and Lots on Beaver street; House and Lots on Beaver street; House and Lot in Salem, Ohio; 2 Lots on Fremont street; other Houses and Lots in good localities.

M. WHITMORE,
Real Estate Agent, corner Ohio and Sandusky street, Allegheny. au27

**PERSONAL.—All persons seeking** HOMES, or investments in Real Estate, will save time, trouble and money by procuring a copy of the "PITTSBURGH REAL ESTATE REGISTER." It is given away GRATIS or will be sent by mail FREE to any requesting it. Persons cannot fail to get suited out of the large list it contains. CROFT & PHILLIPS, Publishers and Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

**ORPHANS' COURT SALE.**

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of the county of Westmoreland, there will be exposed to Public sale on THURSDAY, the 30th day of SEPTEMBER, at 1 o'clock P. M., 1869, the following real estate, to wit:

*A Certain Tract of Land,*

Situate in St. Clair township, in said county, at Houston station, on the Penna. R. R., adjoining lands of the heirs of Jos. Martin, Jno. Smith and the Conemaugh river, containing

**263 Acres and 123 Perches,**

with DWELLING HOUSE, BARN and other improvements thereon, late the real estate of EDWIN W. TOWER, dec'd. Sale to take place on the premises and be conducted by M. A. Tower and A. F. Brooks, administrators of said decedent. Terms—cash on confirmation of sale, and that said sale be subject to the payments due and to become due on the bonds and mortgage of James Watt to Dixon Houston and Wm. Houston, dated Nov. 20, 1863, and recorded in the Recorder's office of said county, in mortgage book No. 3, page 41, and also subject to the payments of the bonds and mortgage of Edwin W. Tower to James Watt, recorded on the 9th day of March, 1869, in the same office, in mortgage book No. 4, page 19. By the Court.

J. W. BLAIR, Clerk.

Underlying the above property is a good vein of coal; persons wishing to purchase can take the mail train at Pittsburgh in the morning and return by the Johnstown accommodation the same evening se21:o56

## LOAN.

**MONEY TO LOAN.—$20 000** to loan on Bond and Mortgage in large or small amounts,

THOMAS K. PEITY,
Bill, Bond and Real Estate Broker,
No. 179 Smithfield street.

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PITTSBURGH
STEEL WORKS.
ESTABLISHED IN 1845.
ANDERSON & WOODS,
MANUFACTURERS OF
BEST REFINED CAST STEEL
Of every description. Also, best
Refined German Plow and Spring Steel.
CORNER ROSS AND FIRST AVENUE, Pittsburgh, Pa. au16:n41

MILLER, BARR & PARKIN.
GENERAL PARTNERS:
WM. METCALF, GEO. W. BARR, REUBEN MILLER, CHAS. PARKIN.
SPECIAL PARTNER—S. M. KIER,
CRESCENT STEEL WORKS,
MILLER, BARR & PARKIN,
OFFICE, No. 339 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
fe14:d48

DUQUESNE WORKS.
COLEMAN, RAHM & CO.,
Manufacturers of
IRON, NAILS, STEEL,
AXLES AND SPRINGS,
DUQUESNE, L X AND JUNIATA,
FLAT BAR, ROUND AND SQUARE IRON, SAND, HOOP, SHEET AND TANK IRON, BOILER PLATES AND HEADS, GUARD IRON, DRAG and DROPPER BARS, FLANGE, CUTTER BARS, CYLINDER IRON,
T AND FLAT RAIL, for Coal Roads,
CROWBARS, WEDGES & HARROW TEETH, SPRING, PLOW AND CULTIVATOR STEEL, STEEL WINGS AND MOULDS cut to pattern, STEEL TIRES, STEEL SHAFTING, A. B. TEEL,
COACH, BUGGY and WAGON SPRINGS and XLES,
CUT NAILS AND SPIKES.
All Goods First Class and Warranted.
OFFICES AND WORKS.
Sixteenth Street and Allegheny River, and 77 Water Street, Pittsburgh.
mh9

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SINGER, NIMICK & CO.,
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Manufacturers of every description of
CAST AND GERMAN STEEL,
RAILW SPRINGS,
ELLI. C AND PLATFORM SPRINGS,
AXLES, STEEL TIRE, &c., &c
Warehouse, 83 Water and 100 First Sts.

BLACK DIAMOND
STEEL WORKS.
PARK, BROTHER & CO.,
Manufacturers of all descriptions of
STEEL.
Office and Warehouse, THIRTIETH, THIRTY-FIRST and RAILROAD STREETS,
PITTSBURGH.

BRASS FOUNDERS.
ATWOOD & M'CAFFREY,
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BRASS FOUNDERS,
And Iron Pipe Fitters.
And AGENTS for A. S. CAMERON & CO'S STEAM PUMPS AND BLOWERS.

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Bell and Brass Founders.
BRASS CASTINGS
MADE PROMPTLY TO ORDER.
Malleable and Grey Iron Fittings,
GAS PIPE AND TUBING,
THROTTLE, SAFETY AND CHECK VALVES,
ALL GLOBE PATTERN.
IRON COCKS,
Brass Work of every description for Steam, Water and Oil.
MANUFACTURERS OF J. M. COOPER & CO'S
Improved Balance-Wheel Steam Pump.
*Agents for Dreyfus' Patent Oilers, the best in the Market.*
Office and Works, corner Thirteenth and Pike streets. sn2o

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ELLERSHAUSEN PROCESS.
The Trustees are now prepared to grant licenses for the use of the ELLERSHAUSEN PROCESS.
The superior quality imparted to good iron, the great improvement in inferior iron, and the reduced cost, commend it to all manufacturers of iron.
Parties wishing to use it can obtain licenses by applying to
JAMES P. SPEER
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Parties interested are invited to visit the SHOENBERGER WORKS, where the process is now in successful operation. fe8:d67

RIVERSON, PRESTON & CO.,
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sn24:d6

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NOVELTY WORKS.
Founded A. D. 1833.
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Janus Faced Patent Door Locks and Latches, Paint and Coffee Mills, &c.
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HUGH M. BOLE & CO.,
Cor. Point Alley and Duquesne St.,
(NEAR THE POINT,)
*Engine Builders, Founders and Machinists.*
Manufacture STEAMBOAT ENGINES and STATIONARY ENGINES, of all sizes.
Special attention invited to our new STATIONARY OIL WELL ENGINE AND PORTABLE BOILER, of 15-horsepower.
CASTINGS, of every kind, made to order at our Foundry, on THIRD STREET, below Market.
RIGS for Oil Wells, SHAFTING, PULLEYS, HANGERS, HOUSE and TOBACCO SCREWS and IRON TOBACCO PRESSES, on hand and made to order, at the
INDUSTRIAL WORKS,
Fronting on the Allegheny River, near the Point,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
All orders promptly filled. TRY US.

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BOILER, STILL AND TANK
WORKS.
CARROLL & SNYDER,
MANUFACTURERS OF
TUBULAR, DOUBLE-FLUED TUBULAR, FIRE-BOX AND CYLINDER STEAM BOILERS.
OIL STILLS AND OIL TANKS,
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STEAM PIPES, GASOMETERS AND IRON BRIDGES;
PRISON DOORS AND COAL SHUTES
Office and Warehouse, corner Second, Third, Short and Liberty Streets,
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Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to. mh7:l89

WM. BARNHILL & CO.,
BOILER MAKERS
AND SHEET IRON WORKERS,
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Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of BOILERS in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breechiag, Fire Beds, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Condensers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Settling Pans, Boiler Iron, Bridges, Sugar Pans, and sole manufacturers of Barnhill's Patent Boilers.
Repairing done on shortest notice. ja5:o21

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JARED M. BRUSH & SON,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Steam Boilers, Oil Stills, Tanks,
SHEET IRON WORK, &C.
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A. BRADLEY & CO.,
NO. 30 WOOD STREET,
Manufacturers of the greatest variety of
Cook, Parlor and Heating Stoves,
TO BE FOUND.
In our assortment will be found all the LATEST PATTERNS AND IMPROVEMENTS, and the reputation of our Stoves is such that any one in want of a good article should purchase none but those manufactured by us, as they will be found the most durable as well as economical. Would call particular attention to our new VOLCANO STOVE, for churches, halls and stores. Over 500 sold in three months. Intended for with or without casing. All who have used them pronounce them superior to any other and far cheaper.
Send for Catalogue and Price List. je30

GRAFF, HUGUS & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF EVERY VARIETY OF
STOVES.
*BOSTON COOKING RANGE,*
"THE FIERY FURNACE,"
FOR WARMING BUILDINGS.
THE NEW ANTI-DUST COOKING STOVE, "REGULATOR," COLUMBIA COOK STOVE, VAN'S (Cincinnati Pattern) PORTABLE RANGE CAST IRON MANTLES, WELLMAN'S REFLECTOR, GRATES, free from dirt and dust; GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS, &c.
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se25:y17 PITTSBURGH, PA.

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GET THE BEST.
BISSELL & CO.'S
TRIUMPH,
*FOR BITUMINOUS COAL.*
Warranted to Cook, Bake or Roast as well as any other Stove in the Union.
BISSELL & CO.,
No. 235 Liberty Street.
Also on hand and for sale, PARLOR STOVES, HEATING STOVES, GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS, COOKING RANGES, &c.

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TO BUILDERS!
800,000 feet Dry Pine Boards.
150,000 feet 1¼ inch Clear Plank;
25,000 feet 1¼ inch Common Plank;
25,000 feet Dry 1 and 2 inch Oak;
25,000 ft. ½, 1, 1¼, 2 and 3 inch Poplar;
10,000 feet Dry Poplar Scantling;
10,000 feet Dry Yellow Pine Boards;
100,000 feet Hemlock Scantling.
303,000 feet No. 1 18 inch Saginaw Shingles.
200,000 No. 1 16-inch Shingles, sawed;
50,000 No. 1 16-inch Shingles, shaved;
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1,000 Fire Tile.
100 Tons Fire Clay;
Also, Saw Mill Lumber, Locust and Cedar Posts, and all articles in the line on hand and for sale by ALEXANDER PATTERSON, Yards—No. 157 Rebecca street and corner of Preble and Juniata streets, Sixth ward, Allegheny, late borough of Manchester. ap:6

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100 WOOD STREET.
R. E. BREED & CO.
NEW GOODS.
FINE VASES,
BOHEMIAN AND CHINA.
NEW STYLES,
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TEA SETS,
GIFT CUPS,
SMOKING SETS,
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Engines, Rolling Mill Machinery, Nail Machines, Retorts, and Castings generally.

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CAST IRON BOWL PIPE
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My Pipes are all cast invariably in Pits, in dry sand, and 12 feet lengths. Also, full assortment of general
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I would also call the attention of Superintendents of Gas Works to my make of RETORTS.

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WILLIAM MILLER,
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Has facilities co-extensive with the leading Forges in the East, and is prepared to promptly and satisfactorily fill all orders for STEAMBOAT SHAFTS, CRANKS, PISTON RODS, LEVERS, PITMAN JAMS, WRISTS, RAILROAD AXLES, LOCOMOTIVE FRAMES, together with every description of SHAPE WORK. Office and Forge,
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FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS, PITTSBURGH,
Manufacturers of Boat and Stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions; Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.
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Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR for feeding Boilers. ja11:r62

THOMAS CARLIN & CO.,
Fourth Ward Foundry and Machine Works,
SANDUSKY ST., ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.,
Manufacturers of Stationary and Portable Steam Engines, Oil Presses, Pulleys, Shafting, Grist and Saw Mill Work, Hoiling Mill and Machine Castings, Grate Bars, Weights, Wagon Boxes, &c. Build to order and have on hand Engines of all sizes. mv14:q5

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H. M. LONG & CO.,
Office, DALZELL BUILDING,
fe13 Duquesne Way, Pittsburgh, Pa.

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Commission Merchants and Brokers in
Petroleum and its Products,
DALZELL'S BLOCK, DUQUESNE WAY,
PHILADELPHIA ADDRESS,
*Room 17, Chamber of Commerce,*
133 SOUTH SECOND STREET.
ap10

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COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
AND DEALERS IN
Petroleum and its Products,
Pittsburgh Office—DALZELL'S BUILDING, corner of Duquesne Way and Irwin streets.
Philadelphia Office—127 WALNUT ST.
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ECLIPSE PETROLEUM REFINERY.
HERBERT W. C. TWEDDLE,
MANUFACTURER OF
Lubricating & High Test Burning Oils.
**Eclipse Railroad Axle Oil.**
Stands great heat without change; remains limpid at lowest temperatures. Special Oil for tropical climates or hot weather.
**Locomotive, Engine, Machine Shop,**
Will cut Screws.
**Saw Mill and Planing Mill Oils,**
Adapted for high speed.
**Spindle Oil, Wool Oil, Tanners' Stuffing & Finishing Oil, Harness Oil. Head-Light Oil, Benzole, Gasoline, Parraffine.**
ARMOR VARNISH, to preserve Bright Iron Work and Machinery from Rust.
These products are manufactured under Dr. Tweddle's patent by Superheated Steam in Vacuo. The Lubricating Oils are almost odorless, perfectly pure, uniform, and mostly light colored, stand a high temperature unchanged, and remain limpid during extreme cold. The Railroad Oils are unequalled, and are in constant use on many of the principal Railroads. Samples can be examined and orders left at 174 WOOD STREET, Works at Sharpsburg Bridge.

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WEST COMMON
*Machine Stone Works,*
Northwest corner of West Common, Allegheny.
FREDK ATWATER & CO.
Have on hand or prepare on short notice Hearth and Step Stones, Flags for Sidewalks, Brewery Vaults, &c. Head and Tomb Stones, &c.
Orders promptly executed. Prices reasonable

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CASH CAPITAL ..... $200.000
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BANK OF DISCOUNT AND DEPOSIT.
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DIRECTORS.
Thos. M. Marshall, Wm. T. Shannon, James W. Arrott, Chas. B. Leech, John Floyd, John M. Murtland, Archibald Wallace, Jas. D. Kelly, Wm. Floyd.
This Bank is now fully organized and prepared to do a general Banking business.
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CITY BANK.
112 Fifth Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
CAPITAL, $100,000.
STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.
INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.
FOREIGN EXCHANGE
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The Pittsburgh Gazette.

## FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
MONDAY, Sept. 27, 1869.

Up to the present time it was impossible to settle up the enormous business of last Thursday and Friday of the gold Clearing House, in consequence of which dealings were entirely suspended on Saturday and Monday. It so far turns out that but few houses were compelled to withdraw from the Clearing House, but the losses sustained by the bull clique must be immense. Their net profit on gold was large, but they being the principal owners, and supporters of Reading, Ohio and Missisippi, Erie, Lake Shore and Cleveland and Pittsburgh were unable to hold on to their stock in order to sustain gold, thus suffered heavily by the decline. Ohio and Missisippi declined to 25½, which is 3 per cent. below the panic of 1866; Cleveland from 108 to 72, 92, 88, and about 90 at the close. Lake Shore from 110 to 88; Erie from 39½ to 30, and Reading from 95¼ to 93¼.

From all indications, it is apparent that the panic is over, and it now depends how gold will open on Tuesday—if lower than 132, a further decline is inevitable, but if at about 135, a rapid advance will undoubtedly follow this great panic, and a quick realization of profits. What the ultimate price of gold will be, the opinions are undivided, but as to the immediate future, it is doubtful whether the bear element will have any power since the gold still remains with the bulls, and many short contracts are still uncovered.

Government bonds were dull and heavy early in the day, but had been sustained on account of Government purchases. At the close, however, the decline was very marked, and was about one and a half per cent. Opinions are much devided, and judging from the fact that a large short interest exists, the market will be sustained for the present, but lower prices have ultimately to be made.

Stocks, as indicated above, are very heavy, and have severely suffered today.

Money very stringent. Buiness reviving.

Quotations as received by Ph. R. Mertz: Gold, ——; Silver, ——; Eighty-one's, 119¼; Five Twenties, 1862, 121; do 1864, 119¾; do 1865, 120¼; do 1865, Consols, 117⅜; do 1867, 117⅜; do 1868, 117⅛; Ten Forties, 109¾; New York Central, 179; Erie, ——; Reading, 92¾; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad, 83; Ohio & Mississippi, 125½; Michigan Southern, 86¼; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 88; Chicago & Rock Island, 104½; Chicago & North Western, 69½; Chicago & North Western Preferred, 80¾; Adams Express Company, 53½; Merchants Union Express, 9½; Pacific Mail, —; Western Union Telegraph Company, 35⅜; American Express Company 30¼.

| EXCHANGE, | Large. | Small. |
|---|---|---|
| London, per £ | $6,60 | $6,75 |
| Paris, per franc | 27 | 28 |
| Berlin, thaler | 98 | 100 |
| Frankfort, florins | 57 | 59 |

—Closing quotations received by James T. Brady & Co. Gold: ——; United States Sixes, 1881, 119¾; Five-Twenties; 1862, 121½; do. 1864, 119¾; do. 1865, 120¾; Ten-Forties, 108¾; Five-Twenties, January and July, 1865, 117¾; do. do. 1867, 118; do. do. 1868, 117⅝; Due Compounds, —; Union Pacific Railroad, 86; Central do, do, 99; Cy. Pacific, 107; Lake Superiors, 96.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, September, 27.

Affairs in Wall street are still kept, to a great extent, in confusion by the block in business at the Gold Exchange Bank, which temporarily keeps the gold dealers out of a large amount of money, and, moreover, leaves in doubt the standing of numerous firms, with the natural result of extreme caution and uneasiness in every brauch of business. The Gold Exchange Bank is making its clearings on the business of Thursday, but has not yet made the first settlement on the enormous transactions of Friday. The following letter has been addressed to the members of the Gold Room:

"*New York Gold Exchange Bank, New York, September* 27, 1869. DEAR SIRS: I hand you, enclosed, your corrected statement. The following statements of dealers have been rejected from the movement for failure to comply with the rules: Albert Speyers, Darwin & Bocock, Galwey, Hunter & Co., Zerga & Graves, Case, McClure & Co., P. H. Williams, Jr., & Co., Chas. W. Keep & Co., James Brown & Co. Your balance must be made good by 12 o'clock to-day, as all accounts not settled at that time will be regarded as failed: and, for the purpose of clearing, you will be informed immediately of any further default on your statement. Yours respectfully,
H. M. BENEDICT, President."

James Brown emphatically protested against the statement of the Gold Exchange Bank, that he had failed.

The Treasury purchase of bonds from this date to November 1st will be as follows: September 29, two millions; October 2, two millions; October 7, one million; October 13, two millions; October 20, two millions; October 21, one million; October 27, two millions; total twelve millions. The purchases of October 7 and 21, are for the sinking fund. The Treasury sales of gold for the same time will be as follows. September 28, one million; September 30, one million; October 1, one million; October 5, one million; October 8, one million; October 12, one million; October 14, one million; October 15, one million; October 19, one million; October 22, one million; October 26, one million; October 28, one million; October 29, one million; total, thirteen millions.

The Gold Room held an executive session at ten this morning to consider what means should be adopted to hasten a settlement of last Thursday and Friday's business. After some discussion, a committee of nine was appointed to agree upon and report some method for expediting business, and a recess was taken.

The members reassembled at one o'clock, the Committee of nine stated they had got the Gold Exchange Bank to postpone the declaration of any more defaulters until 2 P.M., and also suggested that a Committee of four be appointed to wait upon the Bank of New York and see if that institution would assist in clearing the gold operations of Friday, owing to the fact that the Gold Exchange Bank has not got through with Thursday's operations.

A resolution was offered that non-compliance with the regulations of the Gold Exchange Bank to take up the gold of Belden & Co. shall not work a suspension of any member of this body. This was lost by a very decided vote.

A letter was received from William F. Livermine & Co., giving notice of their outstanding transactions being all to the account of William Heath & Co., Smith, Gold. Martin & Co., and James Fiske, Jr. This letter was ordered on file.

A resolution was adopted instructing the Committee of nine to return to the Gold Exchange Bank, and if they were not able to receive the assistance of the Bank officers, to ascertain for themselves what they could of Belden's affairs and report as early as possible. During the discussion Mr. Millbank, who acted as Belden's clerk on Thursday, said he distinctly recollected the account that was handed in. Belden's account was on the debit side $3,770,000 and on the credit side $3,755,000. From this it would be seen his indebtedness to the Bank was $15,000 in gold. This must have been the Wednesday's business.

After another recess the Board assembled at three o'clock, The Committee appointed to ascertain the condition of Belden & Co. with the Gold Exchange Bank, said they were unable to make any report, and adjournment took place until to-morrow morning. As to the final issue of the present dead lock, it may be concluded that everything depends upon the clearings of Smith, Gould, Martin & Co., and from what is generally understood as to the extent of their settlements, at 150, there appears to be but little doubt that their clearings will turn out all right.

On Saturday a large number of injunctions were sued out before the Supreme Court restraining the bank from paying over deposits which it is supposed have been served on CharlesCollender. The National Bank Examiner states freely that every National Bank in this city is in sound condition and conservatively managed. Also that the Tenth National Bank is to-day a creditor at the clearing house for over half a million of dollars.

The following formal announcement of a failure was read at Stock Exchange this morning. "President of the New York Stock Exchange. Dear Sir—In consequence of W. P. Belding & Co. not meeting their engagements, we are unable to liquidate claims, consequently we are obliged to suspend for the present."

[Signed] G. Frank, Sept. 27, 1869.

The money market during the forenoon was in a state of utter confusion. The enormous balances locked up at the Gold Exchange Bank, estimated at from 8 to 14 millions, rendered it almost impossible to get money, and street lenders were exacting higher rates for carrying securities ranging from ¼ per cent. on Governments to 2¾ per cent. on New York Central. In the afternoon the market suddenly let up and rates fell to 7 per cent. on stocks and 6 per cent. on Governments. This unexpected relief checked the panic on the Stock Exchange and caused a sharp rebound in prices generally.

Foreign exchange quit and firm, but entirely nominal at 108@109 for first class bills. Gold has been quoted all the way from 131¾@135 among dealers, closing nominally at 134@135.

Governments strong. Coupons of 1881, 119¾@120; do. '62, 122½; do '64, 119¾@120; do. '65, 121@121¼; do new 118¼@118⅝; do. '67, 118¾@118⅝; do. '68, 118¼@118¼. 10-40s, 108½@109; Pacifics, 106½@107.

State Bonds dull and lower; Missouris, 85¾; old Tennessees, 60; new do. 53 1-7; old Virginias, 53; new do. 54; old North Carolinas, 46½; new do. 44.

*Five Thirty Prices*: Canton, 50; Cumberland, 30; Western Union, 35⅝; Quicksilver, 11; Mariposa, 7; do preferred, 18; Pacific Mail, 66; Adams Express, 53½; Wells, 13; American 30½; New York Central, 178; Harlem, 125; Hudson, 155; Reading, 92; Erie, 30; do. preferred, 59; Michigan Central, 120; Michigan Southern, 83¼; Illinois Central, 125; Pittsburgh, 90; Northwestern, 69; do. preferred, 80¼; Rock Island, 104; St. Paul, 66; do. preferred, 76; Wabash, 65; do. preferred, 80; Fort Wayne 83⅛; Terre Haute, 32; do. preferred, 56; Chicago and Alton, 138½; do. preferred, 138½; Ohio and Mississippi, 25½; St. Joseph, 101; do. preferred, 100½; Columbus, Cincinnati and Indiana Central, 26⅜, Dubuque, 107½.

Mining shares dull.

Boston prices: Copper Falls 8; Franklin, 12; Hecla, 70; Quincy 23.

BUFFALO, September 27.—Flour inactive and unchanged. Wheat dull and easier; sales of 7,000 bush No. 2 Chicago spring at $1,19½, 7,000 bush red winter Chicago at $1,16, 7,300 bush Chicago spring, per sample, at $1,02½. Corn dull; sales of 13,000 bush western at 85c, 16 000 bush do. at 86½c, 8,000 bush do. at 88c, 7,800 bush Racine at 89c, all per sample.

Oats inactive; buyers offer 50c, and sellers ask 53c. Rye nominal. Barley nominal. Seeds; timothy dull at $3,90@4. Pork duli at $33. Lard dull at 19@19½c. Highwines inactive at $1,12 bid, and $1,13 asked.

# The Pittsburgh Gazette.

## THE PITTSBURGH OBSERVATORY.

This establishment dates the commencement of its existence in 1859. I was projected for the recreation and instruction of a number of gentlemen and their families, who associated together under an act of incorporation. At the outset, the sum of $19,000 was raised, part in money and part in lands, the latter constituting the grounds now occupied by the Observatory, and including a dwelling house, and which has since been enlarged and improved.

The contributors to this fund were C. G. Huzzey, Thomas M. Howe, J. H. Shoenberger, W. Bagaley, W. McClintock, M. Ferguson, H. Childs, W. Thaw, Isaac Jones, James Marshall, G. W. Cass, J. M. Cooper, J. M. Pennock and others.

The land mentioned above was give by McCLINTOCK and FURGUSON—mainly the latter—and is now worth not less than $60,000.

The Observatory was erected and a single instrument bought and set up. This instrument is a thirteen inch telescope, made by PITT, of New York. It is of the same make and size as the telescope in the Dudley Observatory at Albany, New York. These are the fourth in size of all telescopes in the United States.

These expenditures involved the Observatory Company in a debt amounting to $13,000, which was secured by mortgage. It was proposed to sell a portion of the land to cancel this indebtedness. While this expedient was under consideration, the President of the University of Western Pennsylvania offered, in case the property of the Observatory Company should be transferred to that Institution, to raise by subscription sufficient money to pay off the debt and to endow a Professorship of Astronomy. This offer was accepted.

An Act of Assembly authorizing the transfer was procured. Meanwhile a subscription in behalf of the University, for the fulfillment of the end proposed, was raised to the amount of $33,000. Of this sum C. G. Hussey gave $2,500, T. M. Howe $2,500, J. S. Clark $2,500, and W. Thaw $20,000. The last named gentleman afterward added other subscriptions, so that the aggregate of his contributions to the Observatory and the University is $38,000.

In June, 1867, the property of the Observatory Company was transferred in due form of law to the University.

In the east wing, there now is

### THE CHRONOGRAPH.

Time, as time, is incapable of the exact measurement requisite in modern astronomy. You cannot directly bring to bear upon it the microscope or the micrometer. It will not stay still long enough for us to lay upon it the scale and the dividers. The chronograph, however, by an indirection, does accomplish this very thing. Extremely delicate as is its mechanism, and somewhat complicated as well, the general principle of its construction is easily understood. A cylinder covered with white paper, is made to revolve with great steadiness once in a minute. There rests on this paper a peculiar kind of pen, which moving sidewise as the cylinder revolves under it, makes a spiral ink-mark upon it, one spiral, of course, corresponding to the lapse of one minute. By means of a telegraphic device the clock in the other wing, herafter to be described, is made at each beat to draw this pen for an instant a little to one side, so as to indicate to what second of the day that particular point in the spiral corresponds. But not the clock alone has a hold upon this little pen to disturb its monotonous chirography.

The observer at the telescope, anxiously watching for some celestial phenomenon, holds in his hand a portable telegraphic key that puts him equally with the clock into communication with the pen of the chronograph, and enables him at the critical moment to turn it for an instant out of its course. The paper upon which the pen has done the tracing which represents, by its regularly recurring notches, the beats of the clock, and by those of a less regular character, the moments of observation is subsequently taken from the cylinder and the date and a few words explanatory of the nature of the observations being inscribed upon it, is filed away as a permanent record of that evening's work, to be referred to again if an error as to the exact times of any of the phenomena is suspected.

In the late telegraphic observations for determining the longitude of the Observatory, the chronograph played a cardinal part. The method was, in brief, the sending of a mild streak of lightning to Cambridge, Mass., to ask what time they had there, and the comparison of the reply of the cantabs with the true time at the Allegheny Observatory. The Cambridge gentlemen used Prof. Langley's pen in responding to his polite inquiry, he putting his chronograph at their service, for them to move it just as he does himself nightly in the adjoining room. When electricity once gets under way, it is no more trouble for it to go four or five hundred miles than as many inches. The theory of the process is simply this: they wanted to know how far Allegheny is west of Cambridge. They call in the stars for chain-bearers. Dispensing with the chain, however, they make them pace off the distance, and as they have a very steady pace it is enough to know how long they are in making their way from the meridian of Cambridge to that of Allegheny. In other words, the difference between Cambridge and Allegheny time is one way of stating how far the latter place is westward of the former. The chronograph measured that difference to within, not to put too nice a point upon it, about one-twentieth of a second. This, in space, to state it roughly, corresponds to about twenty yards. So closely was Prof. Langley called upon to "define his position," before being fully inducted into the brotherhood of star-gazers.

### TIMING THE LIGHTNING.

With anything like "a fair showing" electricity "makes good time," or rather, in the Fourth of July dialect, *annihilates* time. The chronograph, however, is quick enough to take its rate on its maddest gallop. The sleepless astronomers at Allegheny and Cambridge were annoyed to find that their messenger, though running against time, had loitered on the whole course—from Allegheny to Cambridge and back—the unreasonably protracted period of five one-hundredths of one second!

We were interested in the fact that while almost all the other most modern and improved instruments shown us were from foreign makers, this, the result of twenty years' incessant study and experiment, is American, and that its Boston makers have orders from all parts of the world. There are but few of them in use in our country, the Allegheny Observatory in its possession, being thus, as in some other respects, in advance of some of its older sisters. The cost of such an instrument is about eight hundred dollars.

### THE CLOCK.

It will have been observed that the instrument last mentioned is, in a sense, an appendage to the clock, and the value of its work depends upon the accuracy of the inscriptions made upon it by the latter. Now, if there is any one thing for which the astronomer has a special "weakness," it is time, the *exact* time. Time, indeed, may be said to be half of his science, it being, as he would most luminously express it, the measured one of the spherical co-ordinates, and he has some very peculiar notions about exactitude. "We think, (remarked the observer,) we have the time in our pockets nearly enough for all *practical* purposes, when our watches give it to within three or four"—we of course expected him to say *minutes*, but the word was—"*seconds*." "This, however," continued he, "is altogether too clumsy work for the astronomer." He then called our attention to a clock in the west wing or transit room. It was certainly an unpretending looking affair. Its case was rather plainer than some we have seen doing duty in the corner of the hall of an old fashioned house. In fact, there was nothing about it that would arrest the eye of a careless observer unless he was keen-sighted enough to notice some wires coming down on the outside and running into the floor. These wires, we need not say, are what at every second give the jerking motion to the pen of the chronograph in the other room. Yet a good deal might be said about this clock. There is no better maker than Frodsham, of London, whose name appears upon its face, and he makes no better clocks than the one beating before us. So delicately constructed is it, that it shows itself sensitive to the retarding effect of an atmosphere heavier than the average and *vice versa*, though the usual effect of such variation in the density of the medium in which its pendulum moves, is less than one-tenth of a second in a day. It seems a little queer to find a clock for which such great claims are made, telling us to our very faces that it is, perhaps, three minutes after twenty-one o'clock, when we know, by the plainest principles of common sense and by watches that never vary a minute from "bell-time," that it is not far from half-past four P. M. The puzzle is explained by the fact that the clock indicates *siderial* time, which is reckoned in twenty-four hours from the moment a certain point in the heavens reaches a certain meridian, to the moment when it returns to the same. As already intimated, the clock now under review, while seeming to the uninitiated to make absurd indications, gives the astronomer the means for determining the time with a good deal of assurance to within one-tenth of a second. It could not be bought for less than twelve hundred dollars. A Frodsham chronometer near by, gives, we believe, Greenwich time. The observer expressed himself satisfied with the accuracy of its performance.

We looked with some interest upon

### THE BAROMETER,

the relation of whose indications to the determination of time we have already explained. The barometer, in its usual form is common enough, but we were not prepared to be told that in this one the height of the column of mercury could be measured to within a thousandth of an inch. Lift it to the ceiling and it shows its owner the presure of the stratum of atmosphere above which you have placed it.

### THE TRANSIT.

A telescope so set that it can look only North, South. or directly up, is new. It is of four inch aperture and five feet focal length, and bears the stamp of Simms, London, 1868. The stone piers on which the ends of its axle rests, go through the floor, from which they are carefully insulated for fear of jarring, down through the earth in the cellar until they reach the solid rock. But the details of the precautions taken in the construction, the mounting and the operating of this, emphatically the working instrument of the observatory, would be tedious to the general reader. Suffice it to say that the present is one of the very best now in the country. As, theoretically it looks out only in the plane of the meridian, that is only North and South, its use is, in connection with the clock and the chronograph to determine the exact moment a heavenly body passes the centre line of its vision. This *locates* that body so far as East and West are concerned. It is in daily use, and is the instrument by which the clock can be set and rated with such almost inconceivable exactness.

We have visited the East wing and the West wing. Let us spend a few minutes under

### THE DOME.

The room it covers is assigned to the equatorial telescope, next to be described. As this instrument is designed to look in every direction, it is not sufficient that the roof should be arranged to be opened over it in one line, as the transit which requires only a slit north and south. Hence the dome not only has a slit in it, but is fitted with ingenious machinery by which the opening can be caused to look toward any quarter of the heavens.

We are invited to inspect

### THE EQUATORIAL.

This is the largest telescope on the premises and weighs some thousands of pounds, yet so delicately is this mass poised, a single finger can readily turn it up or down, to the right or left. When directed to a celestial object, for continuous inspection, it is desirable that it should keep steadily in motion at such a rate that that object shall seem to stand in the field of view. Hence an ingenious piece of clock work is employed to give the instrument a motion corresponding to that of the earth on its axis. The object glass has an aperture of thirteen inches, its focal distance is fifteen feet, and alone cost not less than three thousand dollars in gold. It would probably not weigh so much in that coinage. That is due, of course, mainly not to the intrinsic value of the material, though that in itself, from the pains taken to have it evenly mixed and hence homogeneous, is considerable, but to the almost incredible pains taken to give it the exact curvature. All ordinary processes of gauging this curvature and of grinding the glass to bring it up to the ideal model are quite too gross. Light itself is made to betray the slightest variation of any part from the desired form, and the skillful maker trusts nothing less delicate than his own finger, and employs nothing coarser than the finest cosmetic powder to *grind off*, if that is the word for such a process, the superfluous matter. In this Equatorial we are behind only Harvard and Chicago of all the American Observatories. It was made by H. Fitz, of New York, and is regarded as one of his best. While valuable for looking up comets, asteroids and the like, and by means of the micrometer, for measuring the distance of double stars and making other minute measurements, its more recent office is to bear

### THE SPECTROSCOPE.

The results of the application of this instrument, generally used as an appendage to the Equatorial, to the light of celestial bodies and latterly to that of the Aurora Borealis, are the most brilliant in modern Astronomy.

To the unassisted eye, the rainbow colors—in scientific language the spectrum—given out on passing light through a prism, are, except in brilliancy, the same, whether the light be from one burning substance or another. Physicists have observed, however, that each combustible impresses its own character upon the spectrum in the form of certain lines, variously colored and variously situated, across the field of the spectrum. This, in brief, is the general theory of the spectroscope. It enables one to compare the spectrum of the sun, for example, with that of any known substance in combustion, let us say gold, for in the hands of the chemist gold is a combustible. If the lines corresponding to gold are found in the spectrum of the sun, it is safely inferred that gold has an agency in the production of sunlight. It is much as if one should make up a fire, throw into it salt, potash and a score of other substances, and challenge the spectroscopist to tell, by bringing his instrument to bear upon the flame, what these were. It takes but a thought to suggest with what thrilling interest such investigations, only for a few years possible, invest the several beams that, on a clear night, make up the general starlight. No longer content to measure sizes, distances and rates of motion, and to gaze with simple, helpless wonder at the strange phenomena that mark the phases of some of the heavenly bodies, he demands to know what these worlds are made of, and what fuel feeds the fires that sometimes enwrap suns that distance has dwarfed to stars.

The instrument at the Allegheny Observatory is of the first class and with the induction coil made for it by Ruhmkorff, of Paris, cost about five hundred dollars. It is as yet but seldom to be met with in American observatories. It is used in England in the Bessemer process to determine by the flame the exact moment for arresting the decarbonization.

### WHAT HAS BEEN DONE UNDER THE UNIVERSITY REGIME.

Within the last two years, the new instruments already referred to have been procured, the equatorial has been put under costly repairs, the dome, originally ill-contrived, has been refitted and modernized, four months of severe labor have been spent in determining the latitude, besides the expense and calculation of the experiments by telegraph already described for longitude. Funds have been secured to enable a professional observer to devote his attention almost exclusively to the care and use of the instruments, and the observatory has entered, modestly but with dignity, into the fellowship of the sisterhood. Its director was actively engaged in important observations on the late eclipse at Shelbyville, Ky.

### WHAT TO BE DONE.

The purchase of instruments of so high a grade, such for example as the transit, costing with its piers about two thousand dollars, might be criticised in view of the many *desiderata* still to be filled. In this, however, it is felt that there has been shown only a warranted confidence in the liberality of the community about us, who can hardly consent that, with so hopeful a beginning, the observatory shall stop short of a first-class rank in all its appointments. The procurement of the exact time is a matter of general interest, as evidenced by the system of electric clocks under astronomical control, adopted in England, and a jeweler in our own city is, we trust, only a little in advance of others in having made arrangements for this purpose, preliminary, perhaps, for an electric connection between his regulator and the observatory. It is believed that railroad companies here and even at a considerable distance will not be slow in availing themselves of the facilities, now within reach, of making their clocks beat exactly in harmony with the costly and closely watched clock of the observatory. They can thus be assured of the time to a second. Railway authorities in other parts of the country, as well as in England, have already appreciated the importance of this consideration. From this source in conjunction with the already demonstrated liberality of our citizens, an income may be derived for purchasing new instruments, making a library of the nucleus already formed, this now including such technical works as Argelander's Great Catalogue, Bessel's Positiones Mediæ Stellarum Fixarum and the British Association Catalogue, and ultimately, with the enlargement of the general resources of the University, for sustaining a good force of assistants.

### ADMISSION TO THE OBSERVATORY.

It is desired that all such facilities shall be furnished to citizens and strangers for inspecting the instruments and celestial phenomena as shall be consistent with the efficient working of the institution. Letters of introduction from the Committee, which, we understand, has been appointed by the Trustees or the President of the University, will ensure a welcome and such attentions as the Director can possibly furnish. It is hoped that thus and otherwise an intelligent interest in astronomical science will be more generally awakened in our community.

## AUCTION SALES.


**FARMERS' DEPOSIT NATIONAL.** EXCHANGE AND M. & M. NATIONALS, MONONGAHELA NAVIGATION CO., ARTIZANS, CASH AND MONONGAHELA INSURA CE.

TUESDAY EVENING, September 28th, at 8 o'clock, will be sold on second floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, 106 Smithfield street,

85 shares Farmers' Deposit National Bank.
50 shares Exchange National Bank;
22 shares M. & M. National Bank;
25 shares Monongahela Navigation Co.;
50 shares Artizans' Insurance Co;
40 shares Cash Insurance Co.;
5 shares Monongahela Insurance Co.;

se27 A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.


## SPECIAL NOTICES.


**SCHENCK'S PULMONIC** SYRUP, SEAWEED TONIC AND MANDRAKE PILLS will cure Consumption, Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, if taken according to directions. They are all three to be taken at the same time. They cleanse the stomach, relax the liver and put it to work; then the appetite becomes good; the food digests and makes good blood; the patient begins to grow in flesh; the diseased matter ripens into the lungs, and the patient outgrows the disease and gets well. This is the only way to cure consumption.

To these three medicines Dr. J. H. Schenck, of Philadelphia, owes his unrivaled success in the treatment of pulmonary Consumption. The Pulmonic Syrup ripens the morbid matter in the lungs, nature throws it off by an easy expectoration, for when the phlegm or matter is ripe a slight cough will throw it off, and the patient has rest and the lungs begin to heal.

To do this, the Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills must be freely used to cleanse the stomach and liver, so that the Pulmonic Syrup and the food will make good blood.

Schenck's Mandrake Pills act upon the liver, removing all obstructions, relax the ducts of the gall bladder, the bile starts freely, and the liver is soon relieved; the stools will show what the Pills can do; nothing has ever been invented except calomel (a deadly poison which is very dangerous to use unless with great care,) that will unlock the gall bladder and start the secretions of the liver like Schenck's Mandrake Pills.

Liver Complaint is one of the most prominent causes of Consumption.

Schenck's Seaweed Tonic is a gentle stimulant and alterative, and the alkali in the Seaweed, which this preparation is made of, assists the stomach to throw out the gastric juice to dissolve the food with the Pulmonic Syrup, and it is made into good blood without fermentation or souring in the stomach.

The great reason why physicians do not cure Consumption is, they try to do too much; they give medicine to stop the cough, to stop chills, to stop night sweats, hectic fever, and by so doing they derange the whole digestive powers, locking up the secretions, and eventually the patient sinks and dies.

Dr. Schenck, in his treatment, does not try to stop a cough, night sweats, chills or fever. Remove the cause, and they will all stop of their own accord. No one can be cured of Consumption, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Canker, Ulcerated Throat, unless the liver and stomach are made healthy.

If a person has consumption, of course the lungs in some way are diseased, either tubercles, abcesses, bronchial irritation, pleura adhesion, or the lungs are a mass of inflammation and fast decaying. In such cases what must be done? It is not only the lungs that are wasting, but it is the whole body. The stomach and liver have lost their power to make blood out of food. Now the only chance is to take Dr. Schenck's three medicines, which will bring up a tone to the stomach, the patient will begin to want food, it will digest easily and make good blood; then the patient begins to gain in flesh, and as soon as the body begins to grow, the lungs commence to heal up, and the patient gets well. This is the only way to cure Consumption.

When there is no lung disease and only Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, Schenck's Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills are sufficient, without the Pulmonic Syrup. Take the Mandrake Pills freely in all bilious complaints, as they are perfectly harmless.

Dr. Schenck, who has enjoyed uninterrupted health for many years past, and now weighs 245 pounds, was wasted away to a mere skeleton, in the very last stage of Pulmonary Consumption, his physicians having pronounced his case hopeless and abandoned him to his fate. He was cured by the aforesaid medicines, and since his recovery many thousands similarly afflicted have used Dr. Schenck's preparation with the same remarkable success. Full directions accompany each, making it not absolutely necessary to personally see Dr. Schenck, unless patients wish their lungs examined, and for this purpose he is professionally at his Principal Office, Philadelphia, every Saturday, where all letters for advice must be addressed. He is also professionally at No. 32 Bond street, New York, every other Tuesday, and at No. 25 Hanover street, Boston, every other Wednesday. He gives advice Free, but for a thorough examination with his Respirometer the price is $5. Office hours at each city from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic each $1.50 per bottle, or $7.50 a half dozen. Mandrake Pills 25 cents a box. For sale by all druggists. mv19:151-d&F

**DOCTOR WHITTIER CONTINUES** TO TREAT ALL PRIVATE DISEASES. That numerous class of cases resulting from self-abuse, producing unmanliness, nervous debility, irritability, eruptions, seminal emissions, and finally impotency, permanently cured. Persons afflicted with delicate, intricate and long standing constitutional complaints are politely invited to call for consultation, which costs nothing. Experience, the best of teachers, has enabled him to perfect remedies at once efficient, safe, permanent, and which in most cases can be used without hinderance to business. Medicines prepared in the establishment, which embraces office, reception and waiting rooms; also, boarding and sleeping apartments for patients requiring daily personal attention. And vapor and chemical baths, thus concentrating the famed mineral springs. No matter who have failed, state your case. Read what he says in his pamphlet of fifty pages, sent to any address for two stamps in sealed envelope. Thousands of cases treated annually, at office and all over the country. Consultation free, personally or by mail. Office No. 9 Wylie street, (near Court House) Pittsburgh, Pa. Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 10 A. M. 2 P. M. Pamphlet sent to any address for *two stamps*. ap2

**BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.**

This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world; the only true and perfect Dye; harmless, reliable, instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the ill effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the Hair soft and beautiful. *Black or brown.* Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers; and properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond street, New York. my21:j62

**THE DEALING POOL**—ESSAYS FOR YOUNG MEN, who have fallen into vicious habits, and now desire a higher life, and a better MANHOOD, with certain means of relief for the afflicted. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P, Philadelphia, Penna. se25:3m-d&s


## ASSESSMENTS.

CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE, ALLEGHENY CITY, PA., Sept 20, 1869.

**NOTICE.—The assessment for** GRADING of HENDERSON STREET, from Federal to Sandusky street; also, for grading and paving of BLOSSOM ALLEY, from Turner to Peach alley, are now ready for examination and can be seen at the office of the City Engineer until September 28, 1869, when they will be placed in the hands of the City Treasurer for collection.

CHARLES DAVIS,

se221:o64 City Engineer.

**JEFFERSON STREET.—THE** undersigned, appointed Viewers to assess damages and benefits for opening Jefferson street, Second ward, Allegheny, will meet on the premises on SATURDAY, October 9th, 1869, at 2 o'clock P. M. to attend to the duties of our appointment.

S. W. McGUINNESS,
JAMES GRAHAM,
se23:o66-2w ANDREW DAVIDSON.

## EDUCATIONAL.


**BISHOPTHORPE SCHOOL for** GIRLS, will begin its second year D. V. on the 15th of SEPTEMBER next. The number of pupils all of whom live in the house, is limited to thirty. French is taught by a resident governess, and so far as possible is made the language of the family. Address, for circulars, etc., MISS CHASE, Bishopthorpe, Bethlehem, Penna. au30

**CHEGARAY INSTITUTE, 1527** and 1529 SPRUCE STREET, Philadelphia, Pa. ENGLISH AND FRENCH. For Young Ladies and Misses, Boarding and Day Pupils, will reopen on MONDAY, September 20. FRENCH is the language of the family, and is constantly spoken in the Institute.

MADAME D'HERVILLY, jy20:TTHS Principal.

**SHEETINGS AND BATTING.**

**HOLMES, BELL & CO.,**

**ANCHOR COTTON MILLS.**

**PITTSBURGH.**

Manufacturers of HEAVY MEDIUM and LIGHT

**ANCHOR AND MAGNOLIA**

**SHEETINGS AND BATTING.**


## PROPOSALS.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, Sept. 21, 1869.

**NOTICE TO SEWER CONTRACTORS.**—SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office for rebuilding Try street Sewer, until FRIDAY, October 1st, 1869, at 3 P. M. Plans and specifications can be seen at this office.

The Committee reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

se21:062 H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

## LEGAL.

**EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.**—Letters testamentary upon the estate of RICHARD DENNY, late of East Deer Township, Allegheny county, Pa., dec'd, have been granted to the undersigned. All persons having claims against the said estate will please present them for settlement, and all persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment.

se7:n95 T JAMES M. DENNY, Executor.

## INSURANCE.


**THE IRON CITY MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.**

Of Pennsylvania.

Office, 75 Federal St., Allegheny City.

DIRECTORS:

Hon. JAMES L. GRAHAM,
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This is a home company, conducted on the mutual principle, each policy holder receiving an equal share of the profits of the Company. Policies will be issued on all the different plans of Life Insurance, and being conducted on an economical basis will afford a safe investment to each policy holder, and thereby retain the money at home to encourage home industry. mh29:g33

**CASH INSURANCE COMPANY,**

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**No. 23 Fifth Avenue, Second Floor,** PITTSBURGH, PA.

**Capital All Paid Up.**

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**BEN FRANKLIN INSURANCE COMPANY, OF ALLEGHENY, PA.**

OFFICE IN FRANKLIN SAVINGS BANK BUILDINGS,

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A HOME COMPANY, managed by Directors well known to the community, who trust by fair dealing to merit a share of your patronage.

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This is a Home Company, and insures against loss by Fire exclusively.

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W. C. STEELE, Secretary, *pro tem.*
J. GARDNER COFFIN, AGENT,
North West corner Third and Wood Streets.
ma29:w15

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Will insure against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks. A home Institution, managed by Directors who are well known to the community, and who are determined by promptness and liberality to maintain the character which they have assumed, as offering the best protection to those who desire to be insured.

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no27

**NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY.**

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Office, in the SECOND NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

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A Home Company, taking Fire and Marine Risks.

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**ALLEGHENY INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH.**

OFFICE, No. 37 FIFTH STREET, BANK BLOCK. Insures against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks.

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**LIVERY, SALE AND COMMISSION STABLES**

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**FINE STATIONERY,**

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Orders by mail receive prompt attention. Send for samples.

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## AMUSEMENTS.


**NEW OPERA HOUSE.**

Second appearance of the inimitable Comedian,

**MR. JOHN E. OWENS,**

Received last evening by a crowded and delighted audience

TUESDAY EVENING, September 28, 1869, J. Sterling Coyne's celebrated Comedy of

EVERYBODY'S FRIEND.

Major Wellington de Boots..Mr. John E. Owens.

To conclude with the great Owen's specialty of

SOLON SHINGLE.

Solon Shingle.....Mr. John E. Owens.

Grand Owen's Matinee on Saturday.

**PITTSBURGH THEATRE.**

H. W. WILLIAMS, Sole Lessee and Manager. TO-NIGHT, Mr. EDWIN BLANCHARD and his trained dogs Carlo and Nero. The great London mimic FRANK DILLON. The dashing cantatrice, Miss VIOLA CLIFTON. The wonderful grotesque dancer, WM. H. MAFLIN. The excellent actor, GEO. A. WILCOX. Pittsburgh's favorite, Miss LUCY CLIFTON, and all the great stars.

Ladies' Matinee every Wednesday and Saturday. Admission to Matinee, 25 cents.

**ACADEMY OF MUSIC**

MONDAY EVENING, Sept. 27th,

AND ALL THE WEEK.

*Second and Last Week of the*

**THE GREGORY'S.**

Entire change of programme. First time in Pittsburgh of the Grand Spectacle of the

GATHERING OF THE CLANS.

100 Beautiful Children in the true Highland Costume.

For the first time, the SPIRAL PYRAMID ASCENSION, by LE PETIT ETHARDE.

First time in Pittsburgh, the exciting MID-AIR SOMERSAULT, that created so much astonishment at the Tammany, New York.

NEW TRICKS, by Mlle Gertrude's Ponies, Dogs and Monkeys.

NEW DANCES by the Clodoche Troupe.

First time of the TRIPLE PARTERE and CHAPEAUX COMIQUE, by the Brothers Jean, Albert and Arthur.

First time of the Scientific and dexterous feats of SWORDSMANSHIP, by Europe's Champion, Prof. J. C. Gregory.

Little Bessie in NEW CHARACTER SONGS, never sung before in Pittsburgh.

NEW PANTOMIMES by the united Troupe, the Gregory's and the Clodoche.

Seats can be secured without extra charge at the Academy of Music Box Office, or at Hoffman & Hale's Music Store. se27

**TWO EVENINGS OF RARE** and refined entertainment at ALLEGHENY SKATING RINK, THURSDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS, September 30th and October 1st: 1869, a Stereoptico Panorama of

**Bunyan's Pilgrim's Progress,**

Accompanied by Music appropriate to each scene.

These Stereopticon Views are from the best artists, and will be produced by the finest Oxhydrogen light, equal to 350 solar lamps. They will be 20 feet in diameter, and so brilliant that they should be seen at a distance of more than 100 feet.

The instrumental and quartette music is in charge of Mr. C. C. MELLOR, and needs no comment. The chorusses will be by 1,000 SUNDAY SCHOOL CHILDREN, in charge of Prof. W. H. SLACK, whose great success in leading such a laage number of voices is a sufficient guarantee that this part of the entertainment will be a rare treat. Admission, 50 cents.

The entire proceeds will be used in Building a Mission Sunday School Room at Soho. se27

**FIFTH AVENUE HALL.**

No. 65 Fifth avenue, opposite the Opera House, Pittsburgh, Pa., is the coolest and most desirable place of resorte. Liquors can be had at this place Pure and Good. The Billiard Rooms are on the ground floor in the rear.


## FOR SALE.


**FOR SALE—PROPERTY.** 8 lots 25x131 feet, graded, only $500—$100 per year. 4 lots 24x132 feet, $400—$100 per year. 1 lot 25x129 feet, $500; deed street. Frame house of 3 rooms, lot 24x100 feet; only $1,100. Brick house of 7 rooms, bath room and stable; 22x100—$4,500. 2 three-storied brick houses on Fulton street, each $2,500. 2 nine roomed pressed brick houses finely finished, new; lot 64x100. Two brick houses, pumps and hydrants, all for $4,000. New two room and cellar brick house, lot 26x100; $1,400—$800 cash and $100 per year. Good seven roomed house and lot, 24x260 feet, $2,500, and easy terms. 6 roomed frame house, lot 24x60, $1,500—$500 cash and balance in 1 and 2 years. 2 lots on Wylie street 24x80; $950. 1 lot on Wylie street 276x145; $1,500. 11 lots on Centre avenue 22½x125; $900 each. 150 feet front on Centre avenue by 125 feet deep, will divide to suit. 6 lots on Centre avenue from $300 to $800. The above property is well located and within 10 to 12 minutes walk of the Court House, and on the New Central Passenger R. R. 20 acres on Western Penna. Railroad, 4 miles from the city, 20 acres on Pan Handle Railroad, 4 miles from city, New 6 room frame house 1 mile from Court House. 225 acres Missouri land.

Persons desiring to purchase a home or make an investment, and those wishing to sell, please call on or address.

McCLUNG & RAINBOW,
au30 Nos. 195 197 and 199 Centre avenue.

**FOR SALE.**

Near Osborn Station, on the Pittsburgh Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railroad,

**TWO LOTS,**

Containing About Two Acres Each,

QUIRE OF

**W. MACKEOWN & BRO.,**

195 Liberty Street,

mh15

**PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE** REAL ESTATE IN THE CITY OF ALLEGHENY.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Allegheny county, the undersigned, as Trustee under the will of Esther Stockton, dec'd, will offer at Public Sale on FRIDAY, the 8th day of October next, at 10 o'clock A. M., a LOT OF GROUND belonging to the estate of said decedent, situate on Stockton avenue, near Beaver street, fronting 23 feet on Stockton avenue and preserving the same width back toward Water street, a distance of 140 feet.

Terms of Sale—One-third of the purchase money cash on confirmation of sale, the balance in two equal annual payments, secured by bond and mortgage of the purchaser.

For further information, enquire of

THOS. B. UPDIKE, Trustee,
No. 209 Beaver Avenue, Allegheny, Pa.
se18:o47

**AT PRIVATE SALE—VALUABLE** LOT OF GROUND situate on the north-east corner of Stockton avenue and Beaver St., Allegheny city, fronting 37 feet on Stockton avenue, preserving the same width along Beaver street 140 feet; thence

## CITY COUNCILS.

(Continued from First Page.)

the Committee would be appointed in accordance with Mr. Brown's motion.

Mr. Gross thought that the Committees should not be joined. He thought the Committee that was now asked for was to try the matters at variance between Mr. Smith and the Committee on Retrenchment and Reform.

Mr. Morrison called for the yeas and nays on Mr. Rafferty's amendment, which was lost by a vote of 33 nays to 3 yeas.

The question then recurred to Mr. Kirk's resolution which was adopted.

Mr. Burgwin asked if the motion of Mr. Kirk was intended to cover all three resolutions.

Mr. Kirk said that it did not.

Mr. Brown held that it did, as his motion which Mr. Kirk stated, was embodied in the resolution.

Mr. Craig thought there was a difference between Mr. Kirk and Brown which he hoped would be harmonized.

Mr. Craig moved that all after "Resolved," in the first resolution, be stricken out of the report.

The Chair ruled that was Mr. Brown's motion which being embodied in Mr. Kirk's resolution had been adopted.

Mr. Burgwin held that it could not so be construed as at the time Mr. Brown's motion was made but two resolutions in the report had been read by the President.

It was decided to take the vote on Mr. Craig's motion as there was a misunderstanding.

Mr. Morrow called for the yeas and nays, which resulted as follows:

*Ayes*—Messrs. Armstrong, Brown, Coffin, Craig, Dickson, Gross, Herron, Jones, Littel, Lloyd, McClelland, Rees, Rush, Schmidt, Scully, Shipton, Wainwright, S. J., Wainwright, Z., Watson, Wilson, Zern and President McAuley—22.

*Nays*—Burgwin, Edwards, Gallaher, Hailman, Hartman, Laufman, Morrow, Murray, McEwen, McMahon, Ogden, Rafferty and Torrens—13.

Mr. Kirk declined to vote.

So the motion was adopted.

CONCURRENCES.

The following from Common Council not otherwise noted was concurred in:

An ordinance appointing V. G. Elliott viewer on the opening of Webster avenue, vice Aaron Floyd.

Ordinance for grading and paving Long avenue.

For widening sidewalk on the west side of Fortieth street.

Designating grade for Webster avenue.

For paving Fifth avenue from Dinwiddie to Summerville streets.

REPORT OF THE STREET COMMITTEE.

Ordinance for the partial grading of Cooper street, Sixth ward.

Mr. Morrow presented a remonstrance against the same, which was adopted and the ordinance laid over under the rules.

Ordinance for grading and paving Twenty-second street.

Resolution authorizing the Street Committee to have the contractor pave Fifth avenue where opened for laying sewer. Non concurred in.

Petition of William Ward and William Divon, asking to be exonerated from the payment of assessment for the construction of Virgin Alley sewer.

Ordinance changing the grade in Fortieth street.

Resolution for gas on Forty-third street.

Resolution for water on 40th street,

Remonstrance against the opening of Spinner and Snowden alleys.

Resolution for water on Miltenberger street.

Communication relative to the extension of Liberty street.

Remonstrance against sewer on High street.

Petition for extension of sewer on Diamond street.

Report of Committee on Retrenchment and Reform, presented in C. C. in June. Laid on the table.

Resolution for numbering houses on Forty-fourth street.

Also Keaty's alley, Eleventh ward.

Resolution for flag stone crossing at Wylie street and Webster avenue.

Resolutions relative to grading Twentieth street.

Petition for a change of grade on Webster avenue in the Thirteenth ward.

Petitions for gas lamps on Arthurs street, on Forty-fifth street and on Fortieth street.

Remonstrance against the amount of damages on the opening of Penn street extension.

Ordinance for grading and paving Mulberry alley.

Ordinance for opening Smallman street.

Ordinance for opening Twentieth street, from A. V. R. R. to the river.

Report of the Committee on Wooden Buildings, relative to the removal of an iron-clad building.

Resolutions to pay sundry bills of viewers.

Report of the Special Committee on the "Point Park."

Ordinance for the grading and paving of Irwin's alley.

Also, for grading and paving Centre street, Seventeenth ward.

NEW BUSINESS.

Mr. Burgwin presented a petition for opening, grading and paving of Ross street, Twenty-third ward. Referred to the Road Committee.

Mr. Shipton, a remonstrance from the German Protestant congregation against the widening of Miltenberger street.

Mr. Brown called up the ordinance providing for the opening of Federal street from its present terminus on Wylie street to Webster avenue, presented at the last regular meeting and laid over under the rules, and moved its third reading and final passage.

Mr. Rafferty presented a remonstrance against the opening of Federal street.

The remonstrance was received, and the question recurring on Mr. Brown's motion, the ordinance was passed finally.

REPORT OF THE GAS COMMITTEE.

Mr Shipton, from the Gas Committee, submitted the report of said committee, recommending the erection of gas lamps as follows: 4 on Wylie street extension, between Arthurs and Green streets; 1 at corner of Beech alley and Marion street; 1 at Wide alley and Elm street; 1 on Sixth avenue, between Trinity church and Smithfield street; 2 on west side of Forty-fourth street; 1 on Franklin street, between Washington and Congress streets, whenever the city mains have been laid.

Report accepted and lamps ordered.

Mr. Coffin, a petition for a board walk on Ellsworth avenue and Centre avenue from Aiken's Lane to Liberty Hall, accompanied by an ordinance for the same, which was read three times and passed.

Mr. McMahon, a resolution for five gas lamps on Forty-fourth street. Referred to Gas Committee.

Mr. Hartman, a resolution authorizing the refunding of $209,37 the amount of business tax overpaid by Messrs. Hartman & Lare. Referred to the Finance Committee with power to act.

Mr. Jones, an ordinance for the opening of Madison avenue from Miner to Jefferson street. Ordinance read three times and passed.

Mr. Laufman, a petition for a board walk on the north side of the Greensburg Pike, from Negley avenue to Negley street, Nineteenth ward. Referred to the Road Committee.

Mr. Morrow, a petition to have Fifth avenue repaved immediately.

Mr. Lloyd, a similar petition. Referred to the Street Committee with power to act, provided that the city is kept clear of expense in the matter.

CONTROLLER'S REPORT.

Mr. Murray, from the finance Committee submitted a communication from the Controller, transmitting certain bills, accompanying which was the following resolutions:

*Resolved*, That the Controller be and he is hereby authorized to certify warrants in favor of the following parties, and charge the same to No. 13 Contingent Fund: Election expense of $233.30; Mrs. Patrick, $54.00; A. & J. Mckenna, $51.75; A. J. Thompson, $5.00.

*Resolved*, That the Controller be directed to transfer from Appropriation No. 24, Water Extension Fund, to No. 25, Extension Loan, Interest Fund, $4,000.

Read, accepted and resolution adopted.

The President here announced that Messrs. Burgwin and McEwen had been appointed on the Special Committee from Select Council to investigate the charges made by Mr. Morgan against Mr. Smith.

Mr. McEwen, a petition for a change of grade on Webster avenue. Referred to Street Committee.

Also, for change of grade on Duncan street. Referred to Street Committee.

Mr. Hartman, a resolution instructing the Street Commissioner to have the sidewalks on Bedford avenue, from Seventh avenue to Fulton street, paved immediately. Adopted.

Mr. Jones, a petition for a board walk on Summer street. Referred to Committee on Roads.

Mr. Smith, the petition of Messrs. Armstrong for permission to erect an iron-clad stable on Spring alley, between Rush and Morton streets. Referred to Committee on Wooden Buildings.

Mr. Morrow, a petition for flag stone crossings on Chatham street and Pennsylvania avenue. Referred to the Street Committee.

Mr. Zern, a resolution requesting the Street Committee to have 16th street repaved and repaired. Referred to the Street Committee.

COMMON COUNCIL BUSINESS.

The following business from C. C. was concurred in.

Ordinance grading Mulberry alley from Twenty-eighth to Twenty-ninth. streets.

Profiles of grading of Joncaire extension of Liberty street to Friendship avenue, Four Mile Run Road, Madison avenue and Mason street, Bellefield avenue.

Report of viewers on opening of Greensburg pike.

Mr. Burgwin moved to reconsider the action of Councils in conforming the profile of grade of Four Mile Run road, which carried and the matter was laid over until next meeting.

REPORT OF VIEWERS ON FORBES STREET.

Mr. Morrow presented a remonstrance against the confirmation of the report.

Report laid over and the remonstrance referred to the Street Committee.

Ordinance for Nicolson pavement on Diamond alley. Laid over under the rules.

Ordinance for the construction of a sewer on Forty eighth street.

The report of a special committee on an ordinance relating to tonnage tax on iron loaded on the wharf. The Committee report the ordinance back with a negative recommendation. Report accepted and confirmed.

Ordinance relative to selling goods by sample. Laid over under the rules.

NEW BUSINESS.

Mr. Burgwin moved that hereafter Councils hold two meetings a month, one on the second and one on the fourth Monday of each month. Adopted.

REPORT OF THE MARKET COMMITTEE.

Mr. McEwen, chairman of the Market Committee, presented the following communication:

The Market Committee have had under consideration the resolution of Councils in relation to the location for a new market house on Fifth avenue, and the plan and cost of building therefore.

Your Committee would respectfully ask Councils to give them authority to purchase the "Lyon Property" fronting 247 feet on Fifth avenue, the first tier of lots extending 120 feet along Miltenberger street to Beech alley, and the second tier of lots extending from Beech alley to Forbes street 120 feet. The first tier will cost $35,000, and the second tier $30,000, with the addition of such assessments as the city may make for street improvements, and can be purchased on a credit of seven years.

The plan of a new Market House, a draft of which is herewith submitted, is in general terms after the plan of the Allegheny City Market House, and is estimated to cost $18,000, which your Committee deem ample for the purpose.

While your Committee believe it would be better for the interest of the city to provide the means from its own resources to erect the new Market House, yet in view of the large amount necessary for other needed improvements, many members of Councils may not deem it advisable at present to appropriate the amount required for this purpose, your Committee are authorized to say that several gentlemen propose to form a company to furnish the amount necessary to erect the buildings and look to the income therefrom to reimburse them.

We would respectfully recommend the adoption of the following resolutions:

*Resolved*, That the Market Committee be authorized to purchase the two tiers of lots fronting on Fifth avenue known as the "Lyon property," at the rate of $35,000 for the front tier of lots, and $30,000 for the second tier, and that they be authorized to procure such legislation as may be necessary to enable the city to make the purchase.

*Resolved*, That the Market Committee be authorized to form a company for the purpose of furnishing the means for building the new Market House on Fifth avenue, to be reimbursed out of the receipts of said Market House; provided the plan for the organization of said company be first submitted to Councils and approved by them.

Mr. McMahon moved to postpone the matter until next meeting. Carried.

Council adjourned.

### Common Council.

President Tomlinson in the Chair.

Present—Messrs. Albeitz, Anderson, Ardary, Barr, Batchelor, Bell, Berger, Black, Boggs, Booth, Carroll, Case, Caskey, Chislett, Dain, Daub, Dunseath, Fleming, Gerner, Hare, Houston, Hutchinson, Jahn, Jamison, Jones, McCandless, McCarthy, McKelvy, McMasters, Moore, Moorhead, Morgan, Morton, Palmer, Pearson, Penney, Rebman, Reed, Rook, Rosewell, Seiferth, Sims, Scott, Vick, Waughter, Weisenberger, Weldon, Welsh, Wilson, Tomlinson, President.

Minutes read and approved.

PETITIONS.

Mr. Weldon presented a petition for gas lamp on Thirty-ninth street. Referred to Committee on Gas.

Also, ordinance for appointment of a viewer on opening of Webster avenue. Read three times and passed.

Also, bills of viewers in various parts of the city, accompanied by an ordinance authorizing the payment of the same. Read three times and passed.

Mr. Moore, petition for gas lamp on Webster avenue. Referred to Gas Committee.

Mr. Boggs, petition for gas lamp on the corner of Thirtieth street and Mulberry alley. Referred to Gas Committee.

Mr. Pearson, petition for two gas lamps on Fortieth street. Referred to Gas Committee.

NEW ORDINANCES.

Mr. Weldon, Chairman of the Street Committee, presented the following ordinances: One for grading and paving Centre street; one for public sewer on Forty-eighth street, one for grading and paving Irwin's alley; one for public sewer on Twenty-seventh street; one for grading and paving Carpenter's alley; one for grading and paving Bank alley; one for grading Reed street; one for paving Diamond allley; one for making the sidewalks on twenty foot alleys five feet wide; one for change of grade on Webster avenue.

The ordinance relative to grading and paving Centre street, grading and paveing Reed street, grading and paving Irwins alley and paving Diamond alley with Nicolson pavement were read three times and passed, the others laid over.

Mr. Morgan presented an ordinance providing for the payment of a license of $25 per annum by all "runners" for hotels &c., which was laid over because not being properly drawn up.

OLD ORDINANCES.

The following ordinances laid over at the last meeting as presented from S. C. were called up. Ordinance exonerating residents in several districts from payment of Vehicle license. Postponed indefinitely on motion of Mr. Boggs. Ordinance for grading and paving Railroad street. Postponed indefinitely.

The report of the committee on printing accompanied by a resolution for the payment of $1,925.50 to Everett, Anderson & Co., for publication of codification of City ordinances, after considerable discussion was received and resolution adopted, the action of Select Council being thus concurred in.

Mr. Barton presented a report from the Special Committee appointed to inquire into the right of the city to a certain piece of property at the point and its adaptability for a Park. The report was accompanied by a resolution authorizing its publication, which after some discussion, was adopted.

FROM THE SURVEY COMMITTEE.

Mr, Chislett from the Survey Committee presented plans of Forbes and Murdoch streets, Joncaire street, Edgerton avenue, Jefferson and Alpine streets, and Madison avenue, Webster avenue extension and Mason street extension, all of which were adopted.

OLD BUSINESS.

Mr. Morgan called up an ordinance laid over at last meeting, relative to licensing agents and others selling goods by sample in the city.

Mr. Bell moved to amend by fixing the price at not less than $25 nor more than $100. Lost.

Ordinance as read adopted.

Mr. Morgan also called up the ordinance relative to granting licenses to "runners," which had been laid over on account of being improperly drawn up.

Referred to the Ordinance Committee.

Mr. Morton called up the plan of Hatfield street, which was adopted.

Mr. Chislett called up the plan of Liberty avenue, which was then adopted.

Mr. Batchelor moved that the report of viewers on Greensburg turnpike be referred back to the viewers.

Mr. Penney moved to amend by rejecting the report. He followed his motion with a lengthy discussion of the report, after which the motion was carried.

THE WATER QUESTION.

Mr. Houston moved a suspension of the rules in order that action might be taken on the report of the Committee on Water, as presented from Select Council. Carried.

The report of the Water Committee was called for, but could not be found. The Clerk stated that it had not been received from Select Council.

While waiting, Mr. Reed moved to proceed with other business, which was carried.

Mr. Weldon presented an ordinance for grading and paving Johnson's alley, which was laid over under the rules.

Council reconsidered their action on the ordinance for public sewer on Forty-eighth street, which was then read three times and passed.

Another excitement occurred in reference to the Water Committee's report, motions to adjourn and proceed with business following each other in bewildering succession. It appeared that the Clerk of the Select Council had only brought in the ordinance, not expecting that the report would be called for. The paper was not in either chamber and had to be sent for to the Clerk's office.

Upon learning this circumstance Mr. Hare moved to send back the ordinance to Select Council, with a request to have all the papers in the case properly reported.

Pending the passage of this resolution, the important document was handed to the Chairman, and business proceeded.

Mr. Jones moved to postpone action for one month.

Mr. Barton moved to postpone the reading and actiou upon the report for the present.

Mr. Scott moved to amend by reading the report.

Mr. Weldon moved to postpone until Monday next, Councils then to meet in special session for the consideration of the question.

Mr. Penney thought this a very good method of killing the matter. He thought it a matter of great importance and was satisfied at the late hour, it could not receive that consideration which it demanded. He thought it ought to be dispersed of but not in a hasty manner.

The question was raised whether Common Council could adjourn to any specified time without the concurrence of Select Council, when the Chair decided that such an adjournment would have no force. After considerable discussion further, a motion was made to adjourn which was carried by a large majority.

### The Turf.

The Altoona Park Association's first annual meeting takes place September 28th, 29th, 30th and October 1st. One thousand and fifty dollars are offered as premiums. This is one of the best half mile tracks in the country, while there are excellent accommodations for stock, together with a grand stand, having full view of the track. Several lively steppers from the city have been entered to compete against all comers. A trot on Thursday afternoon will be held. Excursion tickets will be sold at the Union Depot and all stations on the 27th, 28th, 29th and October 1st, which will be good to return from September 26th to October 2d inclusive. From the well known character of the gentlemen conducting this Association, the meeting must prove a success, and we hope there will be liberal attendance from the city.

**Leg Broken.**—Yesterday morning Mrs. Margaret Carr, an old lady sixty-six years of age, residing on Matlock's alley, fell on Hand street, near the bridge, and broke her leg. She was attended at her residence by Dr. Donnelly.

## DISTRUCTIVE FIRE.

**The Hope Cotton Mill, Allegheny in Ashes — Loss $150,000 — Insurance $115,000—List of the Companies in which Insured.**

Yesterday morning an alarm of fire came from Allegheny city, and as it was learned by Chief Hare of our Department that the conflagration promised to be quite a serious one, our steamers were called out to assist in staying the fiery element. On repairing to the place we found the extensive Hope Cotton Factory in a blaze and much beyond the power of the combined fire Departments of both cities to check the progress of the flames, and their attention had to be directed towards saving the adjoining property which was in imminent danger. The factory belonging to A. H. Childs & Co., was a large and well appointed building filled with valuable machinery used in the manufacture of seamless grain bags, cotton yarns, batting and other articles peculiar to the trade. It was located in the Fourth Ward and bounded by Lacock, Hope and Canal streets. The main building, five stories high fronted on Canal St., and from it an extensive three story wing diverged towards the river, an addition built about a year ago at a cost of some fifty thousand dollars. Another two story wing extended back to Lacock street. In the rear of the main building was the engine room, a low brick structure, and adjoining this was the carding room. The property was quite extensive, covering a large area, and its destruction entails a very heavy loss to the proprietors.

Owing to the scarcity of stock the factory has not been in operation since last Friday, although a large invoice of cotton was to have been received on Saturday, which, however, did not arrive, and in consequence of the disappointment the factory was idle. It seems that Mr. S. H. Cottril, the manager of the factory, entered the gearing room for the purpose of overseeing some work that was going forward in that department, having in his hand an open lamp. In order to have better light he ordered a trap door overhead to be opened and in so doing a fragment of cotton saturated with oil was precipitated, falling on the lamp and igniting. The cumbustible nature of the oil saturated cotton prevented the fire being put out although strenuous exertions were made to that effect, and the flames conducted by the current of air following the belts, rapidly sped to the upper stories of the building and soon the whole factory was beyond redemption. So rapidly sped the fire, that it was with difficulty that Mr. A. H. Childs, one of the proprietors saved the books in the counting room desks and locked the safe, the heat and smoke compelling a hasty retreat on his part. It is highly probable that the valuable papers and books in the safe will be found secure and uninjured when the iron doors shall be forced open. The fire departments of both cities were promptly on the ground and rendered very efficient services, although their exertions did not save the entire building from falling a prey to the fiery elements. So rapid was the headway of the flames that had the factory been in operation with its numerous employes at work, the loss of life must have been fearful, as escape was cut off from the upper stories almost immediately after the starting of the fire. The main building together with the new wing were totally destroyed, while the wing extending to Lacock street was badly damaged.

A small amount of stock, and a very few loom frames were saved, but that was all. Trouble was anticipated from the falling of the walls, but the dangerous portions were pailed down as soon as possible without accident.

A large quantity of lumber belonging to Messrs. Barker & Buffum, was piled on Canal street, and was in great danger, but escaped destruction. The dwelling of Mr. T. J. Christian, a two-story frame house, stands between the mill and the river bank, and was in imminent danger, but was saved by the untiring exertions of the firemen and the citizens. His furniture was all removed across the railroad with trifling damage.

The Hope Mill belonged to Messrs. A. H. Childs & Co., the firm being composed of A. H. Childs, H. Childs, T. M. Howe, the estate of J. H. Childs and R. T. Kennedy. The mill ran eighty-eight bag looms and eighteen others. The total loss is estimated at $150,000, parts of which is on stock. On this loss there is an insurance of $115,000, distributed among the agents here, and the companies they represent, as follows:

Swearingen & McCandless—Western, of Buffalo, $5,000; Naraganset, Providence, $5,000. Total $10,000.

R. Edwards & Son—International, of New York, $5,000.

J. B. McFadden—Irving, of New York, $5,000; Atlantic, of New York, $5,000; Mercantile, of New York, $2,500; Uncertain $5,000. Total $17,500,

James W. Arrott—Continental, New York, $5,000; Niagara, New York, $5,000; North American, New York, $5,000; Washington, New York, $2,500. Total $17,500.

P. A. Madeira—Delaware Mutual, Philadelphia, $5,000.

J. G. Coffin—Artisans, Pittsburgh, $5,000; Franklin, Philadelphia, $5,000; Manhattan, $5,000; total, $15,000.

Loomis & Collin—Wood—Phœnix, of Hartford, $10,000; Home, of New York, $7,500; Home, of New Haven, $5,000; Providence, Washington, $5,000; Springfield, of Massachusetts, $5,000; Merchants, of Providence, $5,000; City Fire, Hartford, $2,500; Allegheny, of Pittsburgh, $5,000; total, $115,000.

In addition to the above there is insurance on stock in cotton shed in Lorrillard, of New York, $5,000; Delaware Mutual, of Philadelphia, $2,500.

**Obituary.**—We are pained to announce the death of Mr. Thomas J. Hoon, for many years connected with the Allegheny Valley Railway's clerical Department, who died of consumption, near Meadville, on last Sunday night. The deceased was a most estimable young man and held the respect and esteem of all who knew him. He was a son of the late Alderman Hoon of the Second ward. His remains will arrive in the city this morning, and the funeral will take place this afternoon at two o'clock from the residence of his guardian, Col. William Phillips, No. 177 Third avenue.

**Painful Death.**—Saturday afternoon a little child residing with its parents, at the head of Beaver street, Second Ward, Allegheny, accidently drank a quantity of lye which had been prepared for cleaning purposes. She immediately took sick and a physician was summonsed but notwithstanding all the exertions of medical skill, death was the result. She was buried yesterday afternoon, The Coroner did not hold an inquest.

**Zachary T. Heckenbury**, now under sentence of death in the Butler jail, for shooting his cousin Miss Nancy McCandless, and setting fire to his uncles barn, has made a full confession acknowedging the commission of the crimes, murder and arson.

### Court of Quarter Sessions.

TRIAL LIST FOR TUESDAY.

No. 157. Com. vs. Daniel McCoy and J. Jordon.
" 158. " Richard McGovern.
" 160. " John Helfman.
" 214. " Joseph Hack.
" 215. " George Dickson.
" 216. " Georgiana Boughton.
" 217. " John Boots.
" 218. " Samuel Rill and Aug. Rill.
" 219. " John Graham.
" 221. " Wm. Thompson.
" 241. " Thomas H. Oss.

TRIAL LIST FOR WEDNESDAY.

No. 253. Com. vs. Wm. Moore and Chas. Baugh.
" 254. " " Thomas Whittaker.
" 182. " " W. J. Robinson 5 cases.
" 153. " " Thomas Barbin.
" 154. " " James Davidson.
" 155. " " Patrick Gelston.
" 121. " " Thomas White.
" 116. " " Christian Michael.
" 118. " " John Ryland.
" 99. " " James Dillon.
" 81. " " Nida Kirk.
" 74. " " John Wittinger.

### A Gem of an Organ.

The enterprising music dealers, Messrs. Mellor & Hoen, have just received one of the most beautiful cabinet organs ever brought to this city. It is of the Mason & Hamlin make, five octaves, four stops, two sets of reeds, sub bass and octive coupler, and the Mason & Hamlin human voice tremolo, which is as much superior to every other tremolo as Ole Bull's playing is to an ordinary country fiddler's. The furniture is one of its most beautiful features, being furnished with a pipe top, most elegantly decorated with carvings, and furnished with a row of gilt organ pipes, so as to give it the appearance of a regular pipe organ. It is altogether one of the most perfect instrument we have ever seen, beautiful in tone and touch, and unique in appearance, and it would be a decided addition to the parlor, drawing room or library of some of the palaces of our merchant princes. By all means go to see it, at Mellor & Hoen's rooms, 53 Fifth avenue.

At the regular weekly meeting of the Pittsburgh Baptist Ministers' Social Conference, held at 96 Fourth avenue, September 27th 1869, it was

*Resolved*, That we heartly commend the object of "*The National Association for Publishing Literary and Musical Works for the Blind*" of which Mr. H. L. Hall is the only authorized agent, and in consideration of the fact that publishers generally do not publish, and cannot, with profit, publish works specially for the blind, we commend the above named association to the benevolence of all who sympathize with this unfortunate class of our fellow beings—*the blind*—as one of the best possible means of ameliorating their condition and enabling them to support themselves.

A. J. HASTINGS,
Sec. Min. Soc. Conf,

**Fall and Winter Dry Goods.**—Mr. Richard Deakers, at the well known and popular corner dry goods store, Fifth avenue and Grant streets, has in store one of the finest and largest stocks of fall and winter dry goods he has ever opened. It embraces woolen goods of all descriptions, flannels, heavy dress materials, blankets, &c., and will be found very attractive. The prices have been specially reduced for the season, and our readers will discover that they can bestow their patronage no where else to better advantage. Call in and see the stock and inquire the prices before purchasing elsewhere.

**The vast amount** of PLANTATION BITTERS now being sold and shipped from New York is almost incredible. Go when and where you will—along the wharves and piers, and at the depots—you will see great piles of these Bitters awaiting shipment and conveyance to every nook and corner of the country, and to the hundreds of foreign ports. They are very popular among all classes of people, and are conceded to be just the thing for this climate. No Bitters have yet been introduced which have beome so deservedly popular and worthy of patronage, to all who require a tonic and stimulant. They are prepared with pure St. Croix Rum, Calisaya Bark, and all the world knows full well what beneficial results accrue from these combinations.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—Superior to the best imported German Cologne, and sold at half the price. TH.S.T.F.

**The Purest** and sweetest Cod Liver Oil in the world, manufactured from fresh, healthy livers, upon the sea shore; it is perfectly pure and sweet. Patients who have once taken it can take none other. Ask for "Hazard and Caswell's Cod Liver Oil," manufactured by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York. Sold by all druggists. M

**Black Silks**, evening silks, white alpacas, and evening dress goods of all kinds at Bates & Bell's.

**House and Two Acres at Auction**—SALE THIS DAY.—Buyers will please remember the preremptory sale this day, at three o'clock, of Rev. T. X. Oris' property, at Superior, near Wood's Run, consisting of a good new dwelling of eleven rooms with two acres of neatly improved grounds. A. LEGGATE, Auct'r.

**Williamson's Shop**, 190 Federal street, Allegheny, is first class for a luxurious bath, for shaving, hair dyeing, hair cutting and dressing, plain or by curling and frizzle; also, for cupping and leeching. T

**Schwartz and Haslett**, druggists, corner First and Wood streets, general agents for Spaulding's Jatamansi. tths.

**Hecker's Farina** forms a very agreeable light nutritive food, a superior article for puddings and jellies, and is highly recommended by physicians for invalids and children. Sold by all grocers. T

**Wool Shawls**, long and square, fancy Arabs, of all varieties, at Bates & Bell's.

**Purity** and efficacy is universally recognized in Milk of Violets. A single application will produce most pleasing results. Sold by all druggists. V. W. Brinckhoff, N. Y., agent for America.

**Everybody** uses Spalding's Jatamansi. every bottle warranted.

**Real Estate.**—See advertisement of McClung & Rainbow, Real Estate and Insurance Agents, 195, 197 and 199 Centre avenue. tf.

**Spalding's Jatamansi** cures Baldness, Restores Grey Hair.

**Black Alpacas** and mourning goods at Bates & Bell's.

**At Druggists**—call for Spalding's Jatamansi.

**Country Flannels** and blankets—new goods—at Bates & Bell's.

[Advertisement.]

**Reform Mass Meeting.**

A mass meeting of the citizens of Sharpsburg and Etna will be held at the Pine Creek Bridge, Tuesday evening, September 28, at 7½ o'clock. Addresses by David Kirk and Rev. J. D. Herr.

Let Republicans and Democrats turn out and learn why they should vote for Isaiah Dickey for County Commissioner.

**Always Ready.**

The Weed Sewing Machine does not require any side attachments to sell it, such as the button hole or embroidery attachment, &c., which are attached to inferior machines to sell them. Weed does not take fits and spells; is always ready. R. H. Long & Co., Agents, No. 116 Market street.

**Constitution Water** is a certain cure for Diabetes and all diseases of the Kidneys. For sale by all Druggists.

TTHS:T.

**New Goods** and new styles at Bates & Bell's.

### DIED:

DOUGLASS—On Sunday Evening, September 26th, 1869, at 9 o'clock, CORA, daughter of John W. and Lucinda Douglass, aged two years and nine days.

Funeral from the residence of her parents, Mount Washington, on TUESDAY, Sept. 28th, at 10 o'clock A. M. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

ROTH—On Sunday morning, September 26, at half-past 4 o'clock, CORNELIA, eldest daughter of John and Regina Roth.

The funeral will take place THIS AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock, from the residence of the parents, No. 26 Diamond, Pittsburgh.

FENDERICH—Sunday afternoon, September 26, at half-past three o'clock, Mr. EDWARD FENDERICH, aged 68 years.

The funeral will take place THIS AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock, from his late residence, Ohio street, Eighth ward, Allegheny. His friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

HOON—Near Meadville, Venango, on Sunday night, at 9:45 o'clock, Mr. THOMAS J. HOON, of this city, son of the late James S. Hoon, Esq., aged 27 years.

The funeral will take place from the residence of William Phillips, 177 Third avenue, near Grant street, THIS AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock. His friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.


### UNDERTAKERS.

ALEX. AIKEN, UNDERTAKER, No. 166 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. COFFINS of all kinds, CRAPES, GLOVES, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Rooms open day and night. Carriages furnished for city funerals at $2 00 each.

REFERENCES—Rev. David Herr, D.D., Rev. M. W. Jacobus, D. D., Thomas Ewing, Esq., Jacob H. Miller, Esq.

CHARLES & PETERS, UNDERTAKERS AND LIVERY STABLES, corner SANDUSKY STREET AND CHURCH AVENUE, Allegheny City, where their COFFIN ROOMS are constantly supplied with real and imitation Rosewood, Mahogany and Walnut Coffins, at prices varying from $2 to $100. Bodies prepared for interment. Hearses and Carriages furnished also. All kinds of Mourning Goods, if required. Office open at all hours, day and night.

JOSEPH MEYER & SON,
UNDERTAKERS,
No. 424 PENN STREET.
Carriages for Funerals, $2.00 Each.
COFFINS and all Funeral Furnishment at reduced rates. au7

### WATCHES, JEWELRY, &c.

NEW GOODS!

Having just returned from the East with a splendid stock of

*Watches, Jewelry, Silverware,*

OPTICAL GOODS, &c.,

I am now prepared to offer them at greatly reduced prices. Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

W. G. DUNSEATH,
Jeweller, No. 56 Fifth Avenue,
au28: Opposite Masonic Hall.

### MERCHANT TAILORS.

HENRY G. HALE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Corner of Penn and Sixth Streets,

FALL AND WINTER STOCK

NOW COMPLETE.
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### BRASS FOUNDRY.

JOHN M. COOPER & CO.,
Bell and Brass Founders,
ENGINE, LOCOMOTIVE & ROLLING MILL
BRASSES
*Made Promptly to Order.*
BABBIT'S METAL
Made and Kept on Hand.
Proprietors and Manufacturers of
J. M. Cooper's Improved Balance Wheel
STEAM PUMP.
*OFFICE AND FOUNDRY,*
Cor. 17th and Railroad Streets,
se 0 PITTSBURGH, PA.

### BANKS.

PITTSBURGH
BANK FOR SAVINGS,
NO. 67 FOURTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.
CHARTERED IN 1863.

OPEN DAILY from 9 to 4 o'clock, and on SATURDAY EVENING, from May 1st to November 1st, from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of six per cent., free of tax, and if not withdrawn compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Books of By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.

Board of Managers—Geo. A. Berry, President; S. H. Hartman, Jas. Park, Jr., Vice Presidents; D. E. M'Kinley, Secretary and Treasurer.

A. Bradley, J. L. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. K. Nimick, John S. Dilworth, F. Rahm, G Follansbee, Joshua Rhodes, Jno. Scott, Robt. C. Schmertz, Christopher Zug.

D. W. & A. S. Bell, Solicitors. my28-TF

### ASTHMA.

ASTHMA.
CIGARS DE JOY.
Recommended by the Medical Profession. A
Certain Relief in the Worst Cases of Asthma
And all Spasmodic Affections of the Respiratory Organs, and a cure effected when used in time. Imported and sold only by
SIMON JOHNSTON,
Corner Fourth Avenue and Smithfield street, Sole Agent for the United States. se21 TTHS